

Abrasive Blasting Cab	inet SAFE WORK METHO	D STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Abrasive Blasting	Cabinet	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ure at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	ompliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must steam ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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		CLI	ENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	ETAILS			
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	nature:							
Date SWMS supplie	d to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH-	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a pe	erson falling more than 2 m	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a tel	ecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.		
☐ involves demolition o	f an element of a structure	that is load-be n.		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition o	f an element related to the	physical integrit of a str	3.	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely to	o involve, disturbing a	tos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
involves structural alt	eration or repair that re	upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ar a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.				
is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvin	g use of explosives.	is carried out in a	areas with artificial extremes of	temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ar water or other liquid tha	t involves a risk of drowning	ng.	☐ involves diving w	vork.			
		ANY HI	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	IT NEARBY			
Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	☐ Boom Lift	☐ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	☐ Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	Other -		

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PERL NAL TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PPOTECTION	PROTE	SPIRATORY P STECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
			A								

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Exposure to harmful dust, Noise pollution	3H	 Proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure that all workers involved in the process are wearing appropriate PPE, including of ety glasses, earplugs or earmuffs, dust masks or respirators, gloves, and ovective clothing. Training and Competency: Ensure that all consonnel involved in the abrasive blasting process have completed relevant to hing and occompetent in their tasks to minimise incidents caused by human error of active understanding. Ventilation and Dust Extraction: Install an effect of ventilation of dust extraction system to remove harmful duriform the workspact ominiming exposure to workers and the risk of respiratory issue. Noise Reduction materia. Utilis noise reduction materials, such as soundproof curtains and for iters, to en obsulation eworks and reduce the impact of noise pollution on an ocent area and works. Ret of Equipment of pection and Mantenance: Schedule routine inspections and maint to e of the asting cabinet and associated equipment to ensure they are functioning currectly of within safe operating parameters. Safe Vork Foredure and Documentation: Develop written safe work procedures of the task, out fig necessary steps to complete the job safely while mitigating risonassicated on the hazards. Signagoud Clear Communication: Display clear signage and communicate vards related to abrasive blasting, along with measures to protect workers. En jurage open communication among team members regarding potential hazards or concerns within the work environment. Implement Engineering Controls: Utilise engineering controls such as vibration dampening systems and enclosures to minimise noise levels and limit exposure to harmful dust. Limit Exposure Time: Establish a work schedule that includes regular breaks and rotating duties for workers in the abrasive blasting process to limit continuous exposure to hazards such as noise pollution and harmful dust. Monitoring and Continuous Improvement: Regul	2M	
2. Inspecting equipment	Electrical faults, Entanglement with moving parts	ЗН	 Regularly conduct electrical inspections and testing on the abrasive blasting cabinet, including power cords and connections, to ensure all electrical components are in good working condition. Install Residual Current Devices (RCDs) for added protection against electrical faults and potential shocks during the operation of the equipment. Ensure all moving parts of the abrasive blasting cabinet, such as the extraction fan, shaker, or conveyor, are securely covered, and guards are in place before use to prevent entanglement hazards. 	1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE		 Implement a thorough equipment inspection checklist to be completed before each use, which includes checking for worn or damaged components that may pose an entanglement risk. Train operators on the proper use and safe or action of the abrasive blasting cabinet, emphasising the importance of following manufacturer's guidelines and recommended practices. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (a.g.), such as gloves and long sleeves, to minimise contact with potential pinche tints and more gip parts of the cabinet. Ensure adequate linearies procedure or the work are as help workers visually inspect the equipment are lentify by potential broards. Establish as kout/tagour occedure or the warsive blasting cabinet to prevent unexported strong or enguzation who are vicing or maintaining the equipment. Place a tring is a sum the work area to remind workers of the dangers associated with the entrical accentanglement hazards, and advise them to stay clear of the equipment to the left's har peration. Establish a prognetative maintenance schedule for the abrasive blasting cabinet 		NAME OF PERSON
	5		Develop an emergency action plan that includes procedures for handling incidents in lying electrical faults or entanglement with moving parts, as well as providing first aid and medical assistance if required. - Keep the work area clean, organised, and free from debris or clutter that could impede workers' access to the equipment controls or create additional hazards. - Encourage workers to report any concerns or incidents related to electrical faults and entanglement hazards so that corrective actions can be taken promptly. - Regularly review and update risk assessments, SWMS, and control measures for		
			the abrasive blasting cabinet to ensure they remain effective in addressing the identified hazards and protecting workers.		
3. Loading abrasive media	Manual handling injuries, Exposure to chemicals	2M	Provide proper manual handling training to employees, including correct lifting techniques and guidelines to minimise the risk of injury when loading abrasive media. Ensure that all employees utilise appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses or goggles, and respiratory protection when working with chemicals during the loading process. Implement a pre-loading inspection and maintenance routine for the abrasive blasting cabinet to ensure all components are in good working condition and free	1L	



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			- Store abrasive media in sealed, clearly labelled containers to prevent contamination, reduce exposure to harmful chemicals and minimise the risk of spillage during transport.		
			- Clearly display Material Safety Data Sheets (* S) for all chemicals used within the abrasive blasting cabinet and ensure excess have access to this information.		
			- Incorporate safe chemical handling proceders into any operating protocols, including steps for safely opening, transferring, as sposing of abrasive media containers.		
			- Establish a designated area a loading the abrasis and a away from other work activities, to minimis scoon ination and reduce a risk of accidents.		
			- Develop an engles of gency response on for chernal spills or exposure incidents, including program in the said of ament training and ensuring access to appropriate of contact and spills or exposure incidents, including program in the said of a spills or exposure incidents, including program in the said of the said		
			- School regula caks for employees undertaking manual handling tasks related to load go rasive idia, to help reduce the likelihood of repetitive strain injuries or fatigue islationers.		
			Regula (rev.), and update the risk assessments and Safe Work Method (SW) for the abrasive blasting cabinet, incorporating feedback from emplace and any near-miss incident reports, to ensure ongoing improvement of afety process in the workplace.		
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4. Initiating blasting process	Flying debris, Sudden equipment failure	3H		2M	



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5. Blasting surface	Ricocheting particles, Compressed air injuries	4A		2M	



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6. Ventilation system operation	Poor air quality, System blockages	2M		1L	



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7. Maintaining visual observation	Eye strain, Poor visibility due to dust	2M		1L	



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8. Stopping blasting process	Electrical malfunction, Incomplete shut off	3H		1L	



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9. Unloading finished surface	Manual handling injuries, Falling objects	2M		1L	



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10. Cleaning cabinet	Respirable dust exposure, Ergonomic problems	ЗН		1L	



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11. Waste disposal	Potential for manual handling injuries Hazardous chemical leak	2M		1L	
12. Equipment maintenance	Incorrect tool use, Not following lockout/tagout procedures	4A		2M	



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				NON	



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13. Housekeeping	Slips, trips and falls, Airborne dust hazards	3H		1L	



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14. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) check	Incorrect or ill-fitting PE, Damaged PPE	2M		1L	



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		1			
15. Training and Supervision	Miscommunication cack of safe operating procedules	ЗН		1L	
Supervision	operating procedures				



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>julai.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Su	pervisor
				Date:			
			N	Late:			
				Date:			
				Date:			
		SAF WC A 5	THOO STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW		
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to rock sure it remains effortive and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are reviewed to consultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who recessented that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.							all personnel. The thod Statement should cies or deficiencies, rant personnel ensures
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

I hink of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training							
ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS				
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.							
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		D'					
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.							
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P						
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.							
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.							
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.							
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI							
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.							
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.							
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of contameasures.							
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wee, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.							
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u 1.							
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.							
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.							
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.							
Lists any required permits or licenses.							
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.							
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.							
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED					
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED					

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