



Working At Heights While Performing Electrical Duties | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS) TASK OR ACTIVITY: Working At Heights While Performing Electrical Duties **Business Name:** ABN: SWMS# Business Address: Contact Person: Phone: THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PC. YOF THE PROJECT (PC_1) is required to en that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or under the proposed work starts. Full Name: Title: Date: Signature: Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring pliance VMS arrivell as reviews and modifications of the SWMS. Full Name: Title: Phone: ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS STIMS IN NA 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account to the sched and in account to the schedule of t with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards. nica those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or conf each hazard. If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must ste alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Mandatory Qualifications and Training				



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Poor condition of equipment, Incorrect use of personal protective equipment	2M	 Conduct a thorough inspection of all equipment and tools prior to use to ensure they are in good working condition. Use only equipment that complies with Austra are andards and is suitable for the job requirements. Implement a regular maintor once schedule for a equipment used at heights. Ensure that all personnel are wined in the correct user and limitations of their personal protective equipment (PPE). Provide training sessions to the protect user and limitations of their personal protective equipment of the protection get. Verticular the use is a session of the protection of the specific electrical task and environmental condition. Establish over composition protocols when working at heights to ensure everyone's safety. Created system for reporting and addressing any defects or issues found with equipment immediately. A sign a composite person to oversee the setup and usage of height-related equipment. Requirementers to perform a pre-task risk assessment to identify potential hazards associated with the cool PPE and equipment. Ensure that all safety checks are documented and recorded before work begins. Set up exclusion zones to prevent unauthorised access to areas where work at heights is being performed. 	1L
2. Hazard Assessment	Unidentified risk sources, Incorrect safety procedures identified	ЗН	 Conduct a site-specific risk assessment prior to commencing work to identify potential hazards related to working at heights while performing electrical duties. Ensure all team members are trained and competent in hazard identification and risk management specific to working at heights in an electrical environment. Use a qualified spotter to continuously monitor work activities and identify any new or changing risks on site. Follow standard operating procedures and ensure they are up-to-date and relevant for both working at heights and electrical safety. Verify that all personal protective equipment (PPE) used is suitable for both height safety and electrical protection, ensuring it is inspected regularly before use. Implement a buddy system where team members routinely check each other's safety gear and adherence to procedures while the work is carried out. Develop and communicate detailed emergency response plans tailored to address incidents occurring at heights in an electrical setting. 	2M



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			- Establish communication protocols for workers to promptly report hazards or unsafe conditions encountered during the task.	
			- Ensure scaffolding, ladders, and other access equation meet Australian standards and are appropriately inspected for safe use.	
			- Clearly mark and secure exclusion zones the neath work the pass to prevent personnel from entering potentially dangerous drop zones.	
			- Regularly review and update the Safe Work Mood Statement (SWMS), especially after identifying new hazards or refining control mosques.	
			- Conduct toolbox talks focusing a hazard awarene a reinforcement of best practices for working safely at heights a sum a sectric systems.	
			- Engage with imployees to ather to dback potential hazards and suggestions for improved safety procedures, it being a projective safe to the control of the	
			- Cont corpre-state meeting to highlight the importance of establishing defined safety zones and ensuring on author of personnel have access.	
			- Use his p-vision by bands or warning tape to demarcate safety zones around the working area to keep author ed per onnel away.	
	•		- Pen authorough inspection of all work surfaces, ensuring they are stable and clear of debris, tools, or quipmed that could cause instability.	
			- adders are used, ensure they are industrial grade, correctly positioned, and secured before use.	
			Utilise appropriate scaffolding that is erected by a competent person and ensure it is fitted with guardrails and toe boards.	
			- Ensure any elevated work platforms (EWPs) or mobile work stands are positioned on firm, level ground and are stabilised according to manufacturer instructions.	
. Site Setup	Inadequate safety zones, Unstable unfit working surfaces	3H	- Implement an exclusion zone when overhead work is being performed to protect those beneath from falling objects or tools.	2M
			- Clearly mark and illuminate paths for safe access and egress around the worksite to prevent accidental entry into hazardous areas.	
			- Regularly inspect personal protective equipment (PPE) such as harnesses, lanyards, and helmets for wear and functionality prior to commencing work at heights.	
			- Utilise non-slip footwear to reduce the risk of slipping on work surfaces, particularly during adverse weather conditions.	
			- If working near edges or openings, install temporary edge protection systems, like guardrails or warning lines, to prevent falls.	
			- Assign a spotter or safety observer in complex situations where multiple hazards are present, ensuring continuous monitoring and communication.	
			- Develop an emergency rescue plan tailored to the specific site conditions and ensure all workers are adequately trained in its activation.	



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4. Ladder Installation	Incorrect ladder setup, Lack of safety checks on ladders	ЗН		2M
5. Climbing To Height	Fall from height, Slipping or tripping on ladder	4A		2M

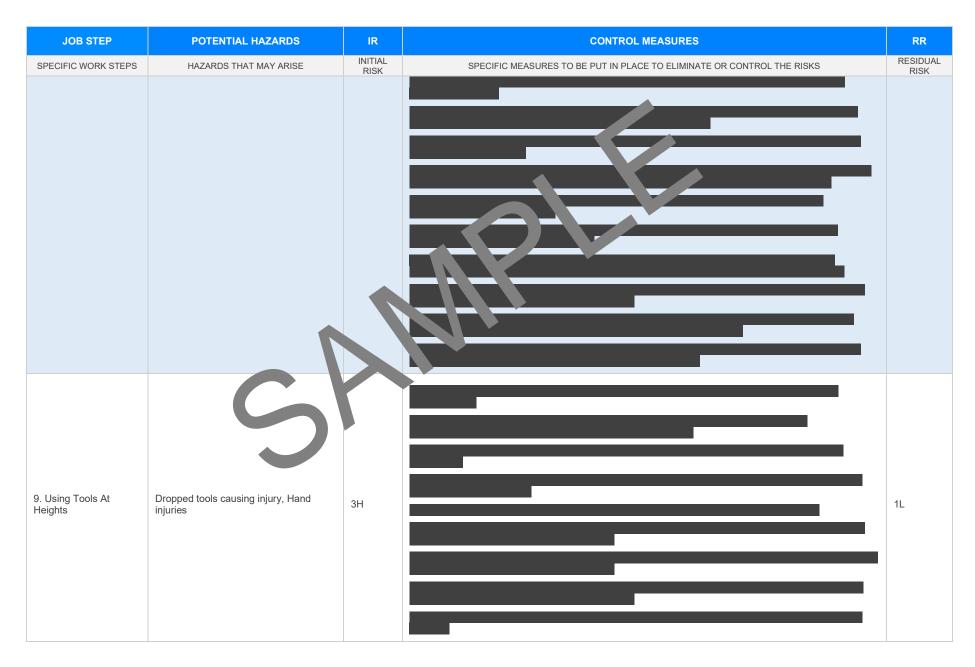


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6. Equipment Setup On Height	Electrocution, Manual handling injures.	4A		2M



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7. Electrical Work At Heights	Electric shock, Fire due to short circul	4A		2M
8. Moving Around At Heights	Loss of balance, Inadequate fall prevention	4A		2M







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10. Breaks and Lunch at Heights	Misplacement of tools, Tripping Over	2M		1L
11. Cleanup work area	Trip hazards from waste/cable management, Injury from sharp objects	2M		1L



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12. Dismantle Setup at Heights	Fall while carrying equipment down, Incorrect stowage techniques	ЗН		2 M



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13. Communication with	Miscommunication rading to injury, Use of non-standard stals increase			
Ground Team	or non-standard s als increase accident risk	2M		1L



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14. Rescue and Emergency Action	Delays in rescue operation, Absence of specific emergency plan	ЗН		2M
15. Debrief and Feedback	Missed learning from incidents, Inaccurate reporting of hazards or injuries	2M		1L



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				•
16. Equipment Maintenance and Storage	Damage to equipment due to impreser storage, Loss or misplace cools	3H		2M



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17. Reporting and Documentation	Falsified or incomplete reports, Miscommunication of safety issues	2M		1L
18. Technical Support and Training	Insufficient technical training, Lack of competency in using safety equipment	3Н		2M



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19. Quality Checks	Overlooking crucial cuintenance aspects, Complact by due to routine checks	2M		1L
20. Wrapping Up Project	Poor handover procedures, Non- compliance with disconnection procedures	3Н		2M



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractions of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractions-of-racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED