| Security Door Testing And Ma | intenance SAFE WORK M | IETHOD STATEMENT (SWM | S) |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| TASK OR ACT | IVITY: Security Door Testing An | d Maintenance | |
| Business Name: | | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | E fil: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROCO BY | | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | ting a business or under the (PC - I) is | required to en that a safe work method s | tatement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | NK | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a | voliance i the VMS a well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS STMS MAKE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NATE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS | DMMUNICATED TO IN THE |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, so the companies those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contract hazard. | | | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR DETAILS |
|---|---|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping |
| □ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing | □ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services |
| □ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture | \square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere |
| □ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete |
| involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| □ is carried out in or near a confined space | \Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant |
| is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| ☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | ☐ involves diving work. |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY |
| | |
| | |
| | |



| RISK MATRIX | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | | | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS | |
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | SCORE | ACTION | | Elimination Remove the hazard. | |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCE | | Substitution | |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review befor work starts. | | Replace the hazard. | |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | | Isolate People from the hazard | |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and k⊾ records | | Engineering Isolate the hazard. | |
| TOTAL LOW LOW MODERATE HIGH HIGH LOW ktorecords Isolate the hazard. Idease on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrement on the value of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtue ost enditive, while Administrative Change the work. Administrative Change the work. Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equament), the least effective PPE | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | TIVE EQUIPM | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Select the ap | propriate PPL | abo, ruitab | i or the equi | oment used or | the job task | being perform | ned (if applica | able). | |
| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | | P ECTION | R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other PPE Required: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Permit or Licenses Requirements | | | | | | Ма | andatory Qual | ifications and | Training | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Trip hazards, Hazardous materials | ЗН | Conduct a thorough site inspection to identically potential trip hazards such as loose cables, uneven surfaces, or debris. Clearly mark or highlight any identified trip have nowth visible signage or tape. Ensure that all work areas on well-lit to improve sibility and duce the risk of tripping. Use caution flags or barriers is bordon off areas where phazards cannot be immediately removed. Store tools and charpmen in destinated areas areas the well-well well well well the risk of tripping. Provide tracking to staff or the importance of an antitatining clear walkways to prevent unnecessary clutter. Provide tracking to staff or the importance of an antitatining clear walkways and how to spot and report trip hazard. Ensure that all work areas are areas areas areas areas are well well well well well well well we | 2M |
| 2. Inspection | Electrical shock, Injury from defective equipment | 3Н | Conduct a visual inspection of all electrical equipment and cords before use to identify any visible damage or wear. Ensure all electrical components undergo regular testing and tagging by a licensed electrician in accordance with Australian standards. Use insulated tools and wear rubber-soled footwear to reduce the risk of electric shock during inspection activities. Equip workers with personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves and safety goggles to protect against physical injuries from defective parts. Implement lockout/tagout procedures to ensure that power is completely disconnected from the security door system before beginning inspections. | 1L |

