



Placement And Removal Of Temp	orary Supports   SAFE WO	RK METHOD STATEMENT (S	SWMS)
TASK OR ACTIVIT	Y: Placement And Removal Of T	emporary Supports	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROV TO BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undo	required to en that a safe work method	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	apliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, communication those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, quately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work.  PPE		

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo√ ≃uitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	R PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Exposure to hazardous substances, Trips and falls, Electrocution from equipment	3H	<ul> <li>Conduct a risk assessment to identify and canuate the specific hazards associated with the worksite.</li> <li>Ensure all workers have completed site-specific indiction training focusing on hazard awareness and safe work practices.</li> <li>Provide and enforce the use of appropriate Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety glasses, and non-slip footwea.</li> <li>Clearly mark and receive the use of appropriate Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety glasses, and non-slip footwea.</li> <li>Clearly mark and receive the use of appropriate Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety glasses, and non-slip footwea.</li> <li>Clearly mark and receive the use of appropriate Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety glasses, and non-slip footwea.</li> <li>Clearly mark and receive the use of appropriate Personal Protection Equipment that require and potential trip or fall hazards.</li> <li>Ensure proportion ventilation areas we are cardous substances are used to minimise inhalation risks.</li> <li>Storm varidos such and essential potential safety Data Sheets (MSD) access or elementary and tensor and interest and the use of access or elementary and the protection and equipment when working near electrical sources to reduce the risk of a strocution.</li> <li>Maintain a clean and organised work area to minimise trip hazards and improve overall safety.</li> <li>Schedule regular toolbox talks focusing on recognising hazards and mitigation strategies for temporary support activities.</li> <li>Use appropriate signage to warn workers and others on the site about potential hazards related to the operation.</li> <li>Develop a communication plan ensuring all workers are informed about ongoing operations and emergency procedures.</li> <li>Appoint a qualified supervisor to oversee the operation, ensuring adherence to safety protocols at all times.</li> </ul>	2M
2. Selection of Supports	Incorrect support selection leading to collapse, Injury due to heavy lifting	4A	<ul> <li>Ensure all employees involved in the selection of supports are trained and competent in evaluating appropriate types and sizes for temporary supports.</li> <li>Utilise lifting aids or mechanical devices, such as trolleys, hoists, or cranes, to minimise manual handling and reduce risk of injury.</li> <li>Conduct a pre-task risk assessment to identify potential hazards related to support selection and adjust procedures accordingly.</li> <li>Verify that supports have been selected based on load capacity calculations and compliance with relevant Australian standards.</li> </ul>	2M



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			- Implement a system for double-checking selections by having another competent person review and approve the choice of supports.	
			- Maintain clear communication among team members to coordinate movements and placement techniques, preventing misalignment or improvements.	
			- Store and organise supports and tools in panner that lows easy access and identification of various sizes, minimising time spent searching and in alling	
			- Place warning signage around areas where he supports are being moved or stored to alert workers of potential hazards.	
			- Utilise personal protective equation, including gload steel-capped boots, to protect against injuries from drop on Protective equations, with the contact hazards.	
			- Position we are at safe counces or ting the consportation and erection of supports to avoid potential impacts or courses.	
			- Esta a proclam or regularly inspecting supports for damage or wear prior to use, replacing any that all be promised.	
			- Condula as a assessment to identify potential hazards and ensure all workers are aware of the risks.	
			- cer ied lift equipment in good condition to safely position supports without creating additional	
			Slearly designate exclusion zones to prevent unauthorized personnel from entering high-risk areas doing installation.	
			Ensure all temporary supports meet relevant Australian standards and are inspected before use.	
			- Implement strict communication protocols using radios or hand signals when coordinating support placement.	
			- Train all involved personnel on proper handling techniques and correct methods for temporary support installation.	
Installation of     Temporary Supports	Falling objects, Imbalanc causin structural collapse	3H	- Require the use of personal protective equipment, such as hard hats, safety boots, and gloves, to protect against falling objects.	1L
			- Secure tools and materials at height to avoid them accidentally falling onto workers below.	
			- Install edge protection or barriers around high platforms or ledges where temporary supports are placed.	
			- Monitor weather conditions closely, ceasing operations during high winds or adverse weather that may affect stability.	
			- Allocate sufficient time for each phase of the installation process to prevent rushed actions that could lead to accidents.	
			- Use shoring or bracing systems wherever necessary to maintain stability while installing temporary supports.	
			- Employ spotters to monitor the structural integrity and balance of loads during installation, ensuring immediate action if instability is detected.	



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			- Regularly review and update the Safe Work Method Statement to incorporate lessons learned and adapt to any changes in work conditions.	
4. Inspection	Exposure to hazardous substances, Incorrect safety gear leading to injuries	2M		1L
5. Maintenance	Working at height risks, Manual handling, Use of power tools	ЗН		2M



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6. Removal Planning	Structural instability, Fallingects	4A		2M



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7. Actual Removal	Risk of Collapse, Cuts and abrasions from sharp objects	3H		2M
8. Transportation of Removed Materials	Manual handling injuries, Slips, trips and falls	2M		1L



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9. Audit of Process	Incomplete inspect ins leading to undetected hazard in the assessment	ВН		2M
10. Clean up	Slips, trips and falls, Exposure to hazardous substances	2M		1L



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11. Reporting	Inappropriate disposal of waste materials, Ergonomic issues while reporting	2M		1L



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O. Diamanal	Incorrect disassembly leading to accidents, Exposure			1L
2. Disposal	accidents, Exposure to bjects during disassembly			IL
				1
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3. Evaluation	Assessment errors leading to false positives, Incomplete hazard identification	3H		2M



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14. Final Check&Audit	Manual handling, exposure to hazardous substances during final checks	2M		1L



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15. Feedback&Improvemen t	Ineffective feedback as the leading to lapses, Congest of due to frequent movements	зн		2M
16. Equipment Return	Transport-related hazards, Incorrect storage of equipment	2M		■ 1L



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17. Documentation	Incorrect documentation may lead to future complications, Ergonomic risks associated with prolonged computer use	2M		1L



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18. Review &	Monitoring lapses leading to unidenced issues, Inadequate preceitions using overlooked risks	3H		2M
Monitoring	overlooked risks	011		Zivi



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19. Decommissioning & Dismantling	Exposure to hazardous materials during dismantling, Unsafe decontamination procedures	4A		3H
20. Completion Handover	Non-compliance to regulations and standards, Errors in completion documentation	2M		1L



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</a> Model Codes of Practice: <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice</a>

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the person is as a person is as a person is a		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED