



Work Around Antenna	as   SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Work Around Ant	tennas	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Ma	andatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Electromagnetic radiation, Trip hazards, Working at height	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a site-specific risk assessment to untify all potential hazards related to electromagnetic radiation, trip hazards, and working at height.</li> <li>Implement an exclusion zone around areas with a levels of electromagnetic radiation and ensure all workers are aware of these zones.</li> <li>Provide personal protective witipment (PPE) such as lest approns or RF suits for protection against electromagnetic radiation when the cessary.</li> <li>Ensure all personnel involed in two task are troued and competent in identifying and managing electromagnetic radiation in s.</li> <li>Set appropriate significant when systems to alert workers and visitors to the presence of electromagnetic radiation in s.</li> <li>Set appropriate significant was alled the presence of electromagnetic radiation in s.</li> <li>Clear in the all trip azards, including cables and uneven surfaces, with brightly coloured tape or signs to prevent as tients.</li> <li>Keep a work was tidy and free from clutter to minimise the risk of trips and falls.</li> <li>Installar radials or barriers around any floor openings or edges to prevent falls from heights.</li> <li>Use only approved ladders, scaffolding, or elevated work platforms that are in good condition for tasks at hight.</li> <li>Ensure all workers involved in tasks at height have completed working at heights training and are familiar with fall arrest procedures.</li> <li>Perform a thorough equipment check before starting work, ensuring all tools and equipment are suitable for use and in good condition.</li> <li>Establish a communication plan for workers to report any hazards or incidents immediately during the preparation phase.</li> </ul>	2M
2. Site Induction	Lack of knowledge on safety procedures, Absence of protective clothing	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct a comprehensive site-specific induction led by a qualified supervisor to cover all safety protocols and emergency procedures.</li> <li>Provide clear, easy-to-understand training materials that include information on safety procedures related to antenna work.</li> <li>Ensure all personnel acknowledge receipt and understanding of the safety procedures by signing an induction register.</li> <li>Distribute personal protective equipment (PPE) such as helmets, gloves, and high-visibility vests to all workers before commencing work.</li> <li>Verify that all PPE issued is in good condition and meets Australian standards for safety.</li> <li>Display safety signage prominently around the work area to remind workers about the importance of using protective clothing and following procedures.</li> </ul>	1L



		CONTROL MEASURES	RR
HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
		- Offer refresher courses periodically to keep workers updated on any changes in safety standards or procedures.	
		- Implement a buddy system where experienced provide guidance and reinforce safety practice	
		- Ensure a first-aid kit is readily available of te, fully stood, and accessible in case of injuries.	
		- Conduct regular toolbox talks focused on the permits associated with antenna work to reinforce safety awareness.	
		- Require all workers to wear propriate footwear th nor up soles to prevent slips, trips, and falls at all times.	
		- Set up a compressation on the cludes radio for other reliable means for workers to report hazards or incidents an ediately.	
		- Ens. Il work equipped with and properly use personal protective equipment (PPE) such as insula divives, handsafety harnesses.	
		- Cond. It a strough the assessment prior to commencing work to identify potential hazards specific to the site and w	
		- lem t lock /tagout procedures to ensure electrical systems are de-energised before installation	
		Provide comprehensive training for all workers on recognising electrical hazards and proper handling of	
		Install temporary barricades or guardrails around the work area to prevent falls from heights.	
Electric shock, Fag from height, Tool-	4A	- Use non-conductive ladders when working near electrical sources to minimise the risk of electric shock.	2M
related injuries		- Regularly inspect and maintain all tools and equipment to ensure they are in safe working condition.	2.11
		- Designate a spotter or ground observer to monitor activities and provide immediate assistance if needed.	
		- Schedule work during favourable weather conditions to reduce slip and fall risks due to wet or windy conditions.	
		- Ensure a first aid kit is readily available on-site with personnel trained in first aid procedures.	
		- Establish clear communication protocols between team members to ensure coordinated and safe operations at height.	
		- Secure all tools and materials to prevent them from falling and causing injuries to individuals below.	
		- Follow manufacturer's instructions and guidelines meticulously for the safe and correct installation of antennas.	
Falling Unsteady structure Wind			
hazards	4A		3H
	Falling, Unsteady structure, Wind	Falling, Unsteady structure, Wind	- Implement a buddy system where experienced or ushnel are paired with less experienced workers to provide guidance and reinforce safety practices  - Ensure a first-aid kit is readily available do ite, fully stelled, and accessible in case of injuries.  - Conduct regular toolbox talks focused on the lear wrisks associated with antenna work to reinforce safety awareness.  - Require all workers to wear'n propriate footwean who not say soles to prevent slips, trips, and falls at all times.  - Set up a compositation in this cludes radin or other reliable means for workers to report hazards or incidents in rediately.  - Ensure a first aid kit is readily available on size and the work area to prevent slips, trips, and falls at all times.  - Condit of a prought k assessment prior to commencing work to identify potential hazards specific to the site of w.  - In semi-ticok, atagout procedures to ensure electrical systems are de-energised before installation begin.  - Provide odmprehensive training for all workers on recognising electrical hazards and proper handling of the site of w.  - Install temporary barricades or guardralis around the work area to prevent falls from heights.  - Use non-conductive ladders when working near electrical sources to minimise the risk of electric shock.  - Regularly inspect and maintain all tools and equipment to ensure they are in safe working condition.  - Designate a spotter or ground observer to monitor activities and provide immediate assistance if needed.  - Schedule work during favourable weather conditions to reduce slip and fall risks due to wet or windy conditions.  - Ensure a first aid kit is readily available on-site with personnel trained in first aid procedures.  - Establish clear communication protocols between team members to ensure coordinated and safe operations at height.  - Secure all tools and materials to prevent them from falling and causing injuries to individuals below.  - Follow manufacturer's instructions and guidelines meticulously for the safe and correct inst



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
5. Aligning Antennas	Electric shock, Incorrect alignment leading to re-work and additional risk	ЗН		2M



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6. Fixing Antennas	Working at height, Manual handling injuries, Tools droppin	34		2M
7. Connect Cables	Electric shock, Cuts from sharp tools or cable edges	3H		2M



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JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
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				•
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	•			1
8. Antenna Testing	Radiation exposure, Electrical faults leading to equipment damage or fire	3H		2M
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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
9. Clean Up	Slippery surfaces, Misplaced tools, Waste material manage	21/		1L
10. Debrief Team	Lack of communication may cause incidents in future, Misunderstanding of roles	2M		<b> </b> 1L



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11. Post Installation Checks	Climbing risks, Falling items	ЗН		2M



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12. Dismantle Temporary Structures	Risks associated van hear along, Risks of falling objects	ЗН		2M
13. Final Inspection	Missed defects, Faulty equipment still present on site	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
14. Waste Removal	Sharp or hazardous debris, Handling chemicals or hazardous waste	ЗН		2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
15. Reporting	Incorrect report can cause fut hazards, Miscomm.	2M		I IL



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK





#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatide

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ppleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selectives		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property the improvement of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	D