



Responding To Accidents Or	Incidents. SAFE WORK N	IETHOD STATEMENT (SWM	S)
TASK OR ACT	ΓΙ VITY: Responding To Accident	s Or Incidents.	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROTO BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S VMS MY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	Administrative Change the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equament), the least effective Description of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrence on the protective of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the protective Equament), the least effective									

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo. auitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Inadequate training, misuse of equipment	ЗН	 Ensure all employees receive comprehence training on emergency response procedures relevant to their role. Regularly review and update training program to unect new safety standards or workplace changes. Implement a buddy system there experienced of an more new employees in emergency preparedness. Conduct regular of consistent ones simulations for different accident scenarios to build confidence and familiarity. Provide detected instruction and unit manufactor all safety equipment, ensuring they are easily accessible. Instruction are arran tisilate signage near safety equipment explaining proper use and maintenance. Concept utine in sections of all safety equipment to ensure they are in good working condition. Clearly table and constructed equipment to minimise the risk of misuse during an emergency. Maintain an upon date inventory of all safety equipment and replace items as needed. Assure signated roles within emergency response teams to ensure efficient use of resources and quipme. Id regular workshops and refresher courses to reinforce correct usage techniques for safety tools. Ensure all employees know the location and operation of shut-off valves, switches, and circuit breakers relevant to emergencies. Develop easy-to-follow checklists for employees to use in case of an accident or incident. Encourage open communication and feedback from employees on training efficacy and areas for improvement. 	2M
2. Arriving at the scene	Traffic risks, secondary accidents	3H	 Conduct a dynamic risk assessment upon arrival to understand the situation and identify potential hazards. Park emergency vehicles a safe distance from the accident site, ensuring they do not obstruct traffic or pose additional risks. Use hazard warning lights and reflective signage to alert oncoming traffic of the incident ahead. Set up temporary barriers or cones to create a secure perimeter around the site, directing traffic away from the incident. Deploy spotters to actively monitor traffic flow and communicate with responders to mitigate further risks. Wear high-visibility clothing and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) to increase safety and visibility. Communicate effectively with other response teams and ensure all team members are aware of established safety protocols. 	2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Establish a clear access route for emergency personnel and vehicles to avoid congestion and delays.	
			- Be cautious of slippery surfaces, debris, or any other environmental hazards that may cause slips, trips, or falls.	
			- Monitor the behaviour of bystanders and increase law enforcement if necessary to maintain safety and order.	
			- Be aware of potential secondary incidents, see enicle fires or hazardous material leaks, and respond accordingly.	
			- Ensure that there are sufficient first aid supplies a dilable address immediate medical needs at the scene.	
			- Regularly review and up, a providures based in lessons learned from past incidents to improve response eff viveness and afety.	
			- Always ear the propriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, masks, and eye protect of a previous exposure to dangerous substances.	
			- Secure the lea by a ting up barriers or cones to keep unauthorised personnel away from the incident scene.	
			- ntify nd assus any chemical or hazardous material involved using labelling, safety data sheets (SDs, reacards.	
			Ise spill wits and containment measures immediately if a spill of a hazardous substance has occurred to misse environmental and human exposure.	
			Call for qualified emergency assistance if the situation involves complex or high-risk hazards beyond your training and capability.	
	Exposure to danger stances,		- Approach emotionally distressed victims calmly and with care, using reassuring verbal and non-verbal communication to de-escalate anxiety.	
3. Assess the situation	emotionally distressed victims, and bystanders	4A	- Maintain a safe distance while monitoring victims and bystanders to protect both yourself and others from harm.	2M
			- Utilise established emergency or first aid procedures as per your training until professional help arrives.	
			- Record important details about the incident promptly, including potential causes, injuries, and details about substances involved, for reporting and future reference.	
			- Consider cultural sensitivities and language differences that may affect communication with victims and bystanders, ensuring effective interaction.	
			- Coordinate with emergency services on arrival to provide information and facilitate their access to the site.	
			- Turn off equipment if necessary and safe to do so, to prevent further risks or incidents caused by operational machinery.	
			- Implement emotional support or counselling resources for staff and witnesses post-incident to address mental health impacts.	



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			- Review and update workplace procedures and training based on the incident to improve future responses and prevent recurrence.	
4. Secure the area	Unstable structures, tripping hazards	ЗН		1L
5. Gather information	Miscommunication, incomplete information	2M		1L



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6. Provide first aid	Incorrect application, exposure to bod fluids			2M
7. Call emergency services	Delay in response time, incorrect location details	2M		1L



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				ı
	Aggressive or anxious ground membra			
8. Manage crowd	Aggressive or anxious crowd member, blocking access for emergency services	3H		2M



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9. Monitor casualty	Deterioration of casualty's condition, delayed shock	ЗН		2M
10. Liaise with emergency services	Miscommunication, jurisdiction issues	2M		■ 1L



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11. Document incident	Omission of important details, personal liability issues	2M		1L



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12. Debriefing team	Emotional stress, overlooking important follow-up	2M		1L
13. Cleaning up the site	Hazardous waste, sharp or hot debris	3Н		1 L



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	•			
				I
14. Reporting incident to management	Omission of important details, incorrect recording of incident	2M		1L

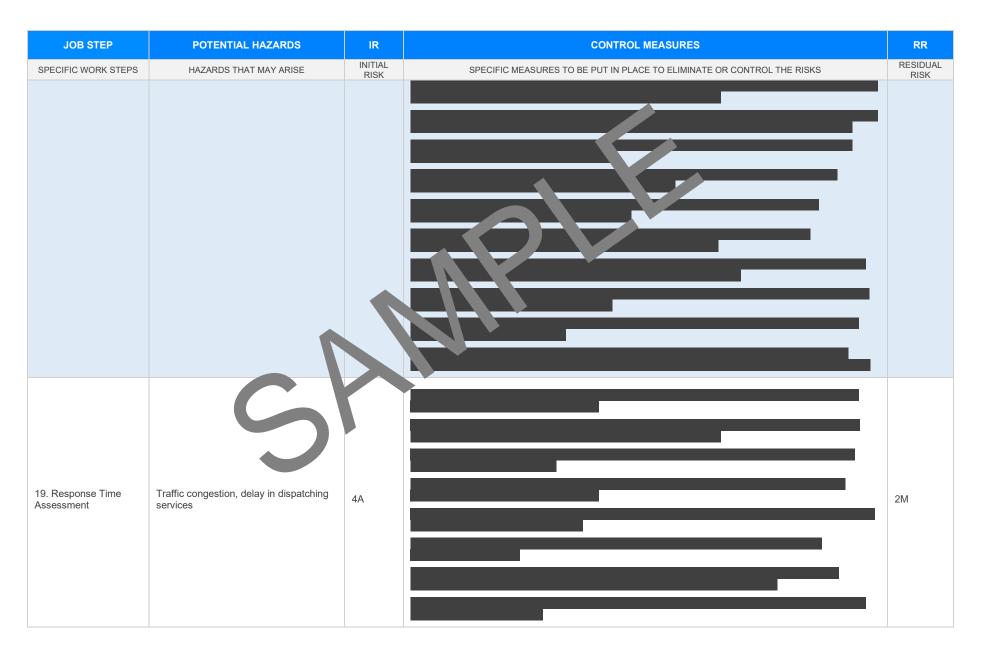


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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15. Review and update procedures	Non-compliance, outdated practices	2M		1L
16. Fire accident reporting system	Electric buffer, miscommunication	4A		2 M



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				•
				•
17. Rescue evacuation	Wrong route, pan induced accidents	4A		2M
method	wrong route, pair anduced accidents	44		Zivi
				•
18. Advanced Rescue Aid	Lack of training, failure of equipment	3H		2M







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20. Incident Follow-Up	Inadequate support average cause analysis	IA		2M



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatide

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED