



Residual Current Devices	(RCDs) SAFE WORK MET	HOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR A	ACTIVITY: Residual Current Devi	ces (RCDs)	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROTO BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MISS MISS MISS MISS MISS MISS MISS M	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE	

	PERS VALT TECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)										
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Electrical shock, Trip hazards	2M	 Provide training and awareness to all work annolved in the work step, emphasising the risks associated with electrical shock and trip has ds, as well occrrect usage of RCDs. Inspect the worksite prior to commencing work and entify any potential sources of electrical shock and trip hazards; address or eliminate these prior to orting work. Ensure that all electrical equation and tools are analyzed appropriate RCDs to minimise the risk of electrical shock. Arrange for requart testing and may tenance of CDs to ensure they are working effectively and will provide the necessary protection against electrical shock. Clean mark to display any areas were trip hazards are present, such as uneven surfaces or protrice object occrives can take extra care when navigating these spaces. Encoding modifications are to minimise the risk of tripping over items left on the ground. Use can a provitors, ramps, or other cable management solutions to cover exposed cables and wires runing a loss withing paths, reducing the likelihood of trips and falls. Instructor kers to report any defective or damaged equipment immediately, particularly if it poses a risk electrical shock, so it can be assessed and replaced if necessary. Ensure all workers wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as safety shoes with elip-resistant soles, to reduce the risk of slipping or tripping while engaging in the work step. Implement an emergency response plan in case of electrical shock incidents, with clear instructions on what steps need to be taken to respond safely and effectively. Regularly review and update the SWMS as necessary, taking into account new equipment, changes in the workplace environment, or feedback from workers regarding the effectiveness of existing controls. 	1L
2. RCD Installation	Incorrect wiring, Falling tools	ЗН	 Proper training and certification: Ensure that all personnel involved in the RCD installation process are adequately trained and certified to work on electrical systems, minimising the risk of incorrect wiring. Pre-installation checks: Conduct thorough checks on existing wiring and circuits before starting the installation process to identify any potential issues or risks. Use of insulated tools: Provide workers with insulated tools specifically designed for electrical work to reduce the risk of electrical shock during the installation process. Lockout/tagout procedures: Implement lockout/tagout procedures to isolate the electrical circuit being worked on, preventing accidental energising of the system during installation. Fall protection equipment: Require workers to use appropriate fall protection equipment, such as harnesses and lanyards, while working at heights to prevent falling tools and other objects from causing injuries. 	1L



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			- Designated tool tethering: Encourage the use of designated tethering points on tools and equipment to secure them while working at heights, minimising the risk of dropped objects.	
			- Clear communication protocols: Establish clear procols for communication between team members during the RCD installation process to avoid minderstandings or mistakes that could lead to hazards.	
			- Regular workplace inspections: Conduct a ular inspectors of the work area to identify and rectify any potential hazards, such as loose wiring, expected electronal components, or cluttered workspaces.	
			- Safe access and egress: Ensure safe and uno ucted access and egress routes are maintained throughout the work area to chimise the risk of a dents or undents involving workers and bystanders.	
			- Protective clothing and PPE: Let ure that all worker an appropriate protective clothing and personal protective equipment of the protective	
			- Emergency ponse plan Develop reagency response plan that covers potential hazards related to RC installations, including steps to carckly and safely address any incidents, such as electrical emerging as or in the aresulting from falling tools.	
			- Regul instraction: conduct a thorough inspection of the RCDs to identify any visible signs of damage, wear an lear, tampeding before commencing work activities.	
	1		- Fig. 1. Fig. 2. Fig. 2. Fig. 2. Fig. 3. Fig.	
			- Let equipment: Use only approved RCD testing equipment that is properly calibrated and maintained, as recommended by the manufacturer.	
			- Clear workspace: Maintain a clean and uncluttered working environment to reduce the risk of accidents during RCD testing procedures.	
			- Pre-test checks: Carry out checks on each RCD before testing to confirm correct wiring, installation, and operation.	
3. Testing RCD	Faulty equipment, Insufficient knowledge	2M	- Follow standard procedures: Always adhere to the established testing procedures for RCDs as outlined in Australian Standards, industry guidelines, and manufacturer recommendations.	1L
			- Warning signs: Display suitable cautionary signage around the area where RCD testing is taking place to alert others of potential hazards and to maintain a safe distance.	
			- Personal protective equipment (PPE): Provide and require workers to wear appropriate safety gear during RCD testing, such as safety glasses, gloves, and protective footwear.	
			- Safe isolation: Ensure the RCD is isolated from the main power supply during testing to eliminate the risk of electric shock or other incidents arising from energised equipment.	
			- Post-testing checks: After completion of the test, conduct a thorough inspection of the RCD to ensure all connections are secure and it functions correctly before returning it to service.	
			- Documentation: Record the test results, including any identified faults or issues, and report them to site management. Keep records of tests according to the relevant regulatory requirements.	



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			- Faulty equipment protocol: If an RCD is found to be faulty during testing, follow the organisation's established procedure for handling defective equipment, such as tagging it out of service, notifying responsible parties, and arranging for repair or replament.	
			- Emergency response plan: Develop and implement an emergency response plan that covers potential accidents or incidents during RCD testing, auding first aid, emergency shutdown procedures, and communication protocols. Ensure all worker and well-trained in these procedures.	
4. Visual Inspection	Poor visibility, Obstacted access	2M		1L



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5. Equipment Setup	Defective cords, Overloaded circuits	2M		1L
6. Test RCD Operation	Improper test procedure, Incomplete testing	3H		1L



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7. Record Results	Data entry errors, Miscommunications	1L		1L



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	5			
8. Periodic Audits	Documentation inconsistencies, Missed inspections	2M		1L



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9. Replacement of RCDs	Incorrect disposal, Cross-contamination	2M		1L



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10. RCD Maintenance	Malfunctioning equipment, Poor workplace conditions	2M		1L



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11. Training for Employees	Inadequate training materials, Untrained workers	ЗН		2M



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12. Incident Reporting	Incomplete information, Lack of timely reporting	2M		1L



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	5			



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.ssafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED ED