| Screening Plant Opera | tion SAFE WORK METHO | D STATEMENT (SWMS) | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| TASK (| OR ACTIVITY: Screening Plant Op | peration | |
| Business Name: | | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | E ail: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY | | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | | required to en the that a safe work method s | tatement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring | voliance i the VMS a vell as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN PHAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS | DMMUNICATED TO IN THE |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such to compare hicas those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contract each hazard. | | | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR DETAILS |
|---|---|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping |
| □ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing | □ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services |
| □ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture | \square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere |
| □ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete |
| involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| □ is carried out in or near a confined space | \Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant |
| is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| ☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | ☐ involves diving work. |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY |
| | |
| | |
| | |



| | RISK MATRIX | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | 000DF | | | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS | |
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | SCORE | ACTION | | Elimination Remove the hazard. | |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCE | | Substitution | |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review befor work starts. | | Replace the hazard. | |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | | Isolate People from the hazard | |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and k⊾ records | | Engineering Isolate the hazard. | |
| is the second me | RARE 1 2 3 3 1L Initor and k Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. Isolate the hazard. otes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrence of a hazard. Substitution the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the vire ost en vive, while Administrative ontrols by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), the least effective Administrative work. | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | TIVE EQUIPM | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Select the ap | propriate PPL | abo, ruitab | i or the equi | oment used or | the job task | being perform | ned (if applica | able). | |
| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | | P ECTION | R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other PPE R | Other PPE Required: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Permit or Licenses Requirements | | | | | Mandatory Qualifications and Training | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Exposure to harmful materials, Slips, trips and falls | ЗН | Conduct a thorough risk assessment prior or a farting operations to identify potential hazards and implement control measures. Ensure all employees involved in the preparation case are trained and familiar with the Safety Data Sheets (SDS) of any harmful materials present. Implement proper personal prective equipment to (E) aroun as gloves, goggles, and respirators, to reduce exposure to be offul main relations. Regularly main and interact all preenting place equipment to ensure it is in safe working condition and free from perfects. Implement durations and interact all preenting place equipment to ensure it is in safe working condition and free from perfects. Cleal of the and the experiment price is a state of the price of the price | 2M |
| 2. Pre-Start Check | Machinery-related injuries, Ergonomic risks | 3Н | Conduct a comprehensive pre-start inspection to identify any potential mechanical issues or defects in the screening plant. Ensure all safety guards and covers are securely in place before starting the machinery. Verify that all emergency stop buttons are functional and easily accessible. Check fluid levels, including oil and coolant, and ensure there are no leaks that could pose safety hazards. Perform a visual inspection for loose bolts, wear and tear on parts, and any potential obstructions in and around the screening plant. Confirm that personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots, is worn by all operators and personnel in proximity. | 2M |

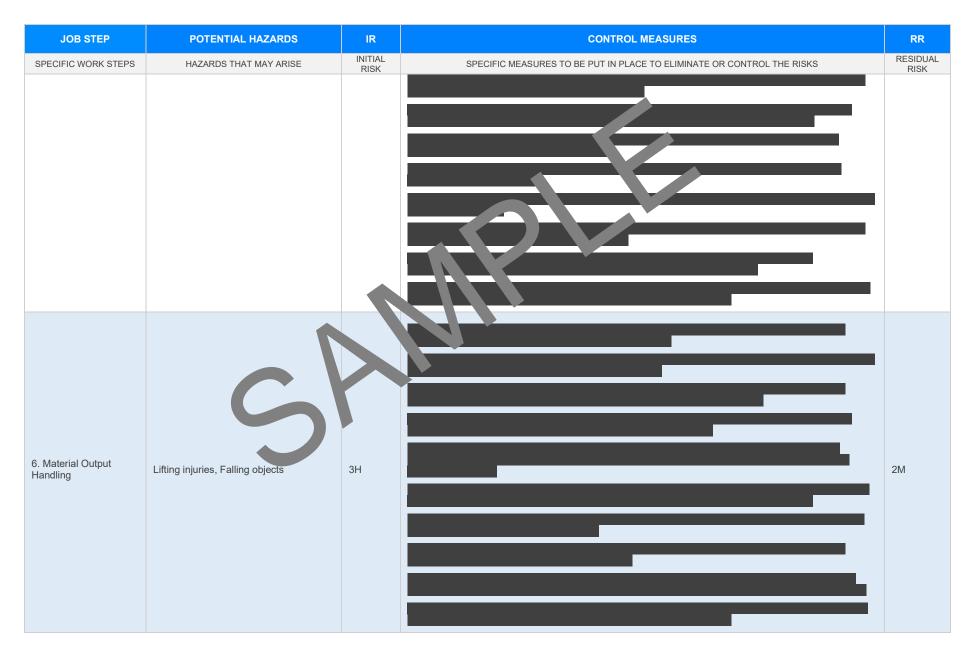


| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | - Ensure all operators are fully trained and competent in the use of the screening plant, with evidence of training documented. | |
| | | | - Maintain clear communication channels among to a members to quickly address any issues identified during the pre-start check. | |
| | | | - Implement a lockout/tagout procedure to the ture machinely is not inadvertently started during maintenance checks. | |
| | | | - Address ergonomic risks by assessing the setue of ensure operators maintain proper posture and positioning while working. | |
| | | | - Use adjustable platforms or stars if necessary to a survive www.ard postures or overreaching during inspection or operation. | |
| | | | - Designate ar areas arc d the sceening and for safe entry and exit to prevent slips, trips, and falls. | |
| | | | - Ensure adequate lighting is provided to collitate a thorough inspection and to ensure operators do not strain a vision | |
| | | | - Reguerry, wiew a stupdate pre-start checklists to incorporate feedback and changes in best practices or equil the spgrad. | |
| | | | - unduces pre-suct inspection to ensure all safety features and guards are in place and functioning correct | |
| | | | Insure that operators are trained and competent in operating the screening plant equipment safely. | |
| | | | - the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as hard hats, high visibility clothing, gloves, and steel-capped boots. | |
| | | | - Establish an exclusion zone around the operating area to prevent unauthorised personnel from entering. | |
| | | | - Implement a robust communication system between operators using two-way radios or hand signals to coordinate activities safely. | |
| 3. Load Material | Falling objects, Moving machinery hazards | 4A | - Position machinery so that loading arms and other moving parts operate away from workers to reduce the risk of contact. | 2M |
| | | | - Regularly maintain and service machinery to prevent mechanical failures that could lead to falling objects or moving machinery hazards. | |
| | | | - Install warning signs and barriers to alert workers and visitors of potential dangers associated with the operation of the plant. | |
| | | | - Use spotters to assist with guiding machinery and ensuring no obstructions exist during operation. | |
| | | | - Limit load size to manufacturer specifications to prevent spills or overload incidents that could lead to falling objects. | |
| | | | - Develop and rehearse emergency procedures, ensuring all staff are familiar with actions required in case of an incident. | |
| 4. Plant Operation | Noise exposure, Dust inhalation, Moving machinery hazards | 4A | | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 5. Material Screening | Flying debris, Noise exposure | ЗН | | 2M |



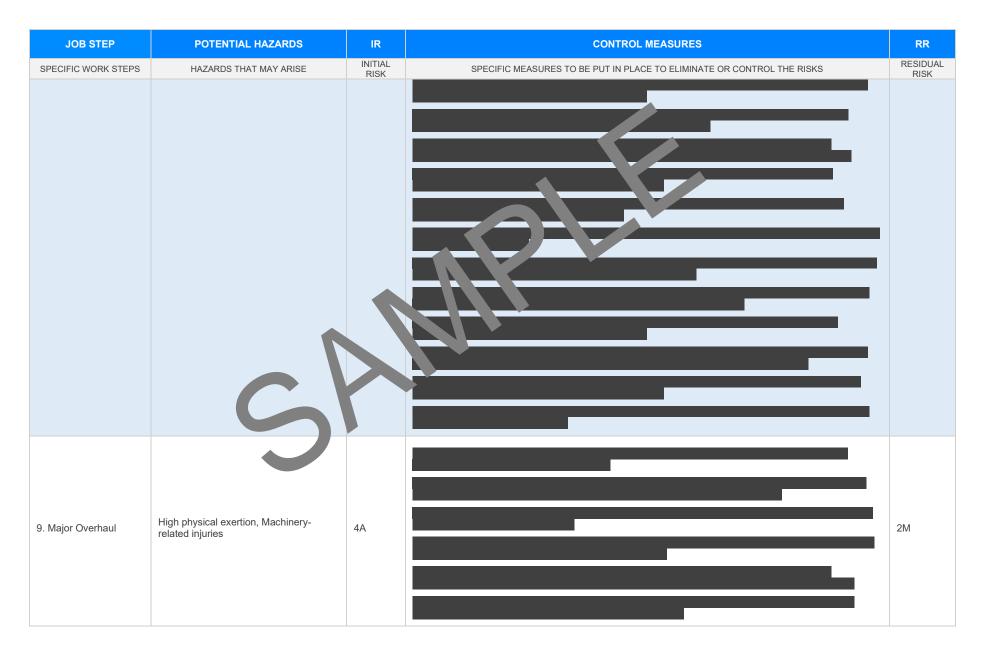




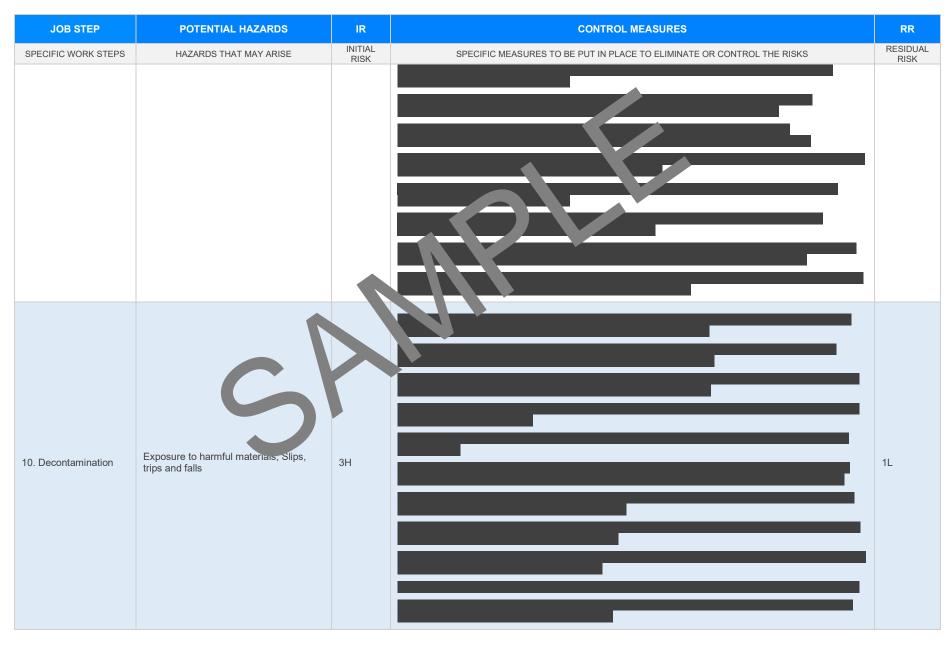
| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 7. Periodic Maintenance | Machinery-related injuries, Exposure to harmful materials | 31. | | 2М |
| 8. Minor Repairs | Electrical hazards, Machinery-related injuries | ЗН | | 2M |

Version 2.5











| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 11. Shutdown Procedure | Moving machinery hazards, Electrical hazards | 2М | | 1L |
| 12. Incident Reporting | Repercussions of unreported hazards, Psychological distress | ЗН | | 2M |

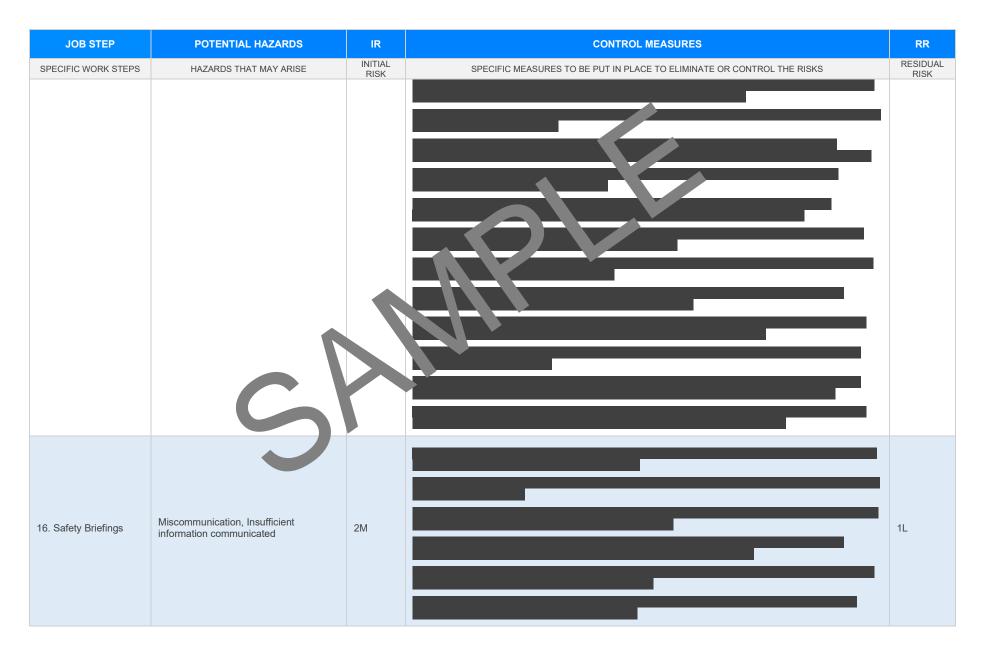






| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 14. Emergency Response Prep | Insufficient prepar on for emergencies Panic-triggered ad vients | - ЗН | | 1 L |
| 15. Waste Disposal | Waste management hazards, Exposure to harmful materials | 2M | | 1L |



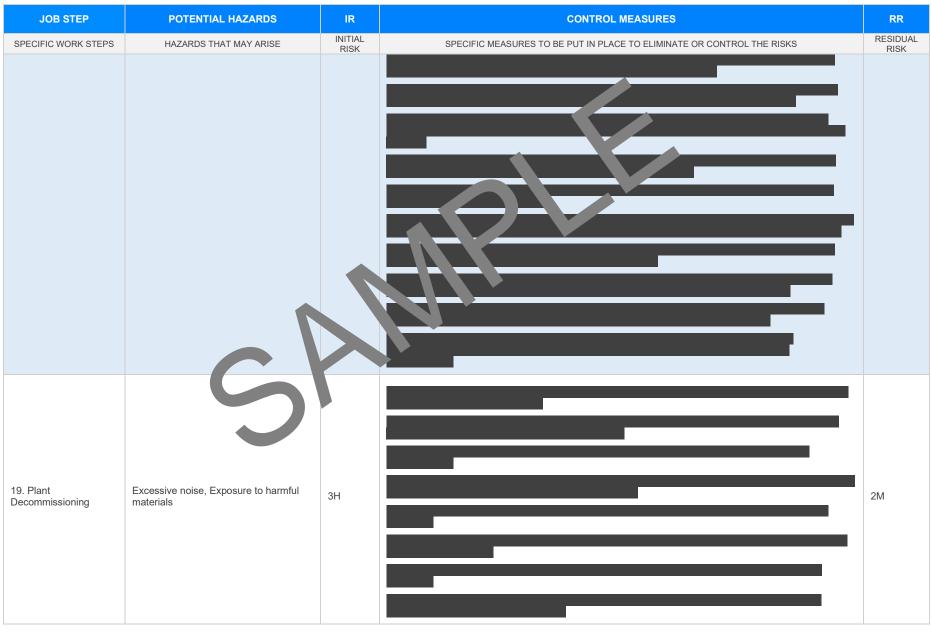




| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 17. Work Roster Planning | Fatigue management, madequate breaks | 2М | | 1L |
| 18. Labour Management | Inadequate training, Insufficient manpower | ЗН | | 2M |

Version 2.5







| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 20. Crew Debriefing | Insufficient information communicated, Psychological distre | | | 1L |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

| LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE | | | | | | |
| Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice | Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act 2004 Occupational Health and onfety or gulations 2017 Legis non VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rgulatures</u> or des of mactice VIC <u>extps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u> | | | | | |
| New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative | Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u> | | | | | |
| Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-serv-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/ferriced-resources/compliance/weiplace-serv-laws</u> | Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice | | | | | |
| South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_dces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u> | Model Codes of Fractice Model Codes of Fractice Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes First aid in the workplace | | | | | |
| Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice | First and in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination | | | | | |
| Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents. | Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work | | | | | |



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS | |
|---|----------------|----------|--|
| | | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | \boxtimes | | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | \boxtimes | | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs | \boxtimes | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted. | \boxtimes | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection | \boxtimes | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures. | \boxtimes | | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. | \boxtimes | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use | \boxtimes | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work. | \boxtimes | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | \boxtimes | | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | \boxtimes | | |
| | | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE REVIEWED | | |
| SIGNATURE | DATE COMPLETED | | |