



Potting Mix   SA	AFE WORK METHOD STAT	EMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Potting Mix	(	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROX BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & VMS IN HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COTHIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Manual handling injuries, Hazardous substances exposure	2M	<ul> <li>Proper Training: Ensure that all workers reliave comprehensive manual handling training, focusing on the correct lifting techniques and posture to inlimise into visks.</li> <li>Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE, and the workers to wear appropriate PPE, such as gloves to protect against hazardous substances expost a and sturdy stilles to avoid potential slips or trip hazards.</li> <li>Safe Storage and Handling: Stan potting mix bags, and organised manner, at waist height when possible, to reduce the lost for each sistive bending or reaching during handling.</li> <li>Two-person at Techniquiencoular working to use a two-person lift technique for heavier bags of potting mix to natribute worm teventy and use the risk of manual handling injuries.</li> <li>Medical Assistance: Utilise mechanical assistance devices like trolleys, wheelbarrows, and pallet jacks it to sport in ry loads safely and efficiently.</li> <li>Task Instance: Rotance asks among team members to prevent muscle strain and fatigue resulting from repetitiv manual handling tasks.</li> <li>Licals of Residential Encourage regular breaks and rest periods to prevent physical strain and reduce the lisk of exposure to hazardous substances present in potting mix.</li> <li>Toper Ventilation: Maintain proper ventilation in the working area to minimise workers' exposure to dust called by the potting mix and other hazardous substances.</li> <li>Dust Suppression: Implement dust suppression measures such as using wet mixing methods or installing dust extraction systems to reduce airborne irritants and hazardous substance exposure.</li> <li>Clear Signage: Place clear signage indicating lifting limits, hazard warnings, and recommended safety practices around the workplace.</li> <li>Encourage Reporting: Encourage workers to report any incidents, near misses, or health concerns related to manual handling and hazardous substance exposure in a timely manner.</li> <li>Regular Review and Assessment: Perform regular reviews and assessments of the work environ</li></ul>	1L
2. Storage and Handling	Falling objects, Tripping hazards	ЗН	<ul> <li>Ensure that bags of potting mix are properly stacked on sturdy shelving or pallets with loads evenly distributed, minimising the risk of falling objects.</li> <li>Clearly mark designated storage areas for potting mix and other materials to avoid clutter and minimise tripping hazards.</li> <li>Implement proper lifting techniques and provide training for employees on how to safely handle heavy bags of potting mix. This may include the use of equipment such as trolleys or pallet jacks to transport materials.</li> </ul>	2M



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			<ul> <li>Provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as steel-toed boots, gloves, and hard hats, to protect employees from potential injuries due to falling objects or tripping hazards.</li> </ul>	
			- Perform regular inspections of storage areas to counter there are no damaged bags or spilled materials that can pose a tripping hazard. Replace or remainly damaged items promptly.	
			- Maintain a clean and organised workplace, y removing by debris, clutter or spillage immediately after it occurs to prevent accidents related to trippin azard	
			- Clearly mark aisles and passageways to help the employees through the storage area and reduce the risk of trips and falls.	
			- Install adequate lighting in store e areas to ensure materials.	
			- Limit access a storage at a sto of authorism personnel who have received proper training in the safe handling and a rage of prong mix matrix.	
			- Programpprop to ganage indicating the risks associated with storing and handling potting mix, include a hazar of falling objects and trip hazards.	
			- Monit wo loads a schedules to avoid situations where employees are rushing or cutting corners, leading mis les in soling and handling potting mix materials that could cause accidents.	
			- tycate employees on the importance of reporting any incidents or hazards they encounter in the storage at a, to allow management to address any issues in a timely manner.	
			Conduct vegular toolbox talks and safety meetings to reinforce proper storage and handling procedures, a vell as the importance of maintaining a safe and clutter-free workplace.	
			- Ensure all electrical equipment is examined by a qualified technician or electrician for any signs of damage, wear and tear, or defects before use.	
			- Verify that all electrical connections and cords are in good condition, and not damaged or frayed, to prevent potential electric shocks.	
			- Implement a regular maintenance schedule for equipment and machinery to ensure they are functioning correctly and safely at all times.	
3. Equipment Check	Electric shock, Malfunctioning	3H	- Use proper personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves and safety boots with electrical hazard protection features, to safeguard against electric shock risks.	1L
	equipment		- Train workers on equipment safety and the correct usage of tools, including how to handle and report any malfunctions quickly and effectively.	
			- Confirm that all equipment-associated safety systems, including emergency stop buttons and circuit breakers, are accessible and functional prior to using the machinery.	
			- Establish and enforce clear workplace safety protocols to reduce the risk of electric shock and other hazards associated with equipment checks.	
			- Conduct regular site inspections to identify potential hazards and implement necessary corrective actions promptly, ensuring the work environment remains safe and compliant.	



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			- Encourage open communication among workers and supervisors to discuss any concerns or issues related to equipment safety, promoting a culture of proactive risk management.	
			- Compile an incident response plan that addresse the appropriate steps to take in case of equipment malfunction or electric shock, including first-aid accedures and emergency contact information.	
4. Bag Opening	Cuts & abrasions, Dust inhalation	ЗН		2M
5. Mixing Potting Mix	Inhalation of dust, Skin irritation	2M		1L



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6. Plant Transplant	Fatigue, Repetitive strain injury	2M		1L



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7. Watering	Mould exposure, Slippery surfaces	2M		1L



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8. Cleaning Work Area	Slip and trip hazards, Inappropriate waste disposal	ЗН		1L



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9. Storing Tools	Improper storage, constants	≥M		1L



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10. Protective Gear Removal	Contamination, Improper removal technique	2M		I 1L
11. Waste Disposal	Environmental contamination, Injuries from sharp objects	ЗН		2M



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	5			
12. Equipment Maintenance	Unplanned shutdowns, Damage to equipment	2M		1L



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations
Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pupleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED