



Tape Jointing   S	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
1	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Tape Jointin	g	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	CTATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	FUE DO LOS TUE COLISCE	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO' 'D BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under a (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	poliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SUMS IN HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COTHIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX											
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE ACTION -	SCORE ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	Administrative Change the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the life post empty of changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), the least effective										

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					

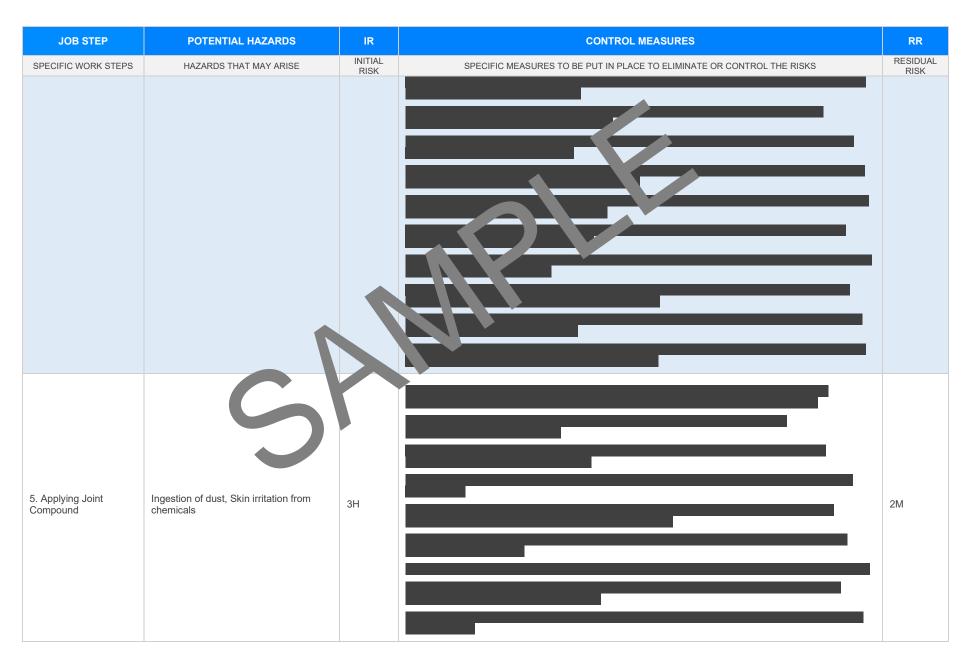


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Ingestion of dust, Trips and falls, Manual handling injuries	зн	<ul> <li>Use dust extraction systems to minimise the release of dust during preparation.</li> <li>Provide personnel with appropriate personne protection equipment, such as dust masks or respirators that meet Australian standards.</li> <li>Implement regular houseke using procedures to step the war area free from excess dust and debris.</li> <li>Set up clear, marked pathway to avoid trip hazard pararing there are no loose cables or materials on the floor.</li> <li>Conduct are sual handling risk as assement quentify potential lifting issues before starting work.</li> <li>Provide trains of for works s on safe in excechniques and ergonomics to prevent manual handling injuri.</li> <li>Use to fine able we benches or platforms to maintain comfortable working heights and reduce strain.</li> <li>Ensure all to be and enipment are in good condition and suitable for the task to minimize the risk of mishanding.</li> <li>Soudur regular breaks to prevent fatigue, which can contribute to mishaps and injuries.</li> <li>Post we ong signs in areas where dust levels may be high to alert employees to the need for additional procutions.</li> </ul>	2M
2. Setting Up Equipment	Electric shock, Falling objects	ЗН	<ul> <li>Ensure all electrical equipment is tested and tagged according to Australian standards before use.</li> <li>Use Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCIs) to reduce the risk of electric shock.</li> <li>Inspect cords and plugs for damage prior to use; do not use damaged equipment.</li> <li>Keep all technical equipment, including cords and power boards, away from water or damp areas.</li> <li>Securely fasten cables and wires using cable ties or duct tape to prevent tripping hazards and equipment falls.</li> <li>Set up a clearly defined work area by establishing barricades or signage to keep unauthorised personnel out.</li> <li>Utilise non-conductive ladders when working at heights to mitigate electric shock risk.</li> <li>Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, such as hard hats and insulated gloves, during setup.</li> <li>Thoroughly check the stability of scaffolding or platforms where overhead work may dislodge objects.</li> <li>Store tools and materials securely when working at height to prevent falling objects.</li> <li>Assign a spotter or safety observer to monitor for potential dangers while setting up equipment.</li> <li>Implement a lockout/tag-out system to ensure equipment remains de-energised during setup.</li> </ul>	1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Conduct a pre-start meeting to discuss potential hazards and control measures with all team members involved.	
3. Measuring And Cutting Tape	Hand injuries, Eye injuries due to flying debris	2M	<ul> <li>Ensure all workers are provided with and use to propriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as cut-resistant gloves to prevent hand injuried.</li> <li>Provide safety glasses to all employees to petect of ast flying debris that may cause eye injuries.</li> <li>Implement a "sharp tools safety" training session of educate workers on the proper handling and use of cutting tools.</li> <li>Use specialised tape explication or dispensers to increase direct contact with blades.</li> <li>Inspect all cuttle vools replantly represented to make the proper handling and use of cutting tools.</li> <li>Majorating a clear and or unised work to acto reduce the risk of slips or falls which might lead to accident cuts of the injuries.</li> <li>Ensure is clear that ting in the work area to improve visibility and accuracy when measuring and cutting tape.</li> <li>Implement a labely system or team approach, especially for inexperienced workers, to provide interesting a distractions or horseplay near the tape jointing area to maintain focus and prevent cidents.</li> <li>Insure and communicate clear boundaries where the measuring and cutting activities are performed to keep unauthorised personnel away.</li> <li>Regularly review and update work procedures to integrate new safety practices or address any observed hazards.</li> <li>Develop an emergency response plan specific to the activities, including steps to take in the event of a cut or eye injury.</li> <li>Ensure first-aid kits are readily accessible at the worksite and include supplies for treating minor cuts and eye wash solutions.</li> <li>Encourage workers to report any unsafe conditions or near misses without fear of retribution, ensuring continuous improvement in safety protocols.</li> </ul>	1L
4. Placing Tape on Joints	Falling from heights, Struck by moving object	ЗН		2M







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6. Sanding Joints	Respiratory problems			2M
7. Clean-up Process	Trips and falls, Cuts and scrapes from sharp objects	2M		<b>1</b> L



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8. Inspection	Trips and falls, Struck by falling of the cts	2M		1L
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9. Maintenance of Tools	Electric shock, Hand injuries	ЗН		1L
10. Storage Of Materials	Manual handling injuries, Trips and falls	2M		1L



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11. Final Touch-ups	Eye injuries, Respiratory problems from dust	2M		<b>1</b> L



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12. Waste Disposal	Exposure to harmful substances, Manual handling injuries			1L
13. Dismantling And Packing Up Equipment	Struck by moving equipment, Manual handling injuries	2M		1L



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14. Transporting Equipment	Vehicle accident, Manual handling injuries	ЗН		2M



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15. Reporting and Review	Miscommunication accidens	₹M		1L
16. Emergency Procedures	Panic leading to accidents, Lack of knowledge on procedures	2M		1L



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17. Regular Training	Unskilled handling leading to mishaps, Lack of regular updates on procedures	2M		1L



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18. Safety Audits	Inaccurate assessment reading to overlooked hazard	oH.		2M
19. Equipment Upgrades	Use of outdated equipment leading to accidents	3H		2M



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20 Delieu Devieus and	Microsymposisetion as leak of superton			1
20. Policy Reviews and Updates	Miscommunication or lack of updates leading to risks	2M		1L
				1



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractions of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractions-of-racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor</a> aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</a> Model Codes of Practice: <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice</a>

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as support ractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED