



Tilt Up Concrete Pane	els SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Tilt Up Concrete	Panels	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
	'		
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under o (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	apliance the VMS a well as review	es and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accomply with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuate hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Ma	andatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, manual handling injurie	2M	Clearly mark and address all trip hazards can as exposed reinforcing bars, before commencing work in the area. Ensure any required materials, tools, or equiple can estored neatly and compactly in designated areas to prevent creating trip hazards. Conduct regular inspections in the work area, bow poorfusious and scheduled, to assess the implementation of hazard continuously in over site safety. Use correct more all hands in tech clues to load and transport materials, e.g., lifting with the knees by bending at the dips, keeping the loads used to see body, and avoiding twisting the back while carrying a heavy abject. Protocological more than the use of appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), such as gloves, hard hats, a dipole-toel thoos, to minimise the risk of injury during manual handling tasks. Develor an maintain after work procedures that establish clear step-by-step instructions for each task, including information as dipole-toel thoos, including risks and corresponding control measures. In temperature tregulates to colbox talks and training sessions to educate workers on relevant Workplace Health and be set to WHS) guidelines, including risks associated with tilt-up concrete panels and ways to minimise hem. In temperature tregulates to report any hazards or near-miss incidents they encounter promptly so that corrective actions can be taken as needed. Assign two or more individuals to lift and move heavy concrete panels together to evenly distribute the weight and reduce strain on individual workers. Establish clear communication channels, such as radios or hand signals, to facilitate efficient collaboration between team members when preparing and handling tilt-up concrete panels. Create and enforce a zero-tolerance policy for horseplay, drug and alcohol use, or other behaviours that may compromise workplace safety, ensuring all employees understand their roles and responsibilities in maintaining a safe work environment. By implementing these control measures, companies can significantl	1L
2. Ground preparation	Unstable ground, buried utilities	3H	 Conduct a thorough inspection of the worksite to identify any areas with unstable ground, including soft or uneven soil conditions and potential voids. Consult utility providers, as well as site plans and existing underground service records, to determine the location of buried utilities such as gas, water, and electricity lines. 	2M



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			- Mark out the locations of buried utilities using spray paint, flags, or other highly visible indicators, and communicate this information to all personnel onsite.	
			- Utilise appropriate machinery and equipment desired for leveling and compacting the ground surface, such as compactors and bulldozers, to ensure and stability before panel installation.	
			- Require workers to undergo proper training on safety projectures, including managing hazards related to ground preparation and working around burne utilities	
			- Use personal protective equipment (PPE), such a steel-tood brots and high-visibility clothing, to minimise the risk of injury dueing ground preparation tasks.	
			- Create an exclusion zone around the area where go preparation is taking place to prevent unauthorised personal and entering and becoming exposed to risks.	
			- Develop are mergency reconse part that drams the necessary steps for securing the work area and evacuating wayers in case of a hazar and incident, such as encountering a live electrical wire or punctually a galaxine.	
			- Mon preparation tasks if heavy rain or strong winds are present as any cannot do further ground instability or other increased risks.	
			- Regulary man tain an enspect machinery used for ground preparation to ensure it operates effectively disaffer throughout the course of the project.	
	•		- Esta list plear communication channels between ground preparation staff, site supervisors, and other plevant, a teholders to promote ongoing awareness of current site conditions and potential hazards.	
			- view and update the Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) as required throughout the project, and provide appropriate training to all workers whenever changes are made.	
			- Conduct a thorough risk assessment of the storage area, identifying any potential hazards related to falling panels or equipment collisions.	
			- Designate a specific area for panel storage, away from high-traffic zones and other work activities to mitigate the risks of collisions with equipment.	
			- Clearly mark the designated panel storage area with appropriate signage and barriers, ensuring all workers are aware of its location.	
3. Panel storage	Falling panels, collisions with equipment	4A	- Ensure proper ground preparation in the storage area, creating a level and stable surface for panel stacking and support.	3H
J			- Implement a strict panel stacking policy, with set height limits, spacing requirements, and the use of support frames to minimise the risk of falling panels.	
			- Educate all workers on the proper lifting and handling techniques of tilt-up concrete panels to prevent incidents during transportation and storage.	
			- Utilise appropriate lifting equipment, such as cranes and forklifts, for the safe movement and placement of concrete panels, minimising human interaction with heavy materials.	
			- Implement an inspection procedure for checking the condition and stability of stored panels, immediately addressing any identified issues.	



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			- Establish clear communication protocols between crane, forklift, and ground personnel during panel transportation, ensuring coordination and reduced risk of accidents.	
			- Develop a site-wide traffic management plan that puddes the panel storage area and surrounding lanes, designating specific zones for equipment and pedestrian access.	
			- Provide all workers with appropriate personal protective quipment (PPE), such as steel-toed boots, hard hats, and high-visibility clothing, to reduce the sound of potential injuries if an accident were to occur.	
			- Maintain well-lit storage are allowing workers around the panels and associal Hazards.	
			- Regularly review to the WMS to account for new equipment or changing conditions, ensuring continued addresses to be practically in workplant health and safety.	
			- Foster a strog safety cropped within confisation, encouraging all employees to report any observed hazage or incidents, a conducting regimar safety training and meetings to review protocols and address concern.	
4. Crane setup	Crane collapse, overhead vies	4A		2M



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				1
				•
				•
	7			
5. Rigging	Incorrect rigging, upped load	4A		1L
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				•



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
6. Lifting panels	Panel breakage, it ing debris	4A		3H



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7. Placing panels	Crush injury, pinch rous			1L



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8. Bracing and securing	Incomplete bracing, falling panels	3H		2M
9. Panel alignment	Misaligned panels, strain injuries	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Connecting panels	Connection failure, structural collapse	4A		2M



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11. Inspections	Inadequate inspections, overlooking hazards	2M		1L



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12. Cleanup	Struck by equipment, slip hazards	2M		1L



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	5			



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatide

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED ED