Work Near Overhead Powe	er Lines SAFE WORK MET	HOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR A	ACTIVITY: Work Near Overhead F	Power Lines	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.		required to en the that a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NK	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	ppliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN PHAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	DMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such to compare hicas those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contract each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	\square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terrar by supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



	RISK MATRIX												
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	000DF			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS				
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution				
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.				
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard				
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.				

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the ap	propriate PPL	abo, ruitab	i or the equi	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE Required:											
Permit or Licenses Requirements			Mandatory Qualifications and Training								



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE		SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Inadequate training, Incorrect PPE selection	2М	 Provide comprehensive training programs and li workers, covering the potential risks and hazards common when working near overhead power lines, as we as specific safety measures to be implemented. Make sure that a qualified supervisor supervisor he work, end sing proper adherence to safety guidelines and overseeing thraves of personal projective equivalent (PPE). Regularly check and control at the the powledge and skin worked to working near overhead power lines among employee arough effects occurses, seminars, or workshops. Perform a transpecific risk session to be for starting work to identify the most appropriate PPE suited for the job, take unit occurreration were conditions and other environmental factors. S Createn dima and PPE selection chart for different tasks associated with working near overhead power here based as the regulatory requirements and industry standards. Conduct register risks trions of PPE before usage, ensuring they are in good condition and meet the accessary saturequirements. Discard damaged or expired PPE promptly. Sure Provide wear the recommended PPE, including hard hats with chin straps, high-visibility wests, notis, and steel-toed boots, while working near overhead power lines. Incourage workers to report any issues, discomfort, or concerns related to their PPE so that changes can be made if necessary. Keep updated with industry standards and advancements in PPE technology, ensuring the team is equipped with the latest and most effective gear available. Provide adequate resources for PPE storage, maintenance, and cleaning, ensuring equipment remains in optimal working condition. Develop a monitoring system to ensure all workers comply with wearing appropriate PPE and report non-compliance to supervisors and management promptly. Create a comprehensive written Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) for working near overhead power lines, outlining precautions, control measures, and	1L
2. Site assessment	Inaccurate exclusion zone identification, Poor weather conditions	ЗН	 Establish a clear exclusion zone: Clearly identify and mark the exclusion zone around overhead power lines, considering both horizontal and vertical distances to prevent unauthorised access. Consult with local utility companies: Liaise with local utility companies to determine accurate locations and distances of live overhead power lines in the area. 	2M

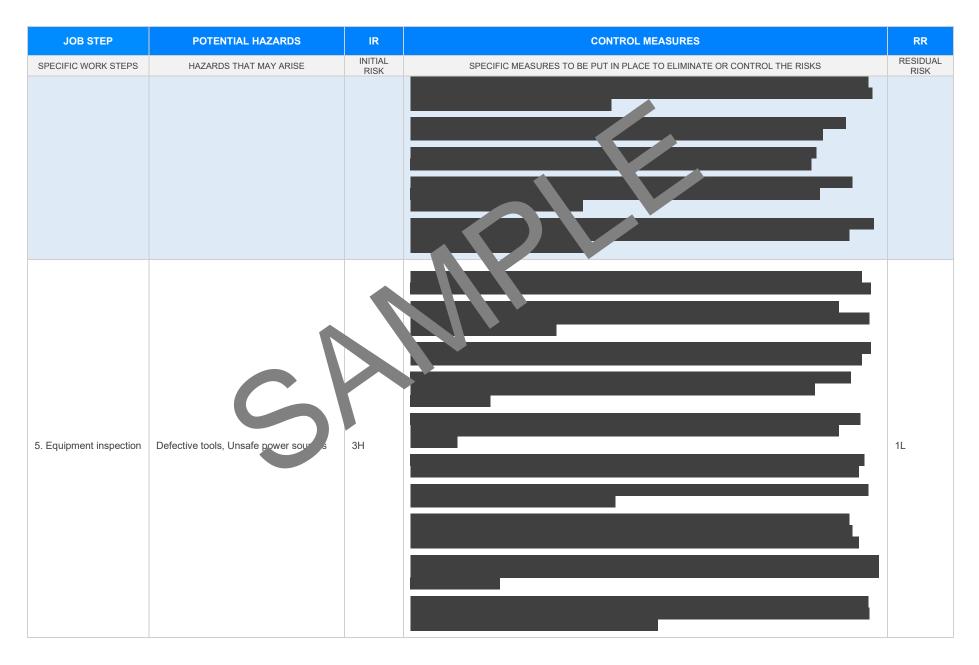


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
		RISK	 Perform regular site inspections: Conduct thorough walk-throughs of the site on a regular basis to assess the accuracy of exclusion zone identification and ensure compliance with relevant safety standards. Conduct hazard assessments: Carry out risk encessments for specific work tasks near overhead power lines to identify and mitigate potential hazar classociated with inaccurate exclusion zones and poor weather conditions. Provide adequate training: Train workers on the procedure for identifying and maintaining exclusion zones. Develop an emergence spone polan: Create a develop emergency response plan outlining the steps to take in case of an cidem volvin overhead power lines and communicate this to all workers onsite. Monitor we per condition. Keep the to of the weather forecasts and adjust work plans accordingly to avoid partform, basks per overhead you ar lines during poor weather conditions, such as high winds or 	RISK
			 Heaview. Use a plantiate period protective equipment (PPE): Ensure workers wear appropriate PPE at all times, polluking hardworks, insulated gloves, and safety boots, to minimise risk when working near overheal power lines. Ise polement propriod signage: Place visible warning signs at site entrances and key areas outlining the dangues of working near overhead power lines and the importance of following exclusion zone guidelines. Communicate risks to subcontractors: Inform any subcontractors working on the project about the prioritial hazards related to overhead power lines and make sure they adhere to the established exclusion zones and safety measures. Review and update SWMS regularly: Continuously reassess the effectiveness of the current Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) and make adjustments as necessary to improve safety outcomes and reduce 	
			the likelihood of incidents involving overhead power lines.	
			 Regularly inspect and maintain barriers: To ensure the effectiveness of barriers, carry out regular inspections and repair any damages immediately to reduce the risk of collisions with equipment and workers. 	
	Insufficient signage, Collisions with		- Clearly mark exclusion zones: Mark exclusion zones around overhead power lines using appropriate signs and barrier tape to prevent unauthorised access and reduce the risk of accidental contact with live wires.	
3. Establishing barriers	equipment	2M	- Use highly visible signage: Install large, bright, and easily readable signs around the work area to alert workers about the presence of overhead power lines and indicate the safe work distance.	1L
			- Install physical barriers: Set up physical barriers such as bollards or guardrails around the work area to prevent vehicles and machinery from accidentally coming into contact with overhead power lines.	
			- Conduct comprehensive safety briefings: Before starting any work near overhead power lines, conduct detailed safety briefings for all workers, covering potential hazards, safe work procedures, and emergency protocols.	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Implement a safety monitoring system: Assign a designated safety observer to oversee work activities in the vicinity of overhead power lines. These observers should monitor workers' adherence to safety procedures and intervene when necessary.	
			- Establish clear communication methods: Ensurtheat all workers on-site are equipped with an efficient method of communication (such as radios and signals, or other tools) to relay important safety information promptly and effectively.	
			- Enforce stringent vehicle and equipment clear structures: Develop and enforce strict guidelines for operating vehicles and equipment near overhear over lines, including maintaining a safe minimum distance and observing horize al clearance limits	
			- Train employees or the ordide fication and report of Provide workers with regular training sessions on identifying performal having as related with working near overhead power lines and implementing proper reporting procedure	
			- Develop and collement energency is a seplans: In case of an incident involving overhead power lines, a wear received emergency response plan in place that includes contact information for relevant thorities and and provisions, and evacuation procedures.	
4. Communication	Miscommunication between workers Inadequate use of safety protocol	2М		1L







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
6. Induction of ground staff	Incorrect handling techniques, Lack of awareness about haz	21		1L
7. Ground monitoring	Poor visibility, Slip and trip hazards	2M		1L

