



Pastry Sheeter S	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
T	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Pastry Sheet	er	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under a (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COTHIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo√ ≃uitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	R PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Manual handling injuries, Cluttered workspace	2M	 Conduct thorough training sessions for encryees on proper manual handling techniques, including correct lifting posture and how to use mechonical aids with possible. Implement a system of regular breaks to ensight a wers have ample opportunity to rest and recover from the physical demands of the task. Include warm-up exercises as stretching routines as part of the worker's daily routine to help reduce the risk of manual handling biuries. Ensure all encryees were appround to person protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves and supportive for year, to preint injur, our mulal handling tasks. Estand desighted reage areas allocated pathways in the workspace to minimise clutter and reduce the ritury trips allocate. Ensult the hastry sheter machine and other equipment are properly maintained and functioning appropriately approve malfunction-related injuries. Clearly tark as thenforce weight limits for manual lifting and communicate this information to all encourage workers to seek help or use a team approach for lifting heavy loads, limiting the risk of strain tries. Surup signage to identify wet or slippery surfaces clearly, ensuring that workers are aware of potential nazards and can take necessary precautions. Regularly inspect the workplace for hazards and promptly address any identified issues, such as damaged equipment, spilled material, or uneven flooring. Maintain proper lighting levels in the workspace to improve visibility and reduce the risk of accidents occurring due to poor visibility. Develop ergonomic workstations, focusing on aspects like adjustable-height tables and comfortable seating arrangements to minimise strain on workers' bodies. Review and update workplace health and safety procedures regularly to ensure they align with the latest best practices and stay relevant to the specific needs of the work environment. 	1L
2. Machine Setup	Incorrect installation, Electrical hazards	ЗН	 Ensure all machine parts are properly assembled according to the manufacturer's instructions and guidelines, addressing any potential risks of incorrect installation. Conduct a thorough inspection of the Pastry Sheeter to ensure all components, including electrical connections, are securely fastened and in their correct positions. Verify that the electrical supply is compatible with the machine's requirements, and confirm its appropriate voltage, amperage, and grounding as per manufacturer's specifications. Install an appropriate circuit breaker or residual current device (RCD) to reduce the risk of electrical shocks resulting from overcurrents, short circuits, or earth leakage faults. 	2M



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			- Provide training to all staff who will be operating the Pastry Sheeter, ensuring they understand safe setup procedures and can identify possible hazards related to incorrect installation and electrical issues.	
			- Regularly conduct maintenance checks on the manner to inspect for wear and tear, loose connections, frayed cables, or any other signs of damage the sould pose a risk during operation.	
			- Use only high-quality tools and equipment then setting or adjusting the Pastry Sheeter to minimise the risk of improper installation or accidental image electrical components.	
			- Keep the surrounding area clean and free from estructions or 'lebris to avoid any accidents or mishaps during the setup process. The includes maintaining clear across to the machine's power source and emergency stop controls.	
			- Follow a document of count is put (LOTO) procedure during setup to help prevent unexpected startup or release of stored energy ile assembly g and connecting electrical components.	
			- Maintain protection between achine operators, maintenance personnel, and supervisors during the state of the etup process address any concerns or questions regarding safe operation and here.	
			- Proving poonal positive equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed shoes for workers and the stup process to protect against potential injuries from sharp edges, falling objects, a electional hazards.	
			- Delay carning cabels and signage near the Pastry Sheeter to remind workers of potential hazards during to, such as risks from moving parts, electrical hazards, or pinching injuries.	
	5		- n gular handwashing: Ensure all workers wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water before handling any food products, as well as throughout the work process to minimise the risk of food contamination.	
			- Food-safe gloves usage: Encourage the use of disposable, food-safe gloves when handling dough and other ingredients, particularly when using knives or other sharp tools.	
			- Proper Knife handling training: Provide proper knife handling training to all workers, including regular refreshers, to ensure they are confident in safe cutting techniques to avoid injuries.	
			- Equipment Maintenance: Keep the pastry sheeter and associated equipment clean and well-maintained to prevent any malfunction that may lead to injury or contamination.	
3. Dough Prepping	Food contamination, Knife injuries	2M	- Clear working area: Maintain a clean and organised workspace by removing any clutter or debris, ensuring there is enough room for workers to safely perform their duties.	1L
			- Temperature control: Store raw dough and other perishable items at appropriate temperatures to minimise the risk of bacterial growth and potential foodborne illnesses.	
			- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Encourage the use of PPE, such as cut-resistant gloves, to minimise the risk of knife-related injuries.	
			- First Aid Kits availability: Keep well-stocked first aid kits on-site and readily accessible in case of any injuries or accidents during the dough prepping process.	
			- Adequate signage: Use clear and visible signs to indicate areas where hazards exist, such as "Caution: Wet Floors" or "Warning: Sharp Objects."	



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			- Designated cutting areas: Set up clearly marked, designated cutting areas for separating cutting tasks from other preparation processes to reduce cross-contamination and accidental injuries.	
			- Allergen awareness: Educate staff on the important of allergen management, including proper labeling and storage of allergenic ingredients, to avoid ass-contamination and subsequent allergic reactions.	
			- Supervision and monitoring: Assign experimental supervision and monitoring: Assign experimental supervision and monitoring assignmental supervision and supervision and monitoring assignmental supervision and supervis	
			- Incident reporting: Encourage workers to report by accidents the ear misses, or unsafe practices observed in the dough preparation process for promiting and corrective action.	
4. Loading Dough	Caught in rollers, I	ЗН		2M



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5. Sheeting Process	Misaligned rollers, Noise exposure	2M		1L
6. Laminating Dough	Entrapment, Crush injuries	ЗН		1L



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7. Cutting to Size	Sharp edges, Slips due to debris	2M		1L



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8. Shaping Quarters	Repetitive motions, Hand strain	2M		1L



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9. Filling Pastry	Burns from hot filling, Allergen cross-contamination	ЗН		2M



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		1		
10. Folding and Closing	Hand strain, Awkward postures	2M		1L



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11. Baking	Burns from oven or hot surfaces, Fire hazard	зн		2M



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				1
12. Cooling and Packaging	Burn risks, Lifting heavy	2M		l 1L



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatide

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column ppleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important portrol measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, a g or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED