



Respiratory Problems From Damp Or Mo	ould Affected Spaces SAI	E WORK METHOD STATEM	ENT (SWMS)
TASK OR ACTIVITY: Res	spiratory Problems From Damp (Or Mould Affected Spaces	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E 11:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undo	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA, ¿ OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Other PPE Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Inadequate personal protective equipment, Poor ventilation	3H	 Conduct a risk assessment to identify pote can sources of damp or mould before beginning work. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPF) such as P2 masks, gloves, and safety goggles to prevent exposure to harmful spores. Ensure proper fit testing of a spiratory PPE to makinise protection for each worker. Implement engineering control usuch as local exhibition, to improve air flow and reduce mould spore concentration. Establish encommental remitoring a regular caneck humidity levels and detect areas prone to mould growth. Product raining an absorbing signs or inadequate ventilation and the importance of maintaining suitable above. Seal of worders for maintain indoor humidity below 60% to inhibit mould growth. Positive earn buefings to inform workers about specific health risks associated with working in damp or mould, the environments. Corporate signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert personnel of respiratory hazards and PPE recorders in the signage around the work site to alert pers	2M
2. Assessment of Area	Exposure to mould spores, Faulty detection equipment	ЗН	 Ensure all workers have received training on identifying and assessing damp or mould-affected areas and understand the risks involved. Use personal protective equipment (PPE) such as P2 masks, gloves, and protective eyewear when entering suspected mould-affected areas. Conduct a visual inspection for signs of water damage, visible mould growth, or musty odours before entry. Maintain and regularly calibrate detection equipment to ensure accurate readings; replace faulty equipment immediately. Use moisture meters to assess the level of dampness in walls, floors, and other surfaces to identify potential problem areas. Limit access to the affected area to authorised personnel only during assessment to minimise exposure risk. 	2M



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			- Implement engineering controls if necessary, such as installing air scrubbers with HEPA filters to reduce airborne spores.	
			- Document findings of the assessment thoroughly building the location and extent of mould growth and dampness levels.	
			- Use non-invasive methods first to identify adden mould such as infrared cameras or borescopes, to mitigate structural damage.	
			- Establish an emergency procedure for workers to experience adverse health effects such as respiratory distress during the ssessment.	
			- Ensure proper ventilation of the pace by using extension or opening windows and doors where possible to dispersion.	
			- Collaborate un industria vgienis of high the counts are detected to confirm the need for more specialised residuation must be sures.	
			- Pro selear suggestion and icating restricted areas and the use of PPE requirements to communicate hazar sectively all staff.	
			- Condul regular inspections and maintenance checks on all dehumidifiers prior to use to ensure they are actionic correctly.	
			- Ens. It air scrubbers are selected based on the specific requirements of the affected area and are apable andling the job effectively.	
			- tify that all electrical equipment, including dehumidifiers and air scrubbers, is tested and tagged to comply with Australian safety standards.	
			- Train personnel in the proper setup, operation, and troubleshooting of dehumidifiers and air scrubbers, focusing on manufacturer guidelines.	
3. Equipment Setup	Faulty dehumidifiers, meffective air	ЗН	- Position dehumidifiers and air scrubbers strategically within the affected space to maximise air circulation and efficiency.	1L
	scrubbers		- Use monitoring equipment, like hygrometers, to assess humidity levels regularly, ensuring equipment is having the desired effect.	
			- Implement a process for immediate reporting and repair of faulty equipment to minimise downtime and health risks.	
			- Place warning signage around equipment to prevent unauthorised or accidental tampering during operation.	
			- Ensure adequate ventilation in work areas to support the effectiveness of dehumidifiers and air scrubbers.	
			- Develop emergency response procedures specific to equipment failure during operation to mitigate potential risks to health and safety.	
l. Damp Treatment	Risks of chemical exposure, Inadequate training	4A		2M



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5. Mould Removal	Embedding mould during removal, Exposure to mould spores	4A		2M



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6. Disposal of Debris	Incorrect disposal methods, Spread of mould spores	3H		1L



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7. Cleaning and Sanitisation	Misuse of cleaning chemicals, Insufficient sanitisation	4A		2M
8. Drying Process	Improper use of drying tools, Prolonged moisture leading to repeat mould growth	3Н		2M



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9. Monitoring Post- Treatment	Inadequate follow-up checks; Recurrence of mould growth	ЗН		1L



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10. Reporting and Documentation	Inaccuracies in represent, Negrecting documentation still rations	2M		1L
11. Re-Occupation	Premature re-occupation, Lack of awareness about post-treatment waiting period	3H		2M



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12. Follow-Up Check After Re-Occupation	Reoccurrence of mould/dampness, Laxity in executing follow-up checks	ЗН		2M



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13. Employee Training	Incomplete training procedures, Negligence in observing	40		2M
14. Regular Maintenance Checks	Poorly conducted checks, Overlooking areas of potential recurrence	3Н		1 L



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15. Emergency Procedures	Inadequate emergency procedures, Incomplete evacuation processes	4A		3H



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16. Equipment Maintenance and Update	Faulty equipment remains in use, Neglecting regular equipment updating	4A		2M



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17. Compliance with Health and Safety Regulations	Non-adherence to WP stions, Failure to meet state ory requirements			2M
18. Audits and Inspections	Incomplete audits, Overlooking potentially dangerous findings	4A		2M



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19. Customer Education	Lack of effective communication, Failing to accurately inform customers about risks and precautions	ЗН		2M



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20. Remedial Actions for Non-Compliance Issues	Delayed actions, Insufficient remediati methods	47		2M
	5			



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as support ractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED