

Use Of Lifting Equipment (Hoo	ks, Chains) SAFE WORK	METHOD STATEMENT (SWM	IS)
TASK OR ACTI	VITY: Use Of Lifting Equipment	(Hooks, Chains)	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	sting a business or under the (Pour I) is	required to enume that a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NK	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	ppliance i the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	DMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ad in account with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such a company hica those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contract each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an attactive Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	\square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terrar by supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	000DF			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second me	RARE 1 LOW 1 LOW 2 MODERATE 3 HIGH 1 HIGH 1 LOW Inflor and k a records Isolate the hazard. otes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrements on control of a hazard. Substitution the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the incluse the tive, while Administrative ontrols by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), the least effective Substitution the least effective Dependence										

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the ap	propriate PPL	abo, ruitab	i or the equi	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE Required:											
Permit or Licenses Requirements						Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Exposure to hazardous materials, equipment malfunction	2М	 Ensure all workers are trained in hazardou unaterial handling procedures and recognise potential risks associated with the equipment. Conduct a thorough inspection of lifting equipment including hooks and chains, prior to use to confirm they are in good working condition and not dame ad or worn. Implement and adhere to solutiled maintenance of soluting programs for all lifting equipment to prevent unexpected follows. Use appropriate personal otector equipment PPE), such as gloves, safety glasses, and hard hats, when prepare to operate ung equipment. Deword and wintain order registration of azardous materials on site, and ensure proper labelling and storal woording updations. Establish computers ation plan that includes hand signals or radio communications to ensure clear instructions along the name members involved in the lifting process. Provide computers were asfety procedures and emergency protocols. Establish were registration and ongoing training sessions for all personnel involved in lifting operation to rein a cease shore lifting operations are taking place to prevent unauthorised ress and minimise the risk to bystanders. Whity that load limits for hooks, chains, and any other lifting operations, ensuring immediate actions can be taken if an equipment malfunction occurs. Regularly review and update safety procedures and control measures based on incident reports, nearmisses, and industry best practices. Equip lifting machinery with fail-safe mechanisms, such as automatic brakes or overload alarms, to reduce the likelihood of accidents caused by equipment malfunction. Ensure that there is adequate lighting and visibility in the work area to help workers identify hazards promptly and ensure safe operation of lifting equipment. 	1L
2. Equipment Inspection	Physical injury from faulty equipment, electrical hazards from damaged equipment	ЗН	 Conduct a visual inspection of all lifting equipment including hooks and chains before each use. Ensure all equipment is tested and certified in accordance with Australian Standards. Replace any equipment that shows signs of wear, corrosion, or damage immediately. Use only appropriately rated lifting devices for the specific load being lifted. Check for frayed, torn, or otherwise damaged slings and chains and remove from service if found. Implement a tagging system to indicate the inspection status and ensure out-of-service equipment is marked clearly. 	2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	 SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS Train workers on proper inspection techniques and identification of potential faults. Verify load ratings and weight limits are clearly labelled and visible on all lifting equipment. Establish a preventative maintenance schedule or egularly assess equipment condition beyond daily inspections. Use insulated tools and equipment when in vecting itsus suspected of having electrical issues. Confirm that there are no modifications made using upment without approval from a competent authority. Ensure that lockout/tagout h cedures are in play to prevent advertent use of faulty equipment. Maintain accurate records of a respections, test resource and repairs performed on lifting equipment. Ensure all or sonnel involud are bused in usual handling and load estimation techniques. Use inclaating again as pallet jace or forklifts whenever feasible to minimise manual handling. Asset on a load trially and check documentation for weight information before any movement attempt. Utilission on le scale for additional weight verification if necessary and available. Conduct tools or talkswocusing on recognising and managing overexertion injuries. Is an personal protective equipment like gloves with good grip to prevent slips. Engage a spotter when moving large or awkwardly shaped loads to ensure the path is clear of hazards. Keep fingers, hands, and feet clear of pinch points during load assessment and movement. Establish and maintain exclusion zones under overhead loads during lift operations. Inspect lifting equipment like chains and hooks for damage prior to use to prevent failure. Encourage regular breaks and job rotation to help workers avoid fatigue-related errors. Implement a load weight verification protocol requiring two people to confirm the weight to reduce errors. 	RESIDUAL RISK
4. Securing Load	Unstable load, physical injury from incorrect technique	2M		1L



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5. Lifting Load	Imbalanced loading, tip-over of lifting equipment	ЗН		2M

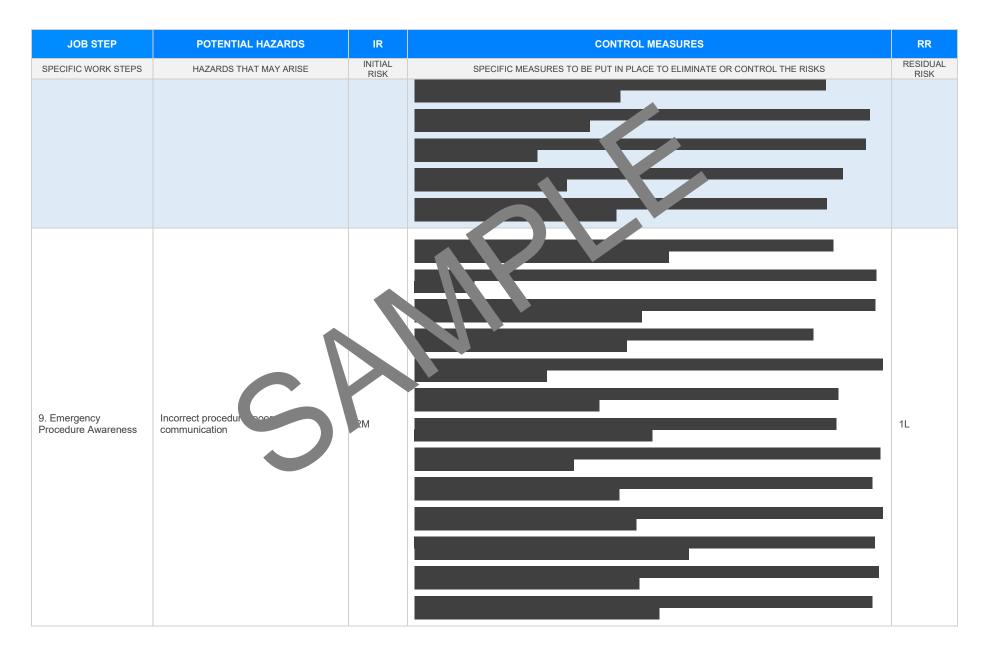


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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6. Transporting Load	Collision, tripping hazard falling loads	ЗН		2М
7. Unhooking Load	Falling loads, loss of grip on equipment	2M		1L





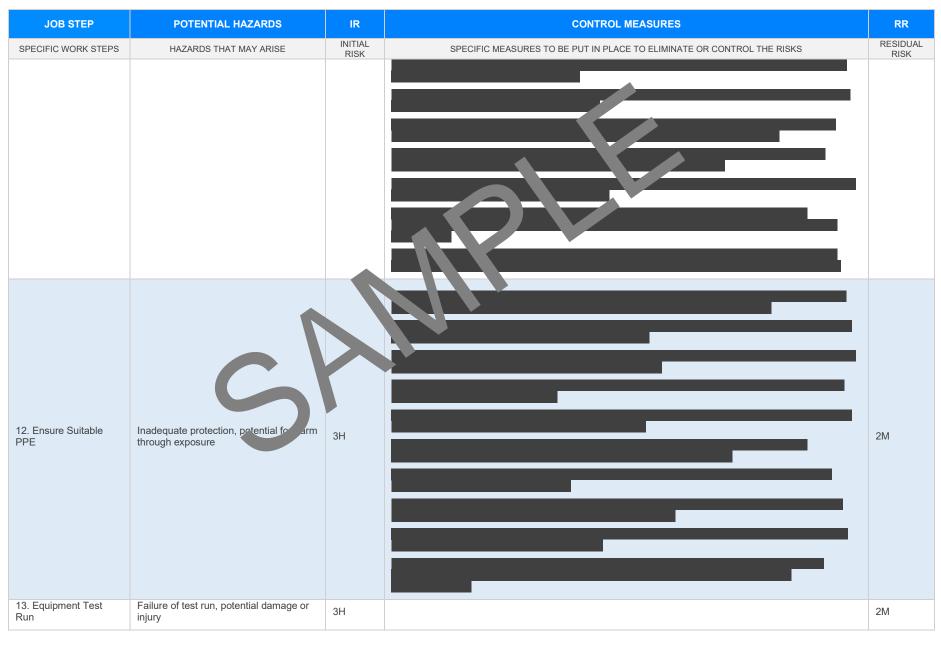






JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Regular Maintenance Check	Missed issues in equipment, failure during operation	3Н		2M
11. Training Sessions	Poor skills retention, improper handling of equipment	2M		1L



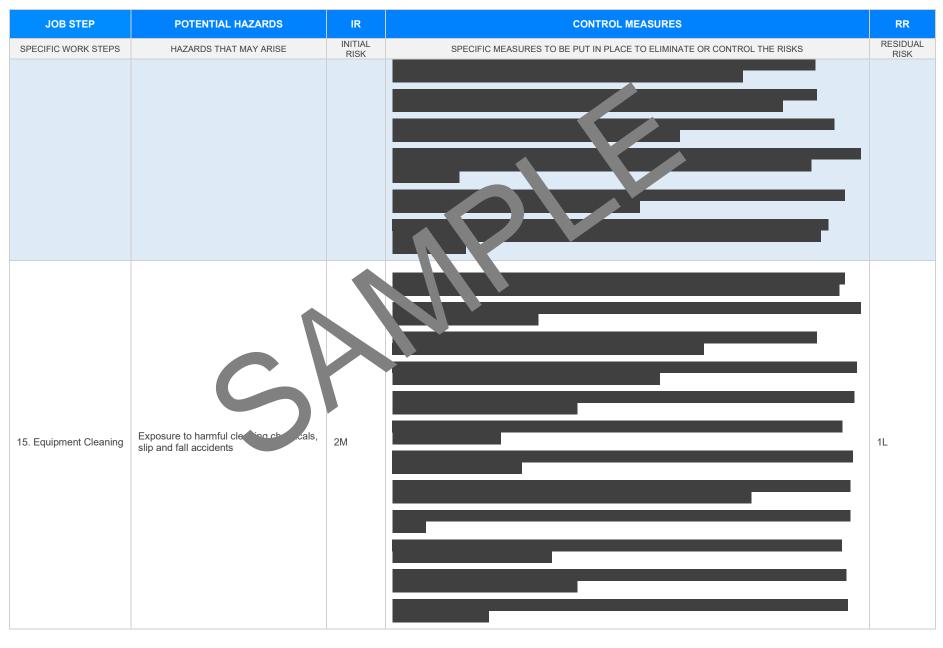


Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	S			
14. Debriefing and Reporting	Missed reports, lack of follow-up	1L		1L





Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



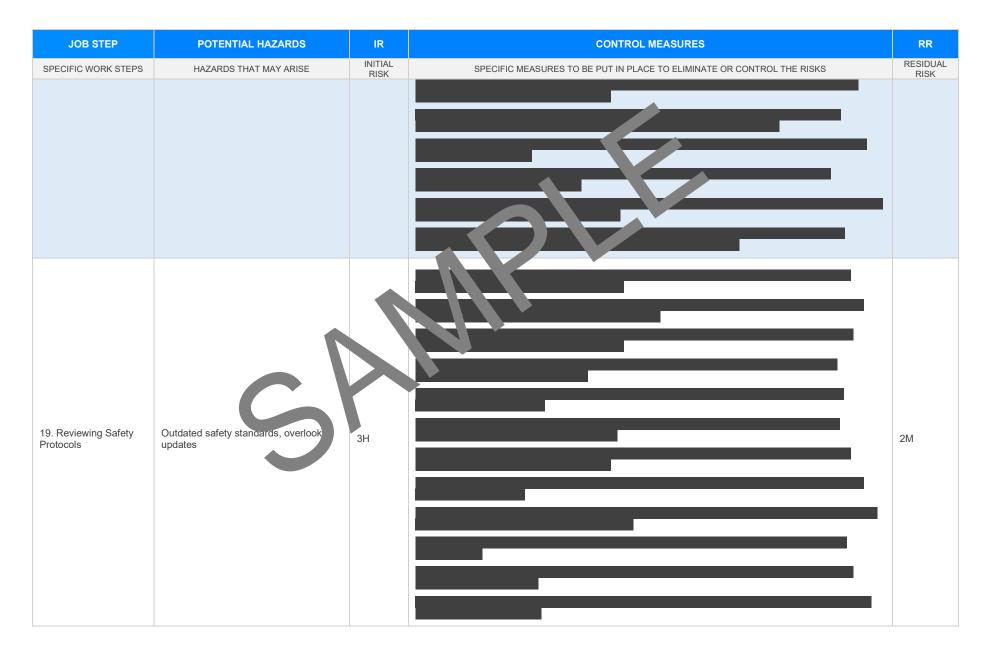
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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16. Updating Risk Assessment	Outdated protocols, overlooked hazards	2М		1L
17. Injury Monitoring	Delays in injury reporting, inaccurate reporting	2M		1L

Version 2.5











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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
20. Compliance Check	Failure to meet regulatory standards, potential fines and penalties	3Н		2M



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE					
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Acta 24 Occupational Health and Safety Acta 24 Degis of VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations</u> Codes of mactice VIC <u>enttps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>				
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis <a acts-and-regulations"="" href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov</td><td>Western Australia
Work Health and Safety Act 2020
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022
Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u>
Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u></td></tr><tr><td>Northern Territory
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011
Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-serve-laws</u>
Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-serve-laws</u></td><td>Safe Work Australia Links
Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u>
Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u>
<u>codes-of-practice</u>
Model Codes of Practice</td></tr><tr><td>South Australia
Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)
Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)
Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u>
Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u></td><td> Model codes of Practice Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes </td></tr><tr><td>Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 Weiting processes First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 				
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work Any required documents	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 				

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS	
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.			
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs	\boxtimes		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	\boxtimes		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection	\boxtimes		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures.	\boxtimes		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	\boxtimes		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS.	\boxtimes		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\boxtimes		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED		
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		