

Stairwell Accessibility For Moving	g Large Items SAFE WOR	K METHOD STATEMENT (SV	VMS)
TASK OR ACTIVI	TY: Stairwell Accessibility For M	oving Large Items	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jii:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	sting a business or under the (PC - I) is	required to en that a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NK	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	ppliance the VMS a vell as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ad in account with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such a comparison incare those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contrareach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS					
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS				
Project Name:					
Project Address:					
Project Manager:					
Contact Phone:					
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:					
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC					
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping				
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines				
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services				
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	\square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere				
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete				
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor				
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant				
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.				
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.				
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY				



	RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second me	Low MODERATE HIGH HIGH LOW Referred to the local of the field of the local of the l									

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the ap	propriate PPL	abo, ruitab	i or the equi	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE Required:											
	Permit or Licenses Requirements				Mandatory Qualifications and Training						

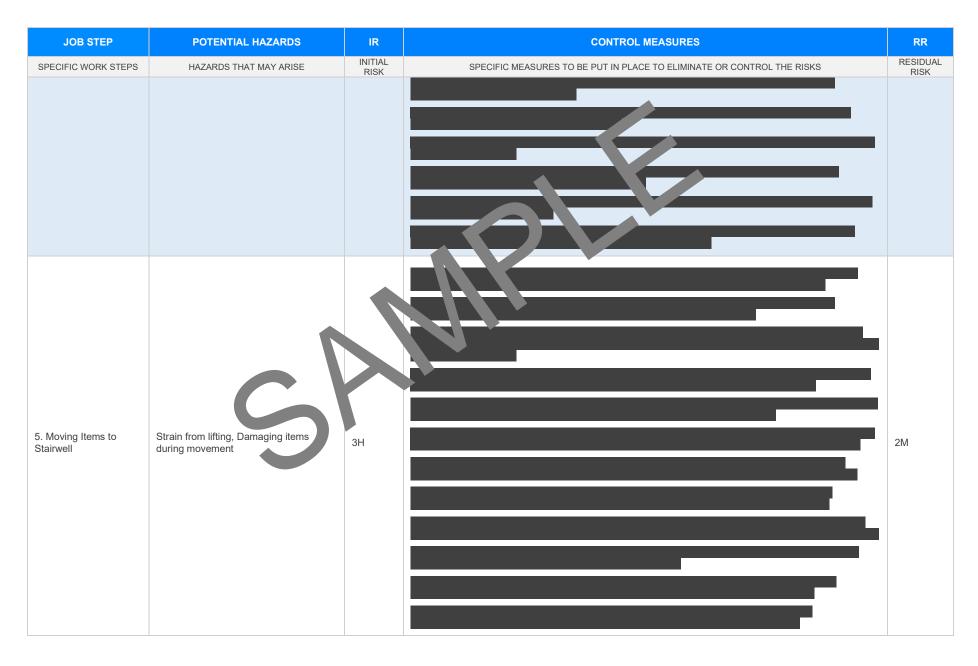


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Tripping over obstacles, Damage to items during movement	2М	 Conduct a pre-move walk-through to identify potential tripping hazards and remove any obstacles. Use warning signs or tape to clearly mark as uneverse affaces or steps. Arrange adequate lighting in the stairwell to present shadows and dark areas that might hide obstacles. Apply non-slip adhesive stription stair treads to natice slipting. Wear appropriate for one with rood grip to minime one risk of slipping or tripping. Secure looses undrails one ps part to compare line move. Perform a visual inspective of the iteration for one of the move. Perform a visual inspective of the iteration of the order of the move. Use is native cases or padding on bulky items to protect them from damage during movement. Label again items carriers to handle them with extra care. Develor a clear blan and pathway for item movement to minimise time spent carrying heavy loads. Dengina a team leader to coordinate and oversee the moving process, ensuring everyone is aware of their root. Set all staff involved in the move on safe lifting techniques and proper communication signals. Utilise equipment such as dollies or stair-climbing carts to assist in moving large or heavy items safely. 	1L
2. Assessing Stairwell	Falling objects, Slipping/Tripping on stairs	ЗН	 Conduct a thorough inspection of the stairwell for any obstructions, loose handrails, or uneven steps before beginning the move. Ensure proper lighting is available throughout the stairwell to maximise visibility and minimise tripping hazards. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves and steel-capped boots, to protect against falling objects and injury from slipping or tripping. Securely fasten or wrap large items being moved to prevent parts from loosening and falling. Implement communication protocols between team members, including signals or walkie-talkies, to ensure coordinated movements and prevent accidents. Assign designated personnel at both the top and bottom of the stairwell to guide and monitor the moving process. Use non-slip mats or tape on stairs to provide additional traction for workers and equipment. Limit the number of staff in the stairwell during moving operations to reduce congestion and potential tripping risks. Ensure all staff are trained in manual handling techniques specific to navigating stairwells with large items. 	2M



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			- Use mechanical aids, such as dollies with stair-climbing capabilities or motorised stair climbers, to reduce the strain on workers and improve safety.	
			- Assess weather conditions if exterior stairwells are avolved, and postpone moving operations in wet or icy conditions to avoid slips.	
			- Clearly mark the area with warning signs alert others of the ongoing operation, preventing unauthorised entry and potential mishaps.	
			- Regularly review and update existing Safe Woundethod Statements (SWMS) to incorporate new findings or changes in proceeding for ongoing implement inclusion wetry practices.	
			- Ensure all person units, red as rained in manual wandling techniques to minimise strain and injury.	
			- Use appropule lifting equiment, the as the sys or dollies, to assist in moving heavy items.	
			- Copyright a teal lift where dealing with the objects to distribute weight evenly among workers.	
			- Clear in stairwer cobstacles and ensure all pathways are wide enough to accommodate the item being py	
3. Clearing Pathway	Strain from lifting heavy items, Collisions with objects	2M	- Assign space to gauge and direct movers, helping them navigate through potential hazards.	1L
			polement a duranated signal system for communication between team members during the move.	
			Inspector route beforehand to identify and address potential collision points.	
			ncourage regular breaks for personnel during prolonged moving tasks to prevent fatigue.	
			- Puvide personal protective equipment like gloves and sturdy footwear to reduce the risk of accidents.	
			- Schedule the moving task during low traffic periods to avoid interference and collisions.	
4. Ensuring Proper	Poor visibility leading to accidents,			
Lighting	Electrical hazards from faulty lighting	3H		1L

