Stadium Tours Operati	ons SAFE WORK METHO	D STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK (OR ACTIVITY: Stadium Tours Ope	erations	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.		required to en the that a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN PHAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	DMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such to compare hicas those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contact each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	\square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	\Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



	RISK MATRIX												
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	000DF			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS				
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution				
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.				
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard				
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.				
is the second me	RARE LOW LOW MODERATE HIGH LOW ks arecords Isolate the hazard. otes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrement on a flag a hazard. Substitution the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtue to step wirk, while Administrative ontrols by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), the least effective Administrative work.												

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the ap	propriate PPL	abo, ruitab	i or the equi	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Other PPE Required:										
Permit or Licenses Requirements						Mandatory Qualifications and Training					

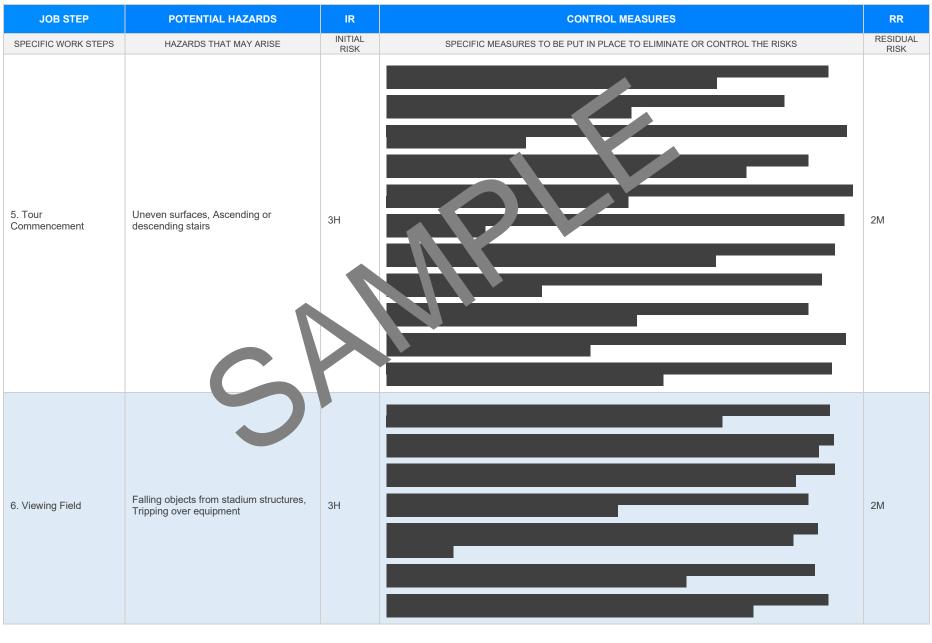


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, Manual handling injuries	2М	 Ensure all walkways are clear of debris and ostructions to prevent slips, trips, and falls. Conduct a pre-tour inspection of the area to lentify on potential slip or trip hazards. Use appropriate signage to alert personnel and onto software or uneven surfaces. Provide non-slip mats or submess in areas prone unoistic faccumulation. Train staff on proper using the diling techniques to mainise the risk of injury. Encourage technifting techniques or heavy or unkward items. Supply adequate person protective or universe or vertex and appropriate footwear, to workers performing manual heating tasks. Main the clean of organised storeroom to prevent overreaching or awkward movements. Implement gular heatenance schedules for all equipment to ensure it is safe to use. Clearly mark of illuminate changes in floor level or steps. Supply of items to be carried or lifted by an individual, according to guidelines. Invide mechanical aids such as trolleys or dollies to assist with moving heavy items. 	1L
2. Arrival at Stadium	Traffic hazards, Exposure to weather conditions	2М	 Ensure clear signage is installed to direct vehicles and pedestrian traffic safely around the stadium area. Designate specific drop-off and pick-up zones for buses and coaches to minimise interaction with general traffic. Develop a traffic management plan that includes speed restrictions and barriers in high-risk areas. Provide high-visibility vests to all staff members who are required to work near vehicle traffic. Implement a buddy system where tour guides communicate and coordinate group movements to avoid traffic. Schedule arrival times during off-peak hours where possible to reduce congestion and associated risks. Conduct regular checks and maintenance of pedestrian walkways to prevent slips, trips, and falls. Ensure staff are trained in emergency procedures related to traffic accidents or adverse weather conditions. Provide shaded waiting areas or shelters to protect individuals from harsh sunlight or adverse weather conditions. Encourage the use of public transport by providing detailed information about available options to reduce the number of vehicles arriving at the stadium. 	1L



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3. Stadium Entry	Crowd control issues, Unauthorised access	ЗН	 Implement designated entry and exit points to control the flow of people and reduce congestion. Use barriers and signage to guide visitors and promit unauthorised access to restricted areas. Employ trained security personnel at entry users to monitor crowd behaviour and manage any escalating situations. Use access control systems such as wristback a conjectronic tickets to verify authorised entry. Position staff strategically thoughout the entry user to assist user directions and provide information. Conduct regular risk assessments to identify potent. Userards related to stadium entry and adjust control measures are used. Establish energiency protectures is incrowd-related incidents, ensuring all staff are familiar with them. Use CCTV scheillance to nonitor crowney overments and quickly identify any potential issues. Schein stagg is usering and clear visibility to ensure staff can easily identify and manage hazards. Liaise with how low encrement if necessary to support security efforts during high-attendance events. 	2М
4. Pre-tour Briefing	Miscommunication, Non-occurrance with instructions	2М		1L







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
7. Accessing Seating Areas	Slippery surfaces, sugh heights	4A		2М
8. Visiting Locker Rooms	Contact with cleaning chemicals, Slippery surfaces	ЗН		2M



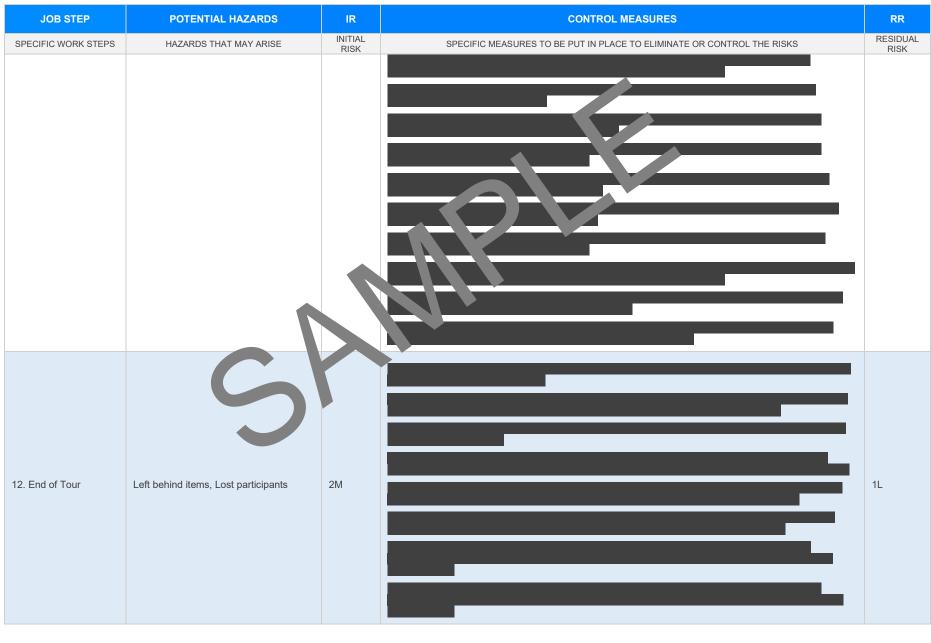
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
9. Catering Facilities Visit	Food allergies, Burn hazards	ЗН		2М



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. V.I.P Area Access	Unauthorized access, Privacy inciden			2М
11. Shop Visit	Shoplifting, Crowd congestion	ЗН		2М

Version 2.5





Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



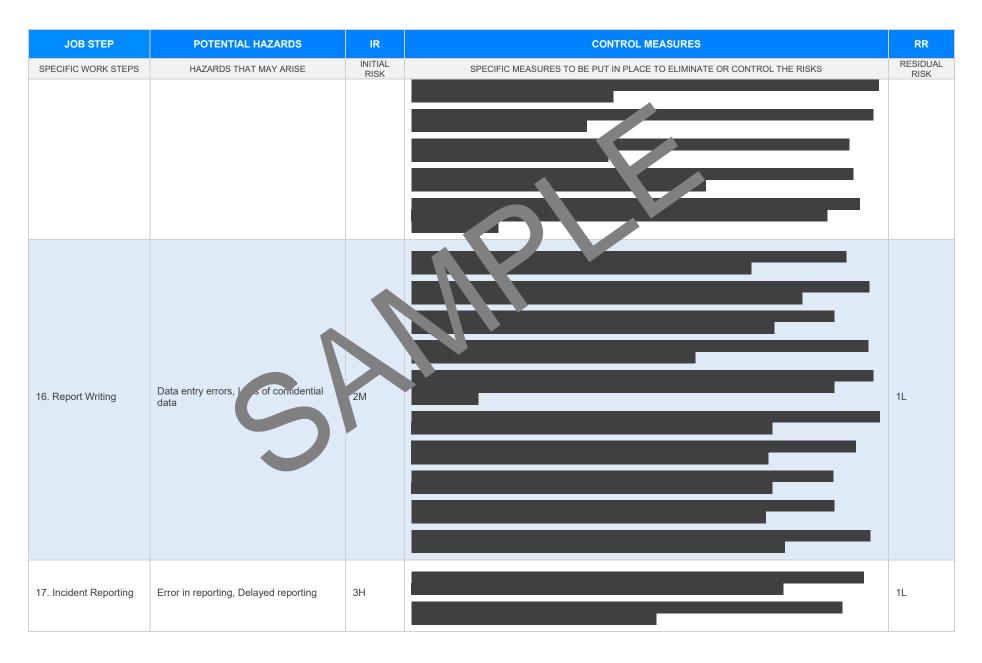
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
13. Feedback Collection	Data privacy breaches, Miscommunication			1L
14. Departure	Traffic hazards, Participants dispersal	ЗН		2M

Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
15. Clean-up	Sharps and bio-waste, Chemical exposure	ЗН		1L





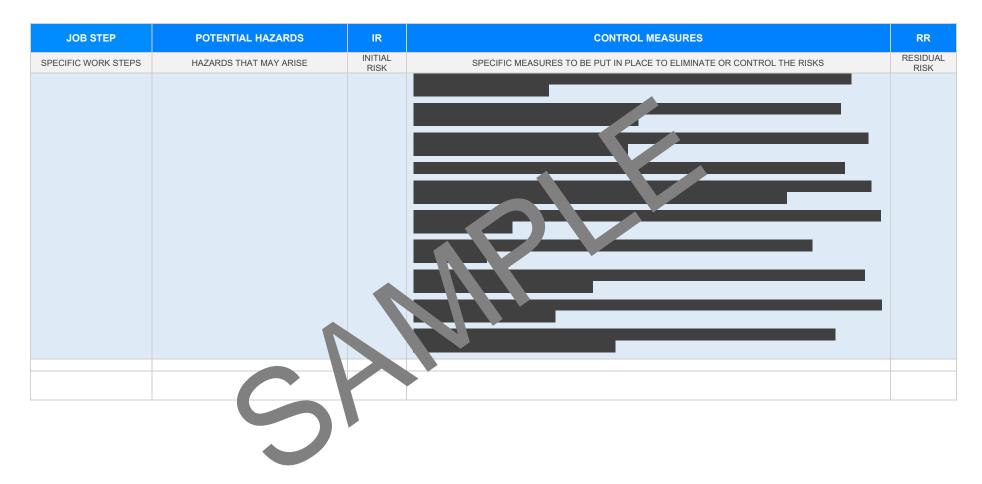






JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
19. Staff Debriefing	Miscommunication, Non-compliance with instructions	2M		1L
20. Closeout	Unsecured premises, Incomplete end-of- day procedures	2M		1L







EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES						
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE						
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act 2004 Occupational Health and onfety or gulations 2017 Legis non VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rgulatures</u> or des of mactice VIC <u>extps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>					
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>					
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-serve-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.au/ferver.gov.gov.au/f</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice					
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	 Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes 					
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 					
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 					



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS	
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.			
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs	\boxtimes		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	\boxtimes		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection	\boxtimes		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures.	\boxtimes		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	\boxtimes		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS.	\boxtimes		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\boxtimes		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED		
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		