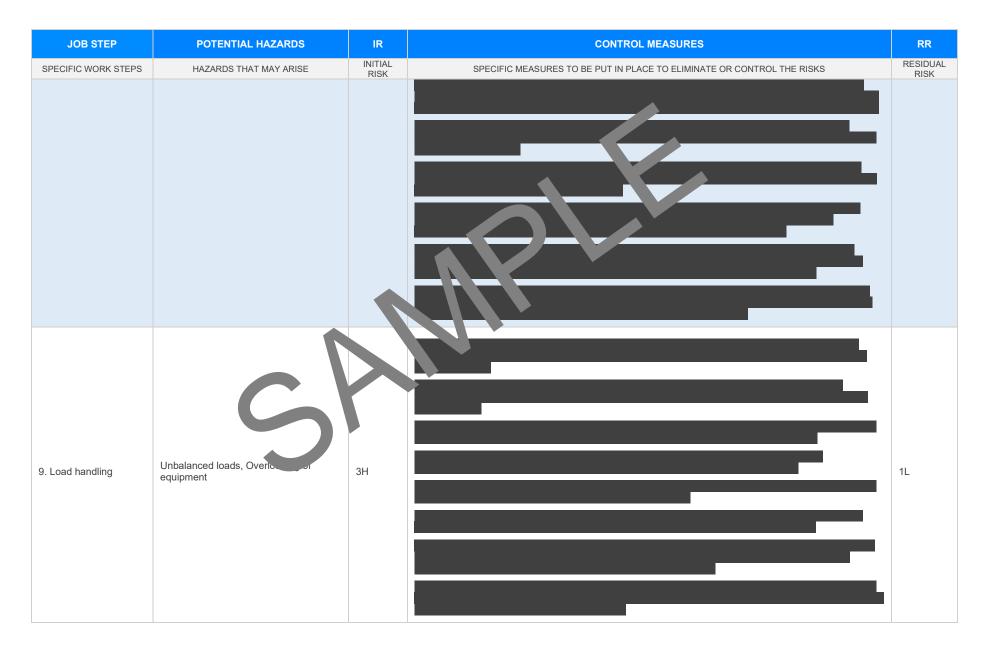
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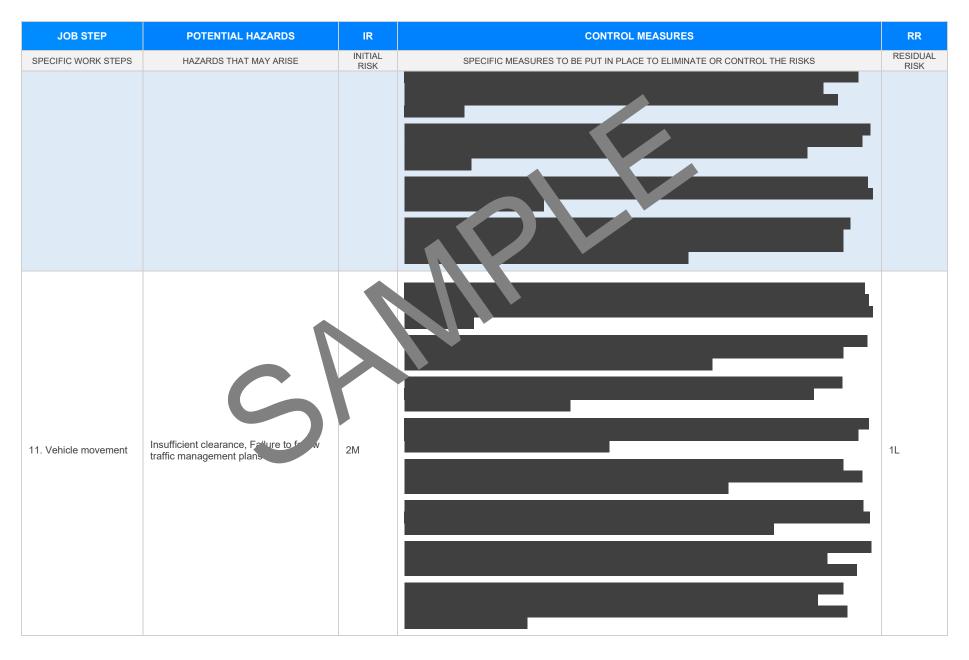




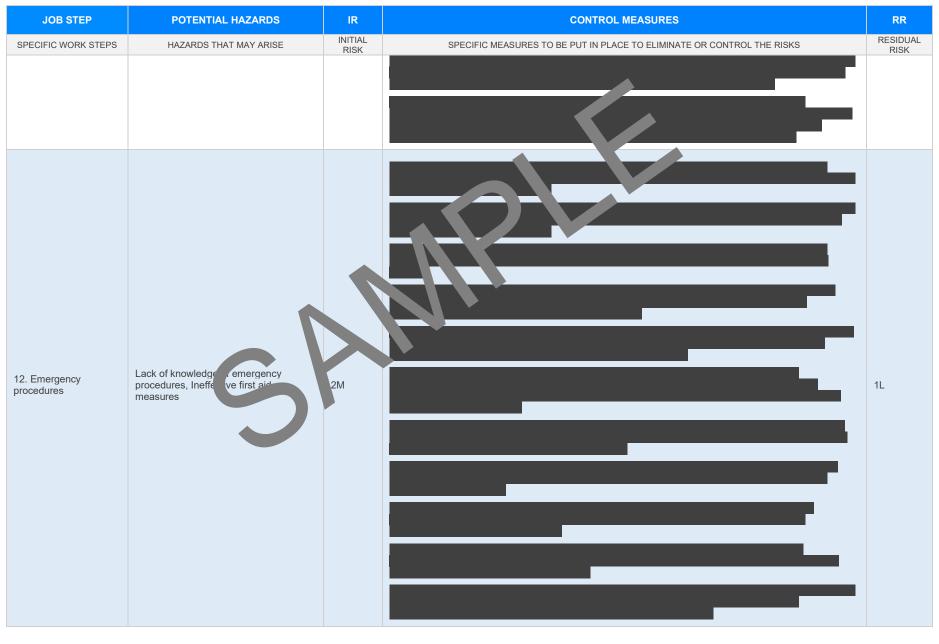












Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				1
	S			



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REF	ERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISL	ATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octopational Health at Safety Act and 4 Octopational Health and prfetvingulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> of thes of mactice VIC <u>extps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis <a acts-and-regulations"="" href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov</td><td>Western Australia
Work Health and Safety Act 2020
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022
Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u>
Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u></td></tr><tr><td>Northern Territory
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011
Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-serv-laws</u>
Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/formed-resourcest/compliance/worplace-serv-laws</u></td><td>Safe Work Australia Links
Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u>
Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u>
<u>codes-of-practice</u>
Model Codes of Practice</td></tr><tr><td>South Australia
Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)
Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation
Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_dces/codes-of-practice#COPs</td><td> Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes </td></tr><tr><td>Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS	\boxtimes	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections	\boxtimes	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the importation control measures.	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE RE	VIEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	IPLETED