Paint Mixing   SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)								
·	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Paint Mixing	9						
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#					
Business Address:								
Contact Person:	Phone:	E ail:						
	STATEMENT IS ADDONIN BY							
	THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPRO' 'D BY THE PC. 'OF TP' - ROJECT         Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or under the group of (PC. I) is required to encode that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.							
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	ppliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.						
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAKE HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	DMMUNICATED TO IN THE					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, source to compare hicas those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contineach hazard.								
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS							
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							
Project Address:							
Project Manager:							
Contact Phone:							
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:							
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC							
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping						
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines						
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services						
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	$\square$ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere						
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete						
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor						
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	$\Box$ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant						
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.						
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.						
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY						



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	

						TIVE EQUIPM					
	Select the appropriate PPL above suitably for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).										
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE Required:											
Permit or Licenses Requirements Mandatory Qua					ifications and	Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Mist inhalation, Flammable materials	ЗН	<ul> <li>Proper Ventilation: Ensure that the paint mong area is well-ventilated, with a suitable extraction system in place to minimise mist inhalation risks.</li> <li>Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), of burkers involved in paint mixing should wear appropriate PPE like masks, gloves, and safety ungles to protrat against exposure to hazardous materials.</li> <li>Chemical Storage: Stan flamm the materials and to unceals separately in designated storage areas away from ignition ourceaur hear unitting equipment.</li> <li>Safe Handor Practices: burkers should be use chemicals carefully, using tools such as funnels or spatulas for publing and using, to reduce a firsk of spills and accidents.</li> <li>Matter Safety of poleting and using, to reduce a firsk of spills and accidents.</li> <li>Matter Safety of poleting (MSDS): Ensure that MSDS are readily accessible and up-to-date for all materies thad in plant mixing operations.</li> <li>Training and waren to provide regular training on safe work practices to staff involved in paint mixing, including borophores of v.E., emergency procedures, and hazard identification.</li> <li>Sing Zong Zong Enforce a strict no-smoking policy around the paint mixing area to prevent the risk of fire device presence of flammable materials.</li> <li>Begular Equipment Inspection and Maintenance: Conduct routine inspections of paint mixing equipment a facilities to ensure they are in good condition and functioning correctly, reducing the risk of leaks, spills, and fires.</li> <li>Emergency Response Plan: Develop and implement an emergency response plan to address potential incidents involving chemical exposure, fires, or other hazards related to paint mixing activities.</li> <li>First Aid Kit: Keep a well-stocked first aid kit nearby for immediate attention to any injuries resulting from paint mixing accidents.</li> <li>Clear Warning Signage: Display clear warning signs indicating the presence of flammable materials, chemical hazards, and the importance of personal protective equipm</li></ul>	2М
2. Colour selection	Incorrect colour choice, Customer dissatisfaction	2M	<ul> <li>Implement a standardised colour code system to avoid incorrect colour choices and ensure colour accuracy.</li> <li>Provide employees with proper training on how to identify and understand different colour codes, as well as any relevant product knowledge.</li> </ul>	1L

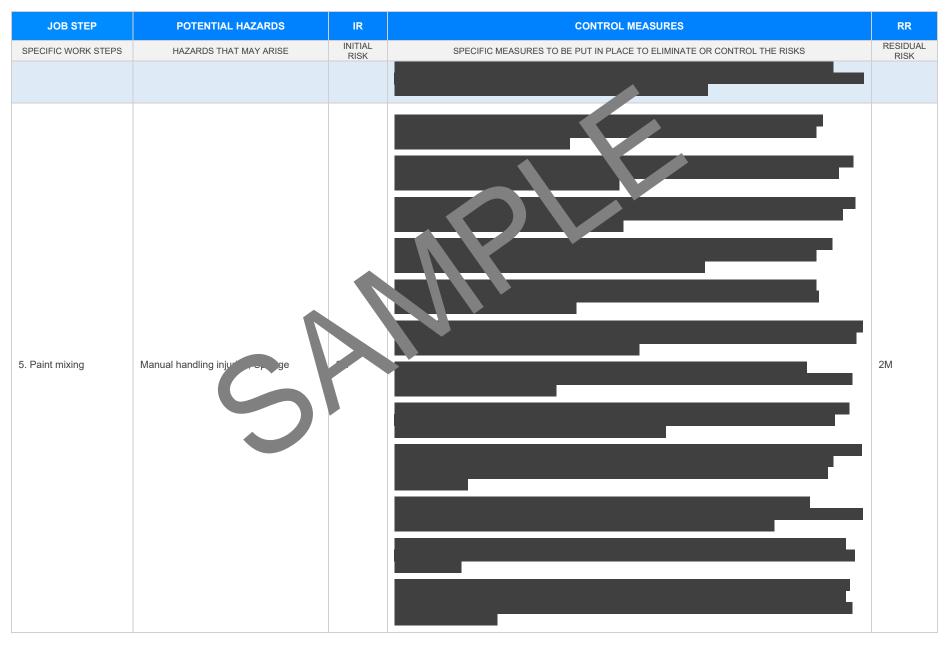


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Establish clear communication channels between customers, sales representatives, and paint mixing staff to facilitate accurate colour selection.	
			- Equip the workplace with adequate lighting, suite cools, and equipment to improve colour identification and prevent errors during the mixing process.	
			- Create and display accurate colour swatch is and same boards for customer reference in-store or via digital tools.	
			- Offer free colour matching or consultation servery to customer seeking assistance with colour selection to minimise dissatisfaction of extential disputes.	
			- Ensure that all paint products properly labelled to cored according to their specific types, colors, and other relevant to the view tions.	
			- Regularly to by the available paint to ck and sep an updated inventory log to ensure readily accessible materials for the unmixing	
			- Set equality ency process to double-check and verify the accuracy of the mixed paint before it is hande to into the stomer.	
			- Encourage enstome to review their colour selection before finalizing the order by offering small paint samples or providing virtual aids like virtual room previews.	
			- vintail a detailed record of customer orders, including their contact information, selected colors, and prevented to the enable swift resolution in case of any post-purchase issues.	
			Seek customer feedback and conduct periodic reviews of paint mixing procedures to continually identify a us of improvement and enhance overall satisfaction levels.	
	C		<ul> <li>Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure that workers are wearing appropriate PPE, including safety goggles, gloves, and non-slip shoes, to minimise the risk of chemical splash and slipping on potentially wet surfaces.</li> </ul>	
			- Proper Training: Provide regular training and education for employees handling paint, ensuring that they are aware of the proper techniques, tools, and procedures to follow while measuring and mixing paint to minimise hazards.	
3. Paint measuring	Chemical splash, Slippery surface	ЗН	<ul> <li>Signage and Labeling: Clearly label paint containers, measuring devices, and work areas with hazard identification signs and warnings to keep workers informed about potential hazards and required precautions.</li> </ul>	2M
			- Spill Containment: Implement spill containment measures, such as drip trays or catch pans, under paint measuring and mixing areas to reduce the risk of slippery surfaces and prevent the spread of hazardous substances.	
			- Good Housekeeping Practices: Maintain a clean and organised work area by promptly cleaning up spills, removing waste materials and debris, and securely storing equipment when not in use to reduce the chances of slips, trips, and falls.	
			- Ventilation: Ensure that the paint measuring area is well-ventilated to minimise the buildup of harmful fumes and maintain a safe working environment.	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Chemical Storage: Store paints and chemicals according to manufacturer guidelines and adhere to local and national regulations to avoid accidental spills, leaks, or collapse of storage.	
			- Anti-Slip Mats: Use anti-slip mats in areas prone to wetness due to spills or leaks, providing increased traction for workers and reducing the risk of fall	
			- Regular Inspection: Conduct routine inspections of the reskspace and equipment to ensure that all components are in good working order and here of defining e, wear, or other hazards.	
			- Emergency Response Plan: Develop and imply ent an emergency response plan that includes steps for handling chemical spills, thereis, and other includes includes and gularly review and update this plan as needed.	
4. Tint dispensing	Exposure to chemnals, Incorrect tint dispensing	ЗН		1L







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
6. Paint transfer	Handling using a spatial scalar overfill			

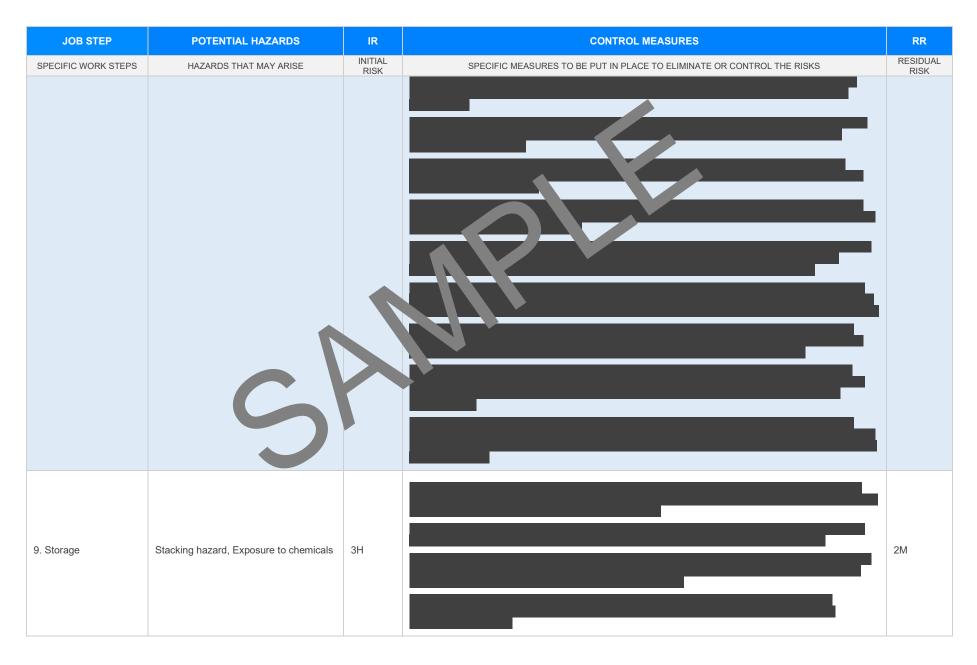
Version 2.5

Date of Issue:

