



Working in Cold Condit	ions   SAFE WORK METHO	DD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK O	R ACTIVITY: Working in Cold Co	onditions	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	apliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched sed in accounty with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contineach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slippery surfaces, Poor lighting	ЗН	- Conduct a thorough risk assessment of the Lork environment to identify any potential hazards such as slippery surfaces or poor lighting conditions.  - Ensure all workers have received proper training to working safely under cold weather conditions, including the identification and management of the Frelated injury is and illnesses.  - Implement a cold-weather protected that includes regulated containing the identification and management of the Frelated injury is and illnesses.  - Implement a cold-weather protected that includes regulated containing the identification and management of the Frelated injury is and illnesses.  - Implement a cold-weather protected that includes regulated containing the identification with employees about their well-being, breaks for warn sup, a monitoring for sign of cold stress.  - Implement a cold-weather protected that includes regulated cold stress.  - Inspect the work area be used to ice, snow, or wet spots. Address daily a gurface being surfaces and to provide traction on warning surface and to provide traction on warning surface.  - Protected that is a gurface.  - Protected that is a gurface.  - Instally dequated light a systems to cover the entire work area, ensuring that they are properly maintain darm osition, do to avoid creating glare or shadows that could impair visibility.  - Instally dequated light a systems to cover the entire work area, ensuring that they are properly maintain darm osition, do to avoid creating glare or shadows that could impair visibility.  - Instally dequated light a systems to cover the entire work area, ensuring that they are properly maintain darm osition, do to avoid creating glare or shadows that could impair visibility.  - Instally dequated light a systems to cover the entire work area, ensuring that they are properly maintain darm osition, do avoid creating glare or shadows that could impair visibility.  - Instally dequated light a systems to cover the entire work area, ensuring that they are properly maintain darm osition, do avoid the	2M
2. Site assessment	Falling objects, Cold exposure	3H	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough site assessment before starting work to identify potential hazards, such as unstable structures that may cause falling objects and areas with extreme cold.</li> <li>Implement proper signage in work areas to warn workers and visitors of potential hazards, especially regarding falling objects and cold exposure.</li> </ul>	1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Offer regular training sessions for workers on the risks associated with working in cold conditions, including recognizing symptoms of cold stress and hypothermia, and how to safely handle tools and equipment in colder temperatures.	
			- Ensure that all workers are provided with appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as hard hats to protect against falling objects, and in mated clothing, gloves, and headgear for protection against cold exposure.	
			- Establish designated warm-up zones where can take breaks to warm up and rest during their shifts, particularly if working outdoors in cold ten reatures.	
			- Develop an emergency response plan that outline the culons should be taken if a worker is injured by a falling object or should stress, frostbite hypothermia.	
			- Encourage was ers to us the but a system was a operating in cold environments, allowing them to keep an eye to one another and quite and discuss any safety concerns or health issues.	
			- More weath, foregoes regularly an adjust work schedules if necessary to minimise exposure to extreme to ld, high scales, or other harsh conditions.	
			- Period can inspect tools, equipment, and scaffolding to ensure their stability and integrity, thus reducing the risk of accelerate on the risk of	
			ducate works on proper lifting techniques and handling of materials to minimise the risk of accidents or cold hands.	
			Mainta, ean and organised worksites, removing ice, snow, and debris from walkways and surfaces, to luce the likelihood of falls and falling objects.	
			- Implement a clear communication system among workers, including using radios or whistles, to give warnings and alerts on site, ensuring that everyone is aware of potential hazards and can take appropriate precautions.	
			- Regular inspection and maintenance: Ensure that all tools and equipment undergo regular inspection for any signs of wear, damage, or malfunction. Schedule routine maintenance checks to keep them in proper working condition.	
			- Training for workers: Provide necessary training for all employees involved in the work site. This should include correct use of tools and equipment, as well as how to handle any potential hazards associated with their use.	
3. Tools and equipment check	Malfunctioning tools, Inadequate insulation	3H	- Adequate insulation materials: Ensure that adequate insulation materials, such as gloves and insulated tool handles, are provided to protect workers from cold temperatures and reduce the risk of accidents due to numbness or loss of dexterity.	2M
			- Proper storage of tools and equipment: Store all tools and equipment in a dry, safe, and easily accessible location to prevent corrosion, damage, or other issues caused by prolonged exposure to cold conditions.	
			- Use of ergonomic tools: Choose ergonomically designed tools that provide better grip and comfort for workers. This reduces the likelihood of slipping or losing control over the tools due to reduced hand function in cold conditions.	



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			- Warm-up breaks and rotation: Implement periodic warm-up breaks and rotate tasks among workers to avoid prolonged exposure to cold temperatures, helping maintain optimal body temperature and reducing fatigue.	
			- Clear communication: Establish clear lines of ammunication between workers on site to ensure that everybody is aware of any changes in tool and procedures or other relevant information.	
			- Safety signage and labels: Display appropriately safety gns and labels as reminders for workers about potential hazards while using the tools and equation cold conditions. This can help maintain awareness and encourage safe practices.	
			- Emergency response plan: De elop an emergency response plan that outlines the necessary steps for dealing with incident serving in functioning tools of adequate insulation. Make sure all employees are familiar with a plan at know that to do in these of an emergency.	
			- Monitoring signs of from lite or hypothese at Encourage workers to be vigilant for symptoms of cold-related filnesse, such as postbite or hypothese and provide first aid training and supplies on site to help many include symptoms and effectively.	
Personal protective equipment	Inappropriate clothing, Rollycad soility	2M		1L



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5. Safe working practices	Incorrect lifting technologies, replanged static posture	Z-IVI		1L



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6. Pre-work briefing	Poor communication, Incomplete hazard identification	2M		1L
7. Shift allocation	Fatigue, Unequal work distribution	2M		1L

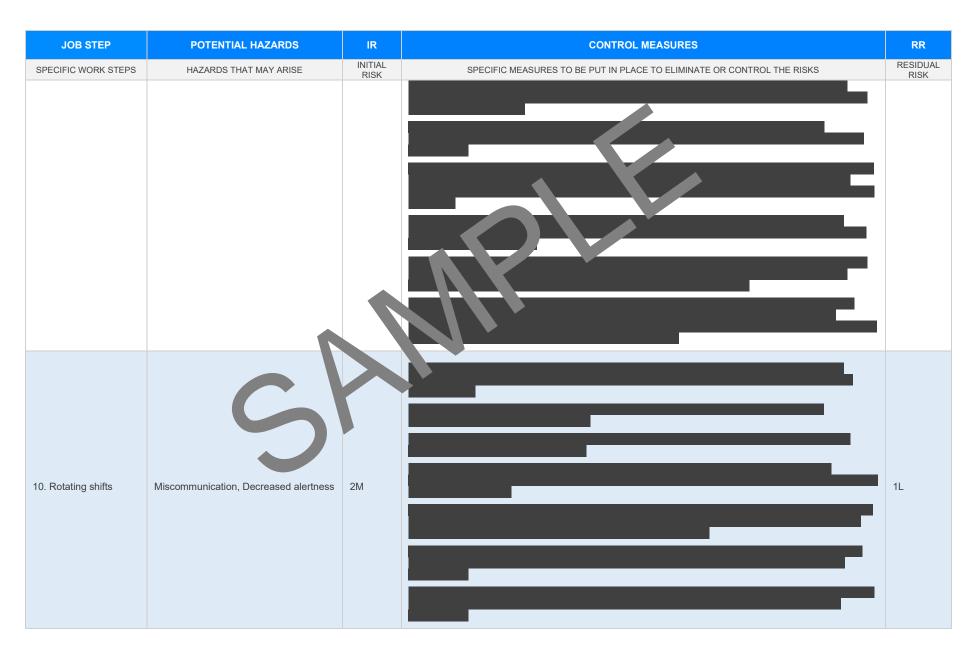


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
8. Work area setup	Obstacles, Limited access	2M		1L



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9. Monitoring environment	Inaccurate temperature readings, Ignoring safety protocols	3H		2M







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11. Breaks and warm- up sessions	Skipping breaks, Inadeque. Sak duration	2M		1L



SPECIFIC WORK STEPS  HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  INITIAL RISK  SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS  RESIDING RISK  RESIDING RISK RISK  RESIDING RISK RISK RISK RISK RISK RISK RISK RISK
12. Clean up and maintenance  Improper waste disposal, Unsecured tools  2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK





#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.ssafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED ED