



Suspended Truss Clar	mp   SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK	OR ACTIVITY: Suspended Truss	Clamp	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or under a (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COTHIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo. auitab	le or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Falls from height, falling objects	ЗН	<ul> <li>Provide adequate training: Ensure all works anvolved in the operation have received proper training in the installation, handling, and dismantling on ispended as a clamps.</li> <li>Implement fall protection system: Install guaration other suitable fall prevention systems around the work area to minimise the risk of falls from height.</li> <li>Utilise personal protective expanent (PPE): Requirement systems around the work area to minimise the risk of falls from height.</li> <li>Utilise personal protective expanent (PPE): Requirement was to wear appropriate PPE, including safety harnesses, hard hatse of non-suifootwear.</li> <li>Inspect equipment to before see: Requirement and the quipment, including clamps, ropes, and hoists, to ensure they or undamage and in good working condition.</li> <li>Sect work and: Bas and or come work area to prevent unauthorised personnel from entering the pipe ally harded or come work area to prevent unauthorised personnel from entering the pipe ally harded or some.</li> <li>Plan in untable wither conditions: Monitor weather forecasts and suspend operations if adverse weather commons, some as high winds or storms, pose a risk to worker safety.</li> <li>Maintal clear mmunication: Establish effective communication methods among team members, such as lower radio, so ensure everyone is aware of any potential hazards during operations.</li> <li>Use as at lifting techniques: Train workers on proper lifting techniques to help prevent injuries from halling heavy or awkward loads.</li> <li>Parow manufacturer guidelines: Adhere strictly to manufacturer guidelines for suspended truss clamp installation, maintenance, and usage.</li> <li>Establish an emergency plan: Develop an emergency response plan, including rescue procedures, to deal with potential incidents that could occur during the work process.</li> <li>Implement regular safety inspections: Conduct periodic safety audits and inspections to identify and rectify any potential issues in the working environment.</li> <li>Limit work a</li></ul>	2M
2. Site Inspection	Trips and slips, uneven surfaces	2M	<ul> <li>Prior to the commencement of any work, conduct a thorough site inspection to identify possible hazards such as uneven surfaces, slippery materials, and obstructions.</li> <li>Keep the work area clean and organised by tidying up any debris or materials that could potentially cause trips and slips.</li> <li>Clearly mark hazardous areas, such as uneven surfaces and slippery spots, using warning signs, cones, or safety tape to create a visible barrier.</li> </ul>	1L



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			- Implement appropriate housekeeping measures, like regular sweeping and mopping, to remove dirt, dust, and spills that can make surfaces slippery.	
			- Ensure suitable personal protective equipment (P ) is worn by all personnel, including slip-resistant footwear with good traction and grip to minimistate risk of slipping on wet, uneven, or otherwise unsafe surfaces.	
			- Install temporary flooring or leveling materia over ven surfaces where needed, to provide a safer walking and working surface for everyone.	
			- Provide adequate lighting a the worksite so that prkers be clear visibility of their surroundings, reducing the likelihood of tripp. For slipping hazard	
			- Train all workers and slips. Encourage the upon of meanical aid are trolleys and wheelbarrows to transport materials.	
			- Regularly may tor weath a conditions and ure that the work area remains safe during inclement weath. In the cent of sin, pay extra a cention to potential slips and trips hazards while adapting control measure accord.	
			- Creat, an enforce, 'walk, don't run' policy at the worksite, advising all workers to move cautiously and mindful, to a vid suid movements that may increase the risk of trips and slips.	
	•		- Figure 1 lining and instruction: Ensure all workers involved in the equipment assembly process are provided in adequate training and instructions on how to handle the clamps correctly, as well as the oper techniques for lifting and moving heavy objects.	
			- k planning: Prioritise setting up a thorough plan for the assembly process, identifying the safest methods for carrying out the necessary tasks, and ensuring all team members are aware of their roles and responsibilities throughout the procedure.	
			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Provide workers with appropriate PPE, such as safety gloves, to minimise the risk of finger pinching injuries during the assembly process.	
			- Appropriate tools: Use adjustable wrenches or other proper tools that can tightly grip the clamps to prevent slippage and pinch hazards.	
3. Equipment Assembly	Finger pinch, manual han Jaries	2M	- Inspection of equipment: Before commencing work, check the clamps and other equipment for any visible defects or damages that could compromise safety during the assembly process.	1L
			- Two-person lifting technique: Encourage workers to use a "buddy system" when manually handling heavy components of the truss clamp, to distribute the weight evenly and reduce the risk of injury.	
			- Maintain clean and organised work area: Regularly clear the assembly area of debris, obstructions, and excess materials to prevent trips, slips, and falls and ensure ease of movement while working.	
			- Properly store unused materials: Store unused truss clamp components in designated areas when not being used, to prevent them from becoming potential trip hazards or causing other injuries.	
			- Communication and signaling: Establish clear communication methods such as hand signals to minimise confusion between workers during the assembly process, helping to avoid incidents that might lead to injury.	



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			- Implement regular break schedules: Organise short breaks for workers throughout the day to help prevent fatigue-related injuries, particularly when performing physically demanding tasks, such as handling heavy equipment.	
			- Continuous monitoring and evaluation: Keep close eye on the work process and be prepared to adjust or modify plans as needed, in order to main contract the highest possible level of safety. Encourage workers to report any concerns or risk factors they concerns, so that adjustments can be made to prevent injuries from occurring.	
4. Hoisting Truss Clamp Dropped load, right g failure	ЗН		2M	



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5. Securing Connection Points	Miscommunication, unsecured connections	31		1L



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6. Inspecting Connections	Inadequate inspection, not detecting hazards	2M		1L
7. Clamp Placement	Incorrect equipment usage, improper positioning	3H		2M



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8. Load Attachment	Overloaded clamp, incorrect attachment methods	3H		2M



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9. Lifting Suspended Loads	Swinging loads, snagging on obstructions	ЗН		1L



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10. Final Inspection	Missed defects, overlooked hazards	2M		<b>1</b>



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11. Dismantling Setup	Electrical hazards, falling objects	ЗН		1L



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				•
12. Clean Up & Storage	Trips and slips, improper storage	2M		1L



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\underline{\textbf{Legislation QLD:}} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}}$ 

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatide

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compl

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED ED