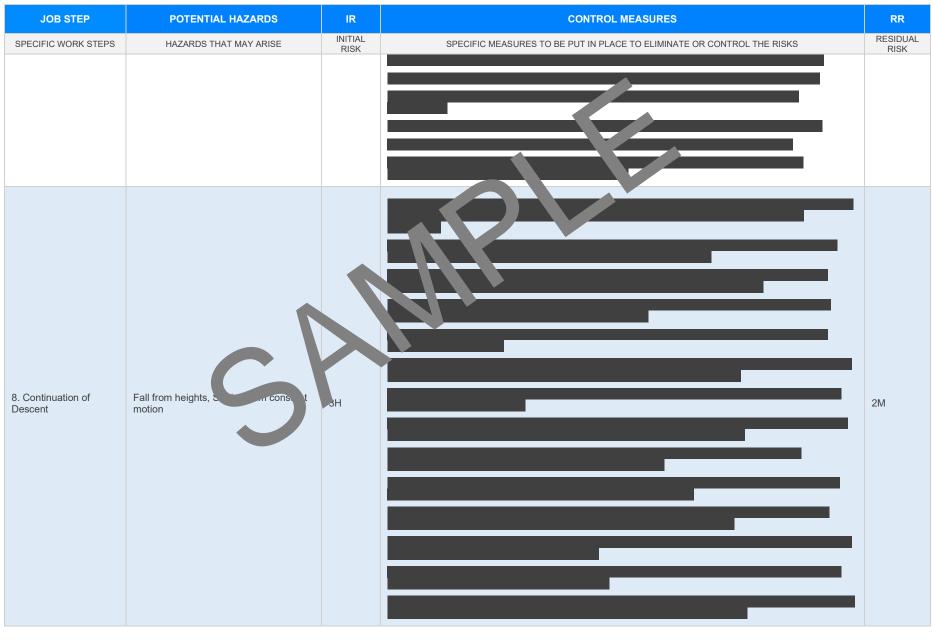






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6. Positioning at the Stairwell	Wrong positioning leading to falling item, Strain from incorrect handling	3Н		2М
7. Beginning Descent	Slipping/Tripping on stairs, Dropping items due to loss of grip	4A		ЗН





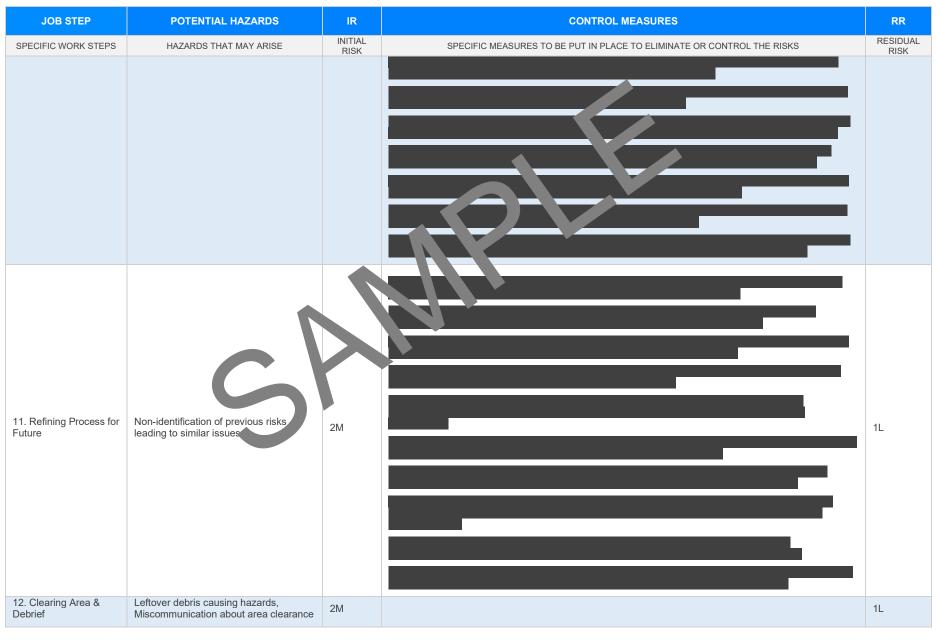
Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



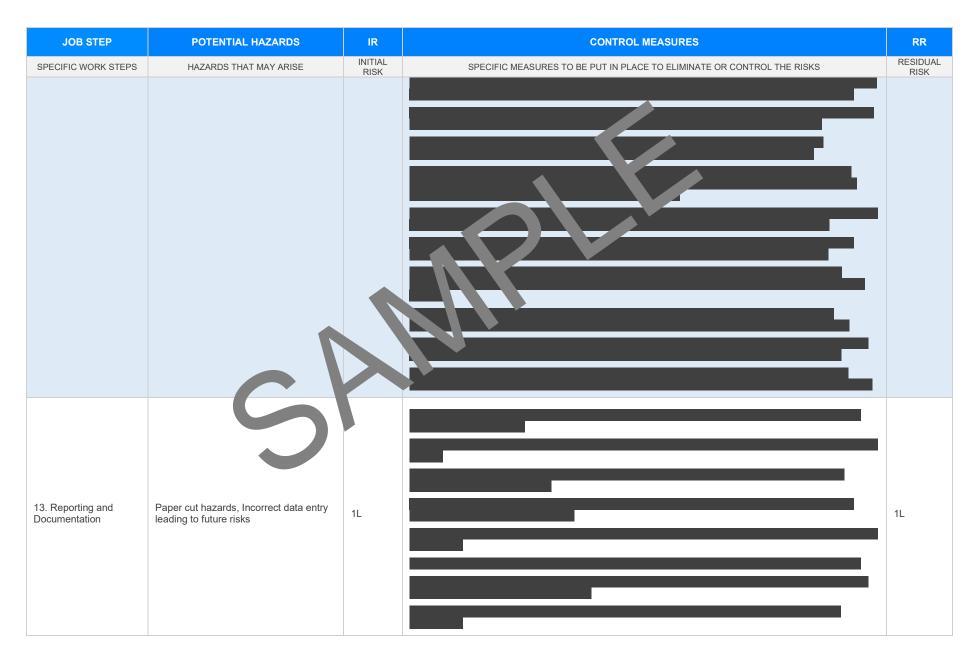
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9. End of Descent	Risk of object collision at base, Strain from final lifting	2М		1L
10. Verifying Completion	Remaining debris causing trip/fall, Miscommunication leading to accidents	2M		1L



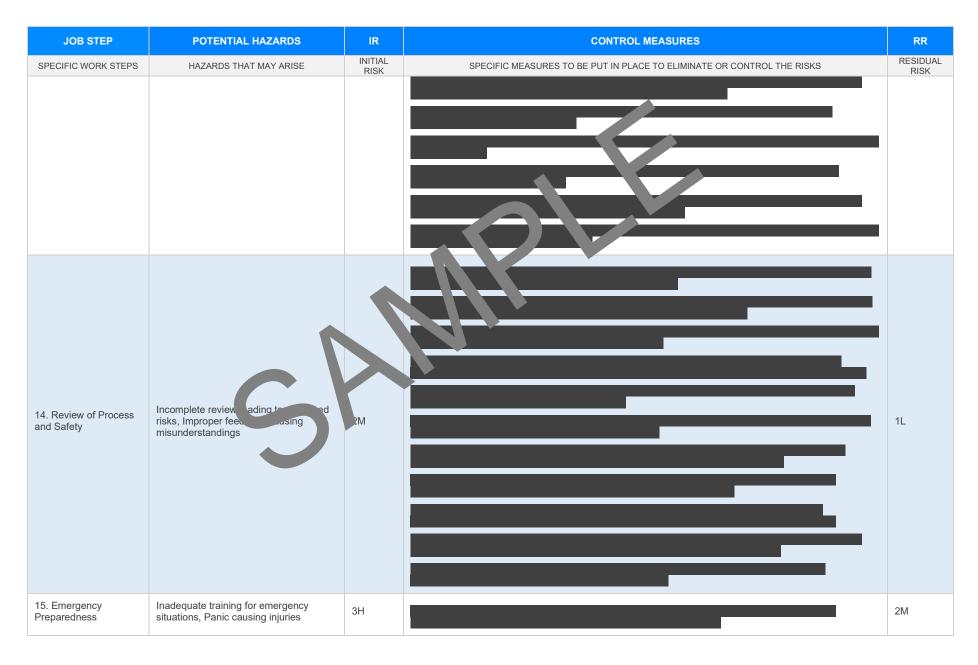


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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REF	ERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISL	ATIVE REFERENCES DANY STATE DAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act 2004 Occupational Health and onfety or gulations 2017 Legis from VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-ogulations</u> or thes on mactice VIC <u>actps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-serv-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/ferriced-resources/compliance/weiplace-serv-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u> <u>codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	 Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\square	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs	\boxtimes	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection	\boxtimes	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the importation ontrol measures.	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE RE	VIEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED