



| Use Of Personal Life-Saving A | Appliances SAFE WORK I | METHOD STATEMENT (SWM | S) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| TASK OR ACT | IVITY: Use Of Personal Life-Savi | ing Appliances | |
| Business Name: | | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | E 111: | |
| | | | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY | THE PCL OF THE ROJECT | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | eting a business or under a (PC 1) is | required to en that a safe work method s | statement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | NY | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring | opliance the VMS a well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S VMS MY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO | OMMUNICATED TO IN THE |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accomply with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuate hazard. | | | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |

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| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR DETAILS |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |
| ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR | NAME OF THE POLIT |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR | N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping |
| ☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing | \square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure | ☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete |
| ☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| ☐ is carried out in or near a confined space | ☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant |
| ☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| \square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | ☐ involves diving work. |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER | Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY |
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| RISK MATRIX | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--|
| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | ACTION | HEI | RARCHY OF CONTROLS | |
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | SCORE | ACTION | | Elimination Remove the hazard. | |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCE | | Substitution | |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review before work starts. | | Replace the hazard. | |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | Isolate | e People from the hazard | |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and | | Engineering Isolate the hazard. | |
| is the second m | rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th | d of controlling a | hazard. Enginee | ering by isolati | on is the in ost e | en 'ive, while | rd. Substitution Administrative effective | | Administrative Change the work. PPE | |

| | | | | PERS | | TIVE EQUIPM | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Select the app | ropriate PPŁ | abo v uitab | cor the equi | pment used or | the job task | being perforr | ned (if applica | ıble). | |
| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | HEARING ETION | P ECTION | PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other PPE R | equired: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Pe | ermit or Licen | ses Requirem | ents | | | Ma | andatory Qual | ifications and | Training | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Incorrect handling, Insufficient training | ЗН | Ensure that all personnel involved in the to have completed mandatory training sessions related to the handling and use of personal life-saving approaces. Conduct regular refresher courses to maintan of a revel of competency among employees regarding personal life-saving appliances. Develop and provide clear of national guidelines of products for the correct use and handling of personal life-saving and tinnes. Implement a properation of check at to verify the proper condition and readiness of life-saving appliances be a competent uppervisor or to an leader to oversee operations involving life-saving appliances, ensured therefore sestablished safety protocols. Clean land and so a personal life-saving appliances in designated areas to prevent any confusion or mishanding. Perform regular inspections and maintenance checks on all life-saving appliances to ensure they are functionin properly and meet safety standards. Use virtualists such as posters or diagrams in the workplace to reinforce correct handling techniques of enhance awareness. Provide personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, when handling life-saving appliances to prevent injuries caused by incorrect handling. Establish an emergency response plan, including drills, to ensure quick and effective action if an incident occurs involving life-saving appliances. | 2M |
| 2. Equipment Test | Failure of life-saving appliances, Electrical hazards | ЗН | Conduct regular inspections of all life-saving appliances to ensure they are in good working condition before use. Follow manufacturer's guidelines for periodic maintenance and testing of the equipment. Ensure that all equipment tests are performed by qualified personnel who are trained in the specific requirements of each appliance. Implement a pre-use checklist to verify that all components of the life-saving appliances are intact and functioning properly. Use appropriate testing equipment to assess the functionality of electrical components, minimising risk of electrical hazards. Confirm that all electrical testing devices are calibrated and maintained according to industry standards. Verify that all connections and wiring are secure and insulated to prevent accidental shocks during testing. | 2M |



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|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | - Establish clear signage and barriers around testing areas to keep unauthorized personnel at a safe distance. | |
| | | | - Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) sur les gloves and safety goggles for workers conducting equipment tests. | |
| | | | - Develop an emergency response plan spanically for to ag activities, ensuring immediate action can be taken if equipment failure occurs. | |
| | | | - Keep a detailed record of test results and main—ance activities including any corrective actions taken, to track equipment performance over time. | |
| | | | - Regularly review and update to hing programs for provided in equipment testing to ensure competence and a second of pointial hazards. | |
| | | | - Assign a decontract super sor to present esting procedures, ensuring compliance with safety protocols and "idressing" y issues procedures. | |
| | | | - Sele to approx te life jacket that meets Australian Standards and is suitable for the specific water activity | |
| | | | - Provide proper training to workers on the correct way to wear and adjust life jackets to ensure a secure | |
| | | | - Con stregular inspections of life jackets to identify any signs of wear, tear, or damage, and remove by determine items from service. | |
| | | | - plement a buddy system where personnel check each other's life jackets for proper fitment before engaging in activities near water. | |
| | | | - Ensure that life jackets are worn at all times when there is a risk of falling into water or during water-based operations. | |
| . Use of Life Jackets | Improper fitment, Drowning risk | 2M | - Clearly communicate emergency procedures and whistle signals associated with life jackets in case of a fall or water entry. | 1L |
| | | | - Maintain a logbook to record the issue and return of life jackets to monitor their usage and condition over time. | |
| | | | - Display signage in work areas reminding personnel of the mandatory use of life jackets and how to correctly wear them. | |
| | | | - Equip life jackets with reflective strips or lights to enhance visibility in low light or emergency situations. | |
| | | | - Limit the use of accessories or equipment that could interfere with the life jacket's functionality and its ability to stay securely fastened. | |
| | | | - Regularly review incident reports related to life jackets and update procedures to address any identified weaknesses or non-compliance. | |
| | | | - Facilitate routine drills and exercises to practice emergency responses involving life jackets to ensure swift and effective action in real-life scenarios. | |
| . Boarding Life Raft | Falling into water, physical injury due to incorrect boarding technique | 3Н | | 2M |



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| 5. Launching Life Raft | Physical strain, being struck by raft or other equipment | 3Н | | 1L |



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| 6. Rowing to Safety | Fatigue, hypothermia, supsize risks | ЗH | | 2M |



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| 7. Emergency Beacon Activation | Misuse leading to false alarm, failure to activate in emergency | ЗН | | 1L |
| 8. Food and Water Rationing | Starvation/dehydration, food contamination or choking risk | 4A | | 2M |



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| 9. Emergency First Aid Application | Improper application leading to worsened injuries, failure to administer | | | 2M |
| 10. Distress Calls | Failure to correctly make call for help, battery/power failure | ЗН | | 2M |



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| 11. Setting Off Flares | Injury from flare or fire risk, misfire or inappropriate use | 3Н | | 2M |







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| 13. Rescuer Approach | Risk of collision with rescue craft, drowning during transfer | ЗН | | 2M |
| 14. Transfer to Rescue Craft | Falling during transfer, injury during hoisting to craft | 3Н | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
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| 15. Post-Rescue | Post traumatic stress, phosical/m | | | |
| Procedures | health risks | 2M | | 1L |
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| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
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| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 16. Debriefing / Documentation | Miscommunication or incorrect documentation | 1L | | 1L |
| 17. Equipment Repair and Restock | Risk of inappropriate restocking, failure to repair damage | 2M | | 1L |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
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| | | | | |
| 18. Training Gap Analysis | Misidentification of National Miside | 2M | | 1L |
| | | | | |
| 19. Lessons Learned Sharing | Failure to communicate or share lessons appropriately | 2M | | 1L |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 20. Continuous Improvement | Failure to make requisite safety improvements, complacency in safety. | 3Н | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUA RISK |
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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractions of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-ractions-of-racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
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SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | 7 | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted. | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures. | | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS. | | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work. | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | | |
| | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE REVIEWE | D |
| SIGNATURE | DATE COMPLET | ED |