



| Refrigerant Recovery Syste   | ems Use   SAFE WORK ME                                       | THOD STATEMENT (SWMS)                      |                                     |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| TASK OR A  | CTIVITY: Refrigerant Recovery S                              | Systems Use                                |                                     |
| Business Name:   |  | ABN:                                       | SWMS#                               |
| Business Address:  |  |  |                                     |
| Contact Person:  | Phone:   | E fil:                                     |                                     |
|  |  |  |                                     |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD  | STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY                                     | THE PC. OF THE ROJECT                      |                                     |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.   | eting a business or under the (PC 1) is                      | required to en that a safe work method s   | statement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name:   |  |  |                                     |
| Signature:   | NY   | Title:                                     | Date:                               |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a   | opliance the VMS a well as review                            | s and modifications of the SWMS.           |                                     |
| Full Name:   |  | Title:                                     | Phone:                              |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED   | NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI<br>EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COTHIS SWMS | OMMUNICATED TO IN THE               |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.   |  |  |                                     |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must ste, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.   |  |  |                                     |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.  |  |  |                                     |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. |  |  |                                     |





| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL  | CONTRACTOR DETAILS  |
|--|---|
| Client:  | SCOPE OF WORKS  |
| Project Name:  |   |
| Project Address:   |   |
| Project Manager:   |   |
| Contact Phone:   |   |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:   |   |
| ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR  | NAME OF THE POLIT   |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR  | N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT   |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters                                     | is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping                                       |
| ☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower  | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines                                      |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing                      | $\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services              |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure           | ☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere                |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb  | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete  |
| ☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| ☐ is carried out in or near a confined space   | ☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant  |
| ☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives   | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.                              |
| $\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.  | ☐ involves diving work.   |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER   | Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |



| RISK MATRIX       |  |               |               |            |              |                |                                   |                                 |  |
|-------------------|--|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| LIKELIHOOD        | INSIGNIFICANT  | MINOR         | MODERATE      | MAJOR      | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE          | ACTION                            | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS           |  |
| ALMOST<br>CERTAIN | 3<br>HIGH  | 3<br>HIGH     | 4<br>ACUTE    | 4<br>ACUTE | 4<br>ACUTE   | SCORE          | ACTION                            | Elimination Remove the hazard.  |  |
| LIKELY            | 2<br>MODERATE  | 3<br>HIGH     | 3<br>HIGH     | 4<br>ACUTE | 4<br>ACUTE   | 4A<br>ACUTE    | DO NOT<br>PROCE                   | Substitution                    |  |
| POSSIBLE          | 1<br>LOW   | 2<br>MODERATE | 3<br>HIGH     | 4<br>ACUTE | 4<br>ACUTE   | 3H<br>HIGH     | Review before work starts.        | Replace the hazard.             |  |
| UNLIKELY          | 1<br>LOW   | 1<br>LOW      | 2<br>MODERATE | 3<br>HIGH  | 4<br>ACUTE   | 2M<br>MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | Isolate People from the hazard  |  |
| RARE              | 1<br>LOW   | 1<br>LOW      | 2<br>MODERATE | 3<br>HIGH  | 3<br>HIGH    | 1L<br>LOW      | nitor and                         | Engineering Isolate the hazard. |  |
| is the second m   | the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the increase on the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the increase on the least effective method of controlling a hazard. PPE (Personal Protective Equation) who has the flexible of the second most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equation) who have the least effective |               |               |            |              |                |                                   |                                 |  |

|                    |                    |                    |                  | PERS        |                       | TIVE EQUIPM                           |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
|                    |                    | Select the app     | propriate PPL    | abo√ ≃uitab | ic or the equi        | pment used or                         | the job task         | being perforr          | ned (if applica    | ıble).            |                           |
| FOOT<br>PROTECTION | HAND<br>PROTECTION | HEAD<br>PROTECTION | HEARING<br>ETION | P ECTION    | R PIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE<br>PROTECTION                    | HIGH-VIS<br>CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE<br>CLOTHING | FALL<br>PROTECTION | SUN<br>PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY<br>SECURED |
|                    |                    |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                    |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
| Other PPE R        | Required:          |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    | Pe                 | ermit or Licen     | ses Requirem     | ents        |                       | Mandatory Qualifications and Training |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                    |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                    |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                    |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |



| JOB STEP            | POTENTIAL HAZARDS                           | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE                      | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS   | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
| 1. Preparation      | Incorrect saw use, Saw kick-back            | ЗН              | <ul> <li>Conduct a pre-start meeting to discuss the task, risks, and control measures with all personnel involved.</li> <li>Ensure all workers are trained and compete vin using the saws and aware of their Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS).</li> <li>Inspect saws before use to a sure they are in good workings are rand free from defects.</li> <li>Use the correct type of saw for the specific task to the same risks associated with incorrect saw use.</li> <li>Provide person throtection equipment (PPE) such as safety goggles, gloves, and hearing protection to all workers.</li> <li>Ensure blads are sharend properly consoned to reduce the likelihood of kick-backs.</li> <li>Plad then sand the risk to restrict access to the work area and prevent unauthorised entry during operations.</li> <li>Implement the exclusion zone where only authorised personnel may enter to reduce the risk of injury from sav kick-usk.</li> <li>Inventail to clean and organised workspace to prevent accidents or equipment malfunction due to debris.</li> <li>Ensure the per lighting in the work area to allow for clear visibility when operating saws.</li> <li>A tablish a communication system between workers to facilitate clear, effective exchange of information on site.</li> <li>Position hoses and cords safely to avoid tripping hazards or interference with saw operation.</li> <li>Provide regular rest breaks to workers to prevent fatigue, which can increase the risk of mistakes or accidents.</li> <li>Conduct toolbox talks regularly to reinforce safe practices and address any new potential hazards identified.</li> </ul> | 2M               |
| 2. Installation     | Improper lifting techniques, Electric shock | ЗН              | <ul> <li>Use proper manual handling techniques and mechanical aids for lifting heavy refrigerant recovery equipment.</li> <li>Conduct a pre-installation evaluation to identify potential hazards in the work area.</li> <li>Ensure all personnel have appropriate training on safe lifting practices and electrical safety.</li> <li>Utilise personal protective equipment (PPE) such as insulated gloves and safety glasses when handling electrical components.</li> <li>Verify that all electrical installations comply with Australian Standards and are completed by a licensed electrician.</li> <li>Implement a buddy system where one worker guides and assists another during heavy lifting and installation tasks.</li> </ul>   | 2M               |



| JOB STEP                     | POTENTIAL HAZARDS                             | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES  | RR               |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS          | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE                        | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS  | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                              |   |                 | - Isolate power sources before connecting or disconnecting any electrical components to prevent electric shock.   |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Clearly label all electrical connections and circuit avoid confusion and accidental energisation.   |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Keep the work area tidy and free of obstructures to minimise trips and falls while carrying equipment.  |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Position ergonomic lifting devices, like troller or hoist strategically to reduce strain and risk of injury.  |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Provide adequate lighting in installation areas collitate accurate and safe positioning of equipment.   |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Conduct a pre-work safety brong and review of the Sow Work Method Statement (SWMS) with all team members.  - Wear approache persons protect equipms (PPE) including safety goggles and chemical-resistant gloves to proceed against equipms (PPE) are search contact. |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Util as detailor supment to cheek for the presence of refrigerant gases before commencing work.   |                  |
|                              | Eye injury from refriger                      |                 | - Ensure a quate antilation in the work area to reduce the concentration of refrigerant gases and   |                  |
|                              |   |                 | prevent the fion.  Employ extra con fans or local exhaust ventilation systems to expel refrigerant vapours from the work a.  Imply the labeled a buddy system where one person conducts the leak detection while another monitors and supports as needed.               |                  |
| 3. Leak detection            |   |                 | - non-intrusive leak detection methods, such as electronic sensors or ultrasonic leak detectors, to minimise contact with refrigerants.   | 3H               |
|                              | Inhalation of refrige gase.                   |                 | - Train workers on proper leak detection techniques and emergency procedures in case of accidental exposure to refrigerants.  |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Maintain clear access to exits and emergency equipment in case evacuation is necessary due to a major leak.   |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Regularly inspect and maintain detection equipment to ensure reliability and accuracy.  |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Place warning signs around the area to alert others that leak detection work involving refrigerants is in progress.   |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Follow the manufacturer's instructions and guidelines when using leak detection equipment to avoid accidental release or exposure.  |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Limit the number of personnel in the vicinity of the detection work to essential staff only to reduce potential exposure risks.   |                  |
|                              |   |                 | - Have first aid equipment readily available and ensure that personnel are trained in first aid response specific to refrigerant exposure scenarios.  |                  |
| Piping layout and connection | Poor posture during work, Atmospheric hazards | 3H              |   | 2M               |

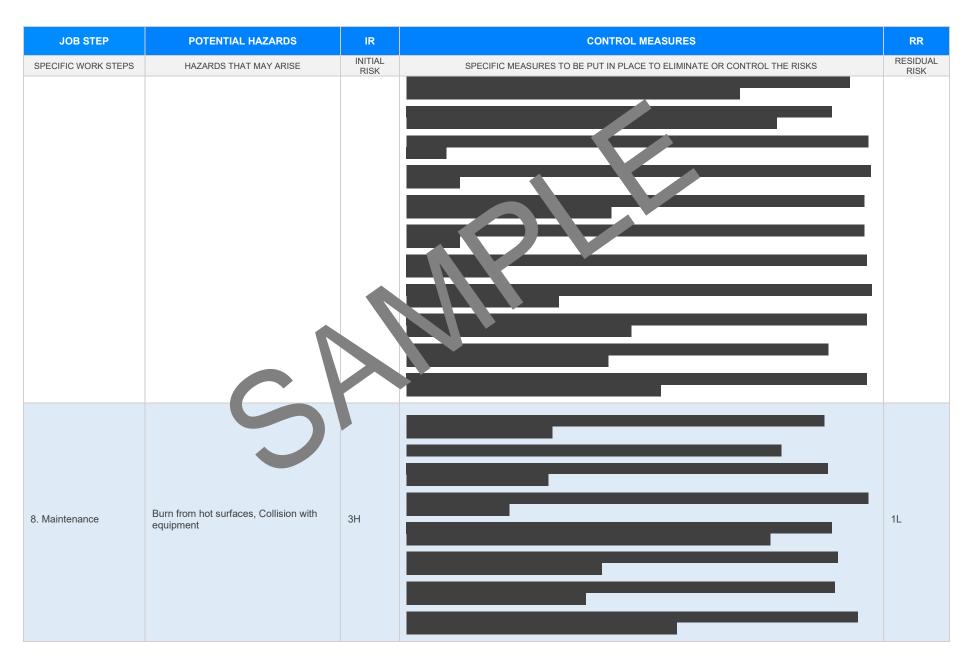


| JOB STEP                    | POTENTIAL HAZARDS                         | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS         | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE                    | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                             |   |                 |  |                  |
| 5. Vacuum Pump<br>Operation | Chemical handling hazards, Electric shock | ЗН              |  | 1L               |



| JOB STEP                  | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|--|--|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS       | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |  |  |
|                           |   |                 |  | •                |  |  |
| 6. Charging System        | Contact with high ressure gas Refrigerant burn, La losio      |                 |  |                  |  |  |
|                           |   |                 |  | •                |  |  |
| 7. Starting up the system | Physical exhaustion, Breath issues due to refrigerant leakage | 4A              |  | <b>■</b> 3H      |  |  |







| JOB STEP                      | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS           | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                               |  |                 |  |                  |
| 9. Troubleshooting            | Mental burnout, Incovect tool use  | ЗН              |  | 1L               |
| 10. System<br>Decommissioning | Hand injuries from improper handling,<br>Fire or explosion from leaked gases | 4A              |  | 2M               |



| JOB STEP                                      | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS                           | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|   |  |                 |  |                  |
| 11. Refrigerant<br>Recovery and<br>Reclaiming | Chemical exposure, Pressure related hazards, Infection from bacteria in the system | 4A              |  | 3Н               |



| JOB STEP             | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|----------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS  | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                      |  |                 |  |                  |
| 12. Waste Management | Inadequate waste dispostential particular and an analysis of the service of the s | ЗН              |  | 2M               |



| JOB STEP            | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
| 13. Documentation   | Mental fatigue caused by paperwork, Job-related stress                               | 2M              |  | 1L               |
| 14. Debriefing      | Lack of attention can lead to non-<br>understanding of important safety<br>protocols | 2M              |  | <b> </b> 1L      |



| JOB STEP                          | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS               | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                                   |  |                 |  |                  |
| 15. Clean up/Post-<br>maintenance | Body strain from improper lifting,<br>Slipping/tripping over equipment or<br>debris left on site | 2M              |  | <b>1</b>         |



|                        | IR                     | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR  |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|
| HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL<br>RISK        | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDU<br>RISK  |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        |                        |  | _   |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        |                        |  |   |
|                        | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE |  | RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS |



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

les on actice VI atps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| INITIALS      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| DATE          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS  | COMPLETED  | COMMENTS |
|---|------------|----------|
|   |            |          |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.                  |            |          |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.                            |            |          |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.                     |            |          |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.                         | 7          |          |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.            |            |          |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.                          |            |          |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.                                |            |          |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS                     |            |          |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pulleted.                    |            |          |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections                      |            |          |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important portrol measures.           |            |          |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. |            |          |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us  |            |          |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.           |            |          |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, a g or skills required to perform the work. |            |          |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.                               |            |          |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.                  |            |          |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.   |            |          |
|   |            |          |
| REVIEWED BY   | DATE REVIE | WED      |
| SIGNATURE   | DATE COMPL | ETED     |