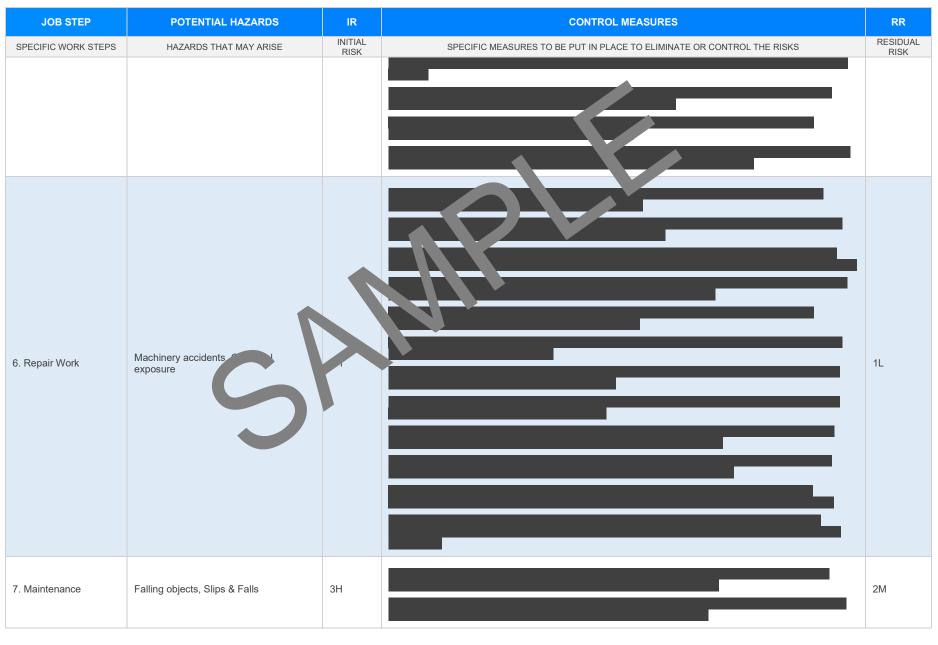


| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | - Provide adequate training for workers on recognising electrical hazards and proper handling of electrical equipment. | |
| | | | - Ensure a first aid kit is accessible at the worksite ong with trained personnel to administer first aid in case of an electrical incident. | |
| | | | - Keep all electrical panels and access point free of obstrations for easy access and quick shutdown if required. | |
| | | | - Clearly mark all defective equipment and removing from service until repaired or replaced to prevent accidental use. | |
| | | | - Maintain a safe distance from a ving parts and mean sms during inspections to prevent mechanical injuries. | |
| | | | - Ensure work are trainer and complete in identifying potential hazards associated with security door | |
| | | | - Control protocols related to the task. | |
| | | - Use at room repersent protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, long sleeves, and safety glasses reduce he rise of cuts and abrasions. | | |
| | | - Imp. new lockout/tagout procedures to ensure doors cannot move unintentionally during the ssessment. | | |
| | | | - ar the area of any tripping hazards or obstructions that could interfere with safe door operation. | |
| . Door Assessment | Crushing injuries, Chand aurasions | i. | Use caution signs or barriers to alert other personnel of ongoing maintenance work to prevent accidental interference. | 2M |
| | | | - Regularly inspect tools and equipment used in the assessment process to ensure they are in good working condition. | |
| | | | - Maintain a safe distance from moving parts and use proper handling techniques when operating or testing door mechanisms. | |
| | | | - Use correct manual handling techniques and adjust team lifting strategies for heavy components to minimise the risk of crushing injuries. | |
| | | | - Ensure adequate lighting in the work area to clearly identify potential hazards and perform assessments safely. | |
| | | | - Assign a spotter or second person to monitor the work and assist in emergencies or unexpected situations. | |
| | | | | 011 |
| Mechanical Testing | Electrical hazards, Crushing injuries | 4A | | 3H |
| | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 5. Electrical Testing | Electrical shock, Fire hazard | 4A | | 2M |

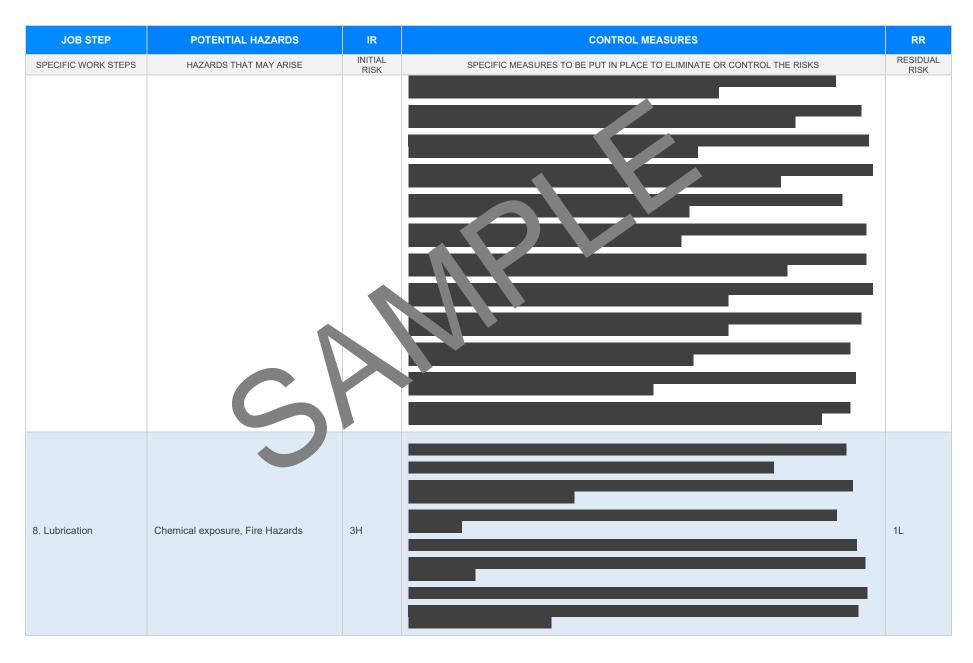




Version 2.5

Date of Issue:

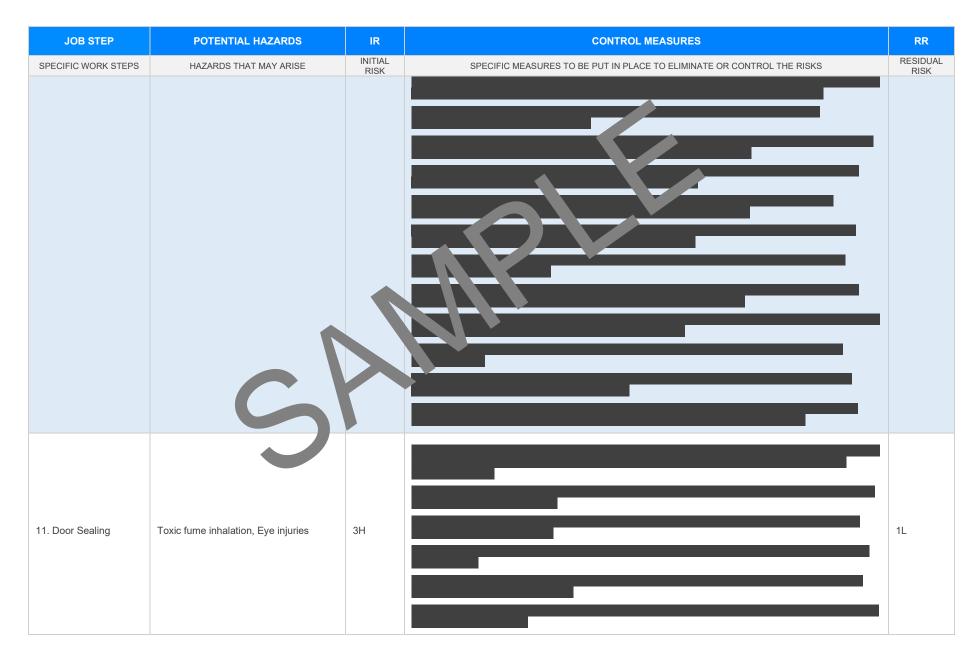




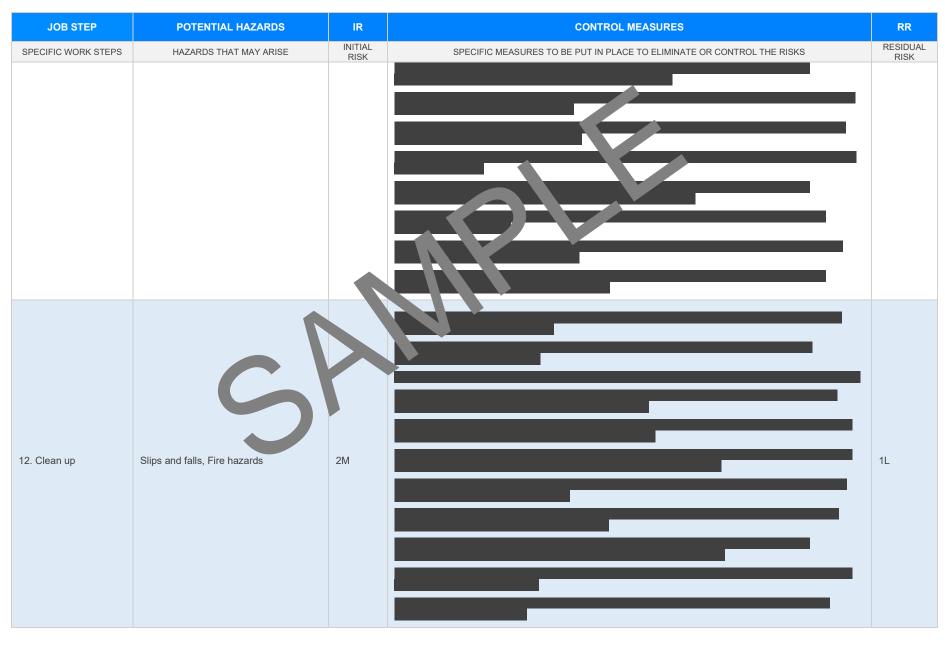


| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 9. Hinge Adjustment | Hand injuries, Eyen juries | 2M | | 1L |
| 10. Lock Replacement | Hand Injuries, Electrocution | ЗH | | 2M |













| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 13. Safety Check | Machinery accidents, Electric Shock | ЗН | | 1L |
| 14. Report Writing | Repetitive strain injury, Eye strain | 2M | | 1L |

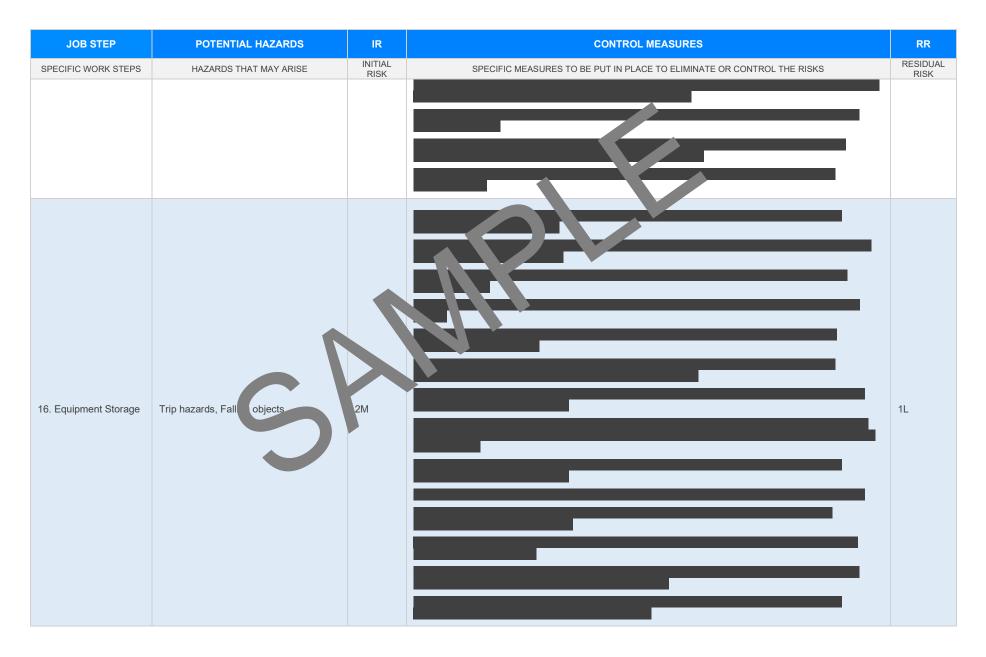
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| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 15. Debriefing | Psychological Stress, Overexertion | 2М | | 1L |





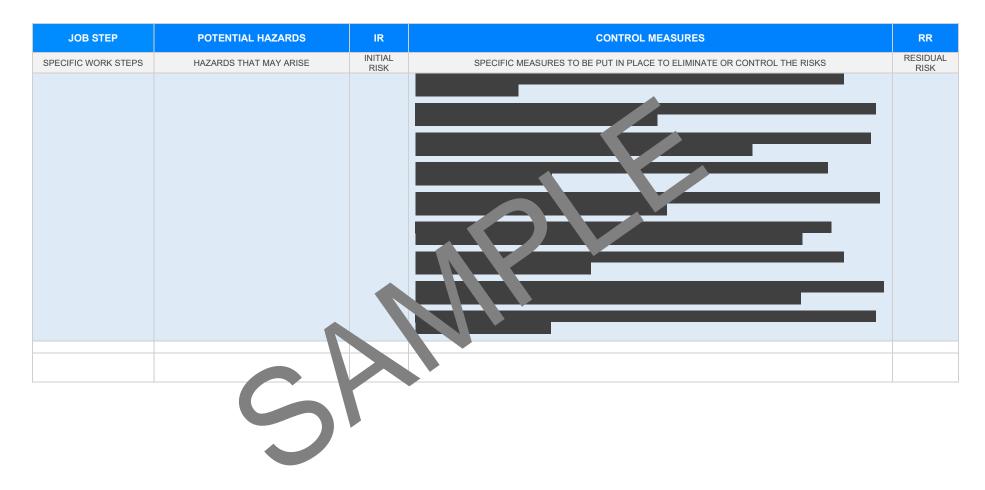






| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | • |
| 19. Final Inspection | Battery leakage, Flash & Caracter | 31 | | 2M |
| 20. Documentation | | | | |







EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

| LEGISLATIVE REF | ERENCES |
|---|---|
| RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISL | ATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE |
| Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> | Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act and 4 Occupational Health and a fety or gulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> of thes on mactice VIC <u>extps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u> |
| New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis <a acts-and-regulations"="" href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov</td><td>Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u></td></tr><tr><td>Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-serv-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/ferresourcestors.compliance/weiplace-serv-laws</u></td><td>Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice</td></tr><tr><td>South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u></td><td> Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes </td></tr><tr><td>Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice | First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work |
| Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents. | Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work |



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS |
|---|----------------|----------|
| | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | \boxtimes | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | \boxtimes | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs | \boxtimes | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted. | \boxtimes | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection | \boxtimes | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures. | \boxtimes | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. | \boxtimes | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use | \boxtimes | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work. | \boxtimes | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | \boxtimes | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | \boxtimes | |
| | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE REVIEWED | |
| SIGNATURE | DATE COMPLETED | |