Stock Stacking And Sto	oring   SAFE WORK METHC	D STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK 0	R ACTIVITY: Stock Stacking And	l Storing	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E Jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC - U is	required to en the that a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NK	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance i the VMS a vell as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN PHAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NAME OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	DMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such to compare those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contact each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an added by Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	$\square$ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	$\Box$ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
LOW       LOW       MODERATE       HIGH       HIGH       LOW       ktorecords       Isolate the hazard.         Iotes on Hierarchy of Controls:       Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrement on the value of the network of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtue ost enditive, while Administrative controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), the least effective       Substitution       Administrative         PPE       PPE       PPE       PPE       PPE										

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the ap	propriate PPL	abo, ruitab	i or the equi	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE Required:											
	Permit or Licenses Requirements						Ма	andatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



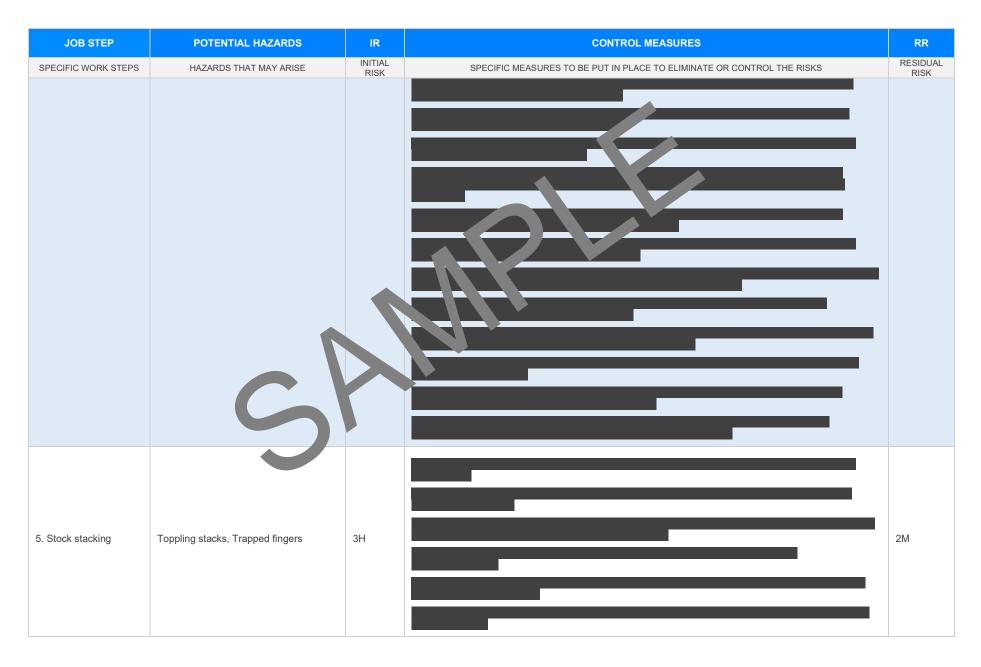
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Incorrect manual handling, Slips, trips and falls	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a risk assessment to identify potential hazards associated with manual handling and storage areas.</li> <li>Provide training on safe manual handling teo traine to all employees involved in stacking and storing.</li> <li>Ensure that all employees the proper personal to tective eet ument, such as gloves and non-slip footwear.</li> <li>Arrange items to be use preacting and bending, keyping the most frequently accessed items at waist height.</li> <li>Use mechangel aids like billeys or bibliff or heavy or awkward loads to prevent manual handling injurion.</li> <li>Main nuclear an ordell-lit walkways free from clutter and obstacles to reduce the risk of slips, trips, and falls.</li> <li>Estable n a nucleakee or groutine to regularly check and remove any hazards from storage areas.</li> <li>Isel strage a log clearly to help employees easily locate and access items without unnecessary movement.</li> <li>Instruct employees on the importance of maintaining good posture and how to lift correctly.</li> <li>Install slip-resistant mats in areas prone to moisture accumulation.</li> <li>Designate clear zones around stacking operations to avoid unauthorised personnel entering high-risk areas.</li> <li>Regularly inspect shelving and stacking equipment to ensure they are in safe working order and capable of bearing loads.</li> </ul>	2М
2. Equipment selection	Use of inappropriate equipment, Faulty equipment	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough assessment of the task to determine the appropriate equipment needed for safe stock stacking and storing.</li> <li>Implement a pre-operation inspection checklist to identify and report any faults or defects in equipment before use.</li> <li>Ensure all equipment is tagged with updated maintenance and service records, confirming it is safe and ready for operation.</li> <li>Provide training sessions for employees on selecting the correct equipment for specific tasks and understanding its limitations.</li> <li>Develop a schedule for regular maintenance and testing of equipment to prevent mechanical failures during operation.</li> </ul>	2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Establish a protocol for immediate reporting and replacement of faulty equipment to avoid interruptions in workflow.	
			- Keep a log of equipment inspections and mainter the activities to ensure compliance with safety regulations.	
			- Store equipment according to manufacture recommendations to extend its lifespan and maintain operational integrity.	
			- Conduct refresher courses periodically to keep opersonnel familiar with equipment safety and operational procedures.	
			- Designate a competent person asponsible for vern and all equipment used meets the necessary safety standards here and comparement.	
			- Ensure propertraining for all workers are menual handling techniques to manage heavy loads.	
			- Use the hanica of the uch as forklifts, pallet jacks, or trolleys to minimise the need for manual lifting of heavy the	
		- Implement traffic is the tagement plan to control vehicle and pedestrian movement during stock delivery.		
		Design e spurfic loading and unloading zones away from high-traffic areas to reduce the risk of a stents		
		Clean, rk and signpost all traffic routes and pedestrian walkways in the delivery area to ensure clear ibility.		
		4A	- unduct regular maintenance checks on all material handling equipment to ensure they are in safe and working condition.	
3. Stock delivery	Heavy loads, Traff nazards		- Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety boots, and high-visibility vests for all staff involved in stock delivery.	ЗH
			- Schedule deliveries during off-peak hours when there is less activity on site to reduce traffic hazards.	
		/	<ul> <li>Implement spotter assistance to guide vehicles backing into dock areas and to help with navigating crowded spaces safely.</li> </ul>	
			- Limit load sizes to manageable weights as defined by workplace guidelines to avoid strain and injury.	
			- Ensure that the ground surfaces where deliveries take place are even, stable, and free from obstructions to prevent slips and trips.	
			- Educate workers on the potential hazards associated with stock delivery and encourage reporting any unsafe conditions immediately.	
			- Monitor weather conditions and postpone or adjust deliveries during adverse weather to ensure safety.	
. Manual handling	Musculoskeletal injuries, Fatigue	3H		2M

Version 2.5







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
6. Quality control	Eye strain, Repetitive stress inter	2М		1L
7. Labelling	Chemical exposure from inks, Cuts from sharp objects	ЗН		2M





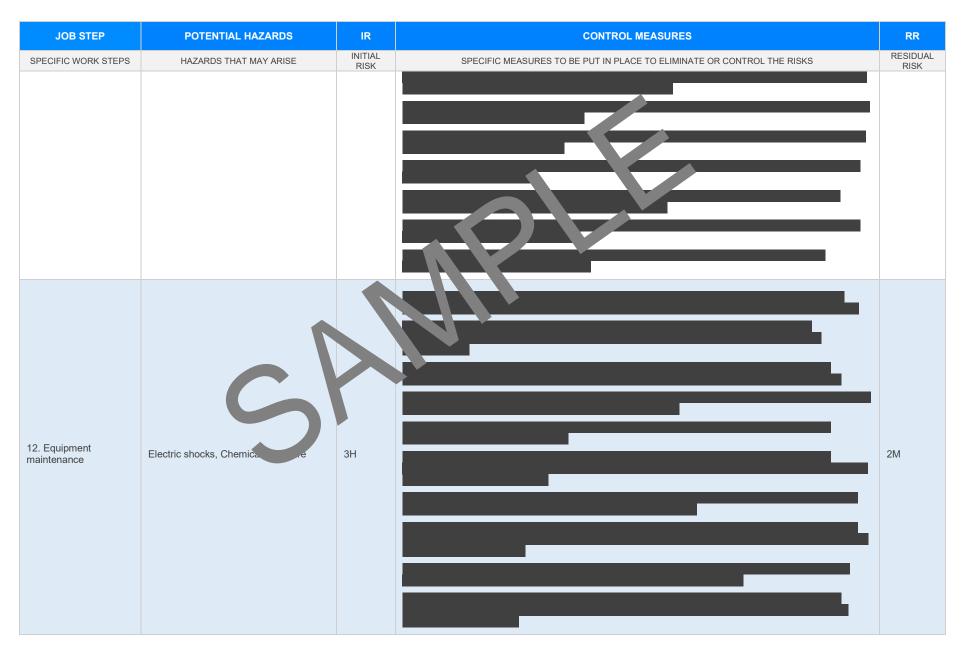






JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Retrieving items for dispatch	Falls from height, Struck by moving objects	ЗН		2M
11. Dispatch	Traffic hazards, Incorrect manual handling	ЗН		2M



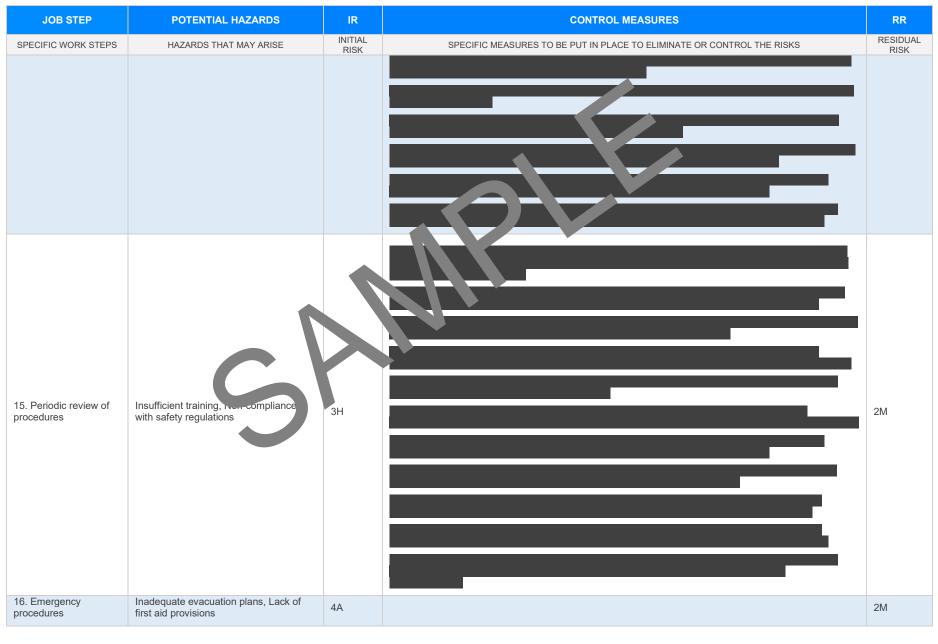


Version 2.5











JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
17. Training and Inductions	Misuse of equipment, Untrained staff, Non-compliance with safety regulations	ЗН		2M





Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				•
19. Incident reporting and investigation	Insufficient incident ca, Derayed reporting of incide	зH		2M
20. Closure procedures	Incorrect shut down procedures, Leftover hazards	ЗH		2M

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REF	ERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISL	ATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act and 4 Occupational Health and a fety or gulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> of thes on mactice VIC <u>extps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis</a> <a acts-and-regulations"="" href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Western Australia&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Act 2020&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022&lt;br&gt;Legislation Western Australia: &lt;u&gt;https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Codes of Practice WA: &lt;u&gt;https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Northern Territory&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011&lt;br&gt;Legislation NT: &lt;u&gt;https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-serv-laws&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Codes of Practice NT: &lt;u&gt;https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/ferresourcestors.compliance/weiplace-serv-laws&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Safe Work Australia Links&lt;br&gt;Law and Regulation (All States): &lt;u&gt;https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Model Codes of Practice: &lt;u&gt;https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-&lt;br&gt;codes-of-practice&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Model Codes of Practice&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;South Australia&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)&lt;br&gt;Legislation for SA: &lt;u&gt;https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Codes of Practice for SA: &lt;u&gt;https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt; &lt;li&gt;Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Confined spaces&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Welding processes&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Tasmania         Work Health and Safety Act 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012         Legislation for TAS: &lt;a href=" https:="" laws-and-compliance="" topics="" worksafe.tas.gov.au="">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a> Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	<ul> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> </ul>
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	<ul> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	$\boxtimes$	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	$\boxtimes$	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection	$\boxtimes$	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures.	$\boxtimes$	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	$\boxtimes$	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	$\boxtimes$	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	$\boxtimes$	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	$\boxtimes$	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED	