



Serving Hot Dishes To Cus	tomers SAFE WORK MET	THOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR A	ACTIVITY: Serving Hot Dishes To	Customers	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must ste, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	Isolate the hazard. Administrative Otes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrence on the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the increase on the second most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equament) whe least effective									

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Risk of burns from hot equipment, risk of cuts from sharp utensils	ЗН	 Ensure all kitchen staff are trained in proportionality of hot equipment and sharp utensils. Provide and mandate the use of personal prective compment, such as heat-resistant gloves and aprons. Use clearly marked signs to adicate hot surface and potent bourn hazards. Regularly inspect hot equipment for functionality all olds wage to prevent malfunctions that can lead to burns. Implement constem to entere uters is are soldy stored with blades facing downward or in a secured block. Plat constructs and trivets on work surfaces to prevent accidental contact with hot items. Maintain are was lays and workspaces to avoid spills and accidents while carrying hot dishes or using sharp to its. Schedule roung safety briefings highlighting the importance of careful handling of hot and sharp items. On instructed handles or holders for pots, pans, and other cooking equipment where possible. Promotion a use of tongs or serving utensils to handle hot food items rather than bare hands. Itablish a protocol for immediate first aid treatment in case of burns or cuts, ensuring accessible first allowits. Display easy-to-follow procedures for safe lifting and carrying techniques to minimise the risk of spillage when transporting hot dishes. 	2M
2. Cooking	Exposure to hot surfaces and fluids, inhalation of smoke/fumes	ЗН	 Provide Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as heat-resistant gloves and aprons to minimise the risk of burns when handling hot surfaces and fluids. Ensure all staff members are trained in safe cooking techniques and are aware of the hazards associated with hot surfaces and fluids. Install adequate ventilation systems, such as range hoods, to reduce smoke and fumes in the kitchen area. Implement regular maintenance checks on cooking equipment to ensure they are in good working condition and do not pose heat risks to users. Use signage to indicate high-risk areas, such as near ovens, fryers, and stovetops, to warn staff of potential hazards. Set clear procedures for safely opening oven doors and lids of cooking pots to prevent steam burns. Encourage the use of long-handled tools, such as ladles and tongs, to keep hands away from hot surfaces and fluids during cooking. 	2M



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			- Set clear schedules for frequent breaks to allow staff to exit the kitchen environment and avoid prolonged exposure to heat and fumes.	
			- Store flammable materials away from cooking ar to reduce the risk of fire.	
			- Ensure proper storage and labeling of clear products and chemicals to prevent dangerous inhalation when mixed with kitchen smoke and fumes	
			- Regularly calibrate temperature control device of poking appliances to prevent overheating and subsequent hazards.	
			- Establish an emergency results see plan that include steps of treating burns and exposure to hazardous fumes.	
			- Promote good to green partices, reluding wasting hands after handling raw foods, to reduce slips caused by of our greasy flows around hot sure less.	
			- Ensure II kitch are provided with heat-resistant gloves and aprons to protect against hot plate contains.	
			- Use a properte uteralls such as tongs, ladles, or spatulas to avoid direct hand contact with hot plates or food.	
			- lement a system where hot plates are handled by trained personnel only.	
			Clean, el areas where hot dishes are placed to alert staff of potential hazards.	
			ep pathways clear to reduce the risk of accidental bumps and spills.	
			- Regularly inspect and maintain equipment to ensure they function properly, reducing the chances of accidents.	
3. Plating	Hot plate contact, Illing of hot food	2M	- Train staff in proper lifting techniques to avoid spills due to awkward carrying positions.	1L
			- Use serving trays designed to securely hold plates to minimise movement and prevent spilling.	
			- Limit the number of plates carried at one time to what can be safely managed.	
			- Instruct staff to announce "hot" when moving through crowded areas with hot dishes to alert others.	
			- Establish safe zones for plating where space is adequate and free from obstruction.	
			- Apply non-slip mats in areas prone to spills to reduce slip hazards.	
			- Ensure all staff members receive training on emergency procedures relating to burns and spill accidents.	
			- Schedule routine safety meetings to discuss and address any ongoing or new hazards related to plating hot dishes.	
Transport to serving area	Slip accidents due to spillage, burns due to touch with hot dishes	3H		2M
rea to tou	o touch with not disnes			



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5. Serving Dish to Customer	Burns due to hot plates, slip accidents due to broken dishware/liquid spillage	ЗН		2M



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6. Clearing away dishes	Risk of cut fingers from broken glass or porcelain, risk of burns from residual heat in dishes	2M		1L
7. Cleaning and Sanitising	Contact with cleaning chemicals, slips on wet floors	2M		1L



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8. Waste Disposal	Injury due to incorrect he line cavy waste bags, exposure to specific food contaminants	2M		1L
	Contaminanto			



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9. Maintenance of Equipment	Maintenance-related injuries, Electrical hazards	3H		2M
10. Inspecting Equipment	Risk of electric shock, burns from residual heat	3Н		2M



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11. Staff Training (Safety Procedures)	Insufficient knowledge leading to accidents, misunderstanding of safety protocol	2M		1 L



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12. Emergency Response Plan Review	Risk of confusion/injuries during emergencies due to outdated responsoplan	2M		1L
13. Reporting Incidents	Risk of unreported incidents leading to repeated mistakes	2M		1 L



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14. Regular Safety Audits	Risks overlooked, overlooked work ut equipment leading to acc.	ЗН		2M



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15. Updating Safety Signs and Warnings	Misinterpretation/ignorance of safety instructions, outdated information can lead to increased hazards	ЗН		1L
16. Regular Equipment Checks	Prolonged exposure to faulty equipment, ignoring minor faults that can escalate	3Н		2M



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17. Team Briefings (Safety Focus)	Inadequate knowledge of risks due t failed communication, ignoring safe protocols	2M		1 1 1 1



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18. Restock Emergency Kits	Risks incurred without proper first aid, usage of expired medication in kits	ЗН		1L
19. Review Safe Work Practices	Risks from poor work practices, overlooked unsafe behaviors	2M		1 L



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20. Improving Work Ergonomics	Strains due to bad ergono overlooked ergonomic issues leading to long term injuries	4A		2M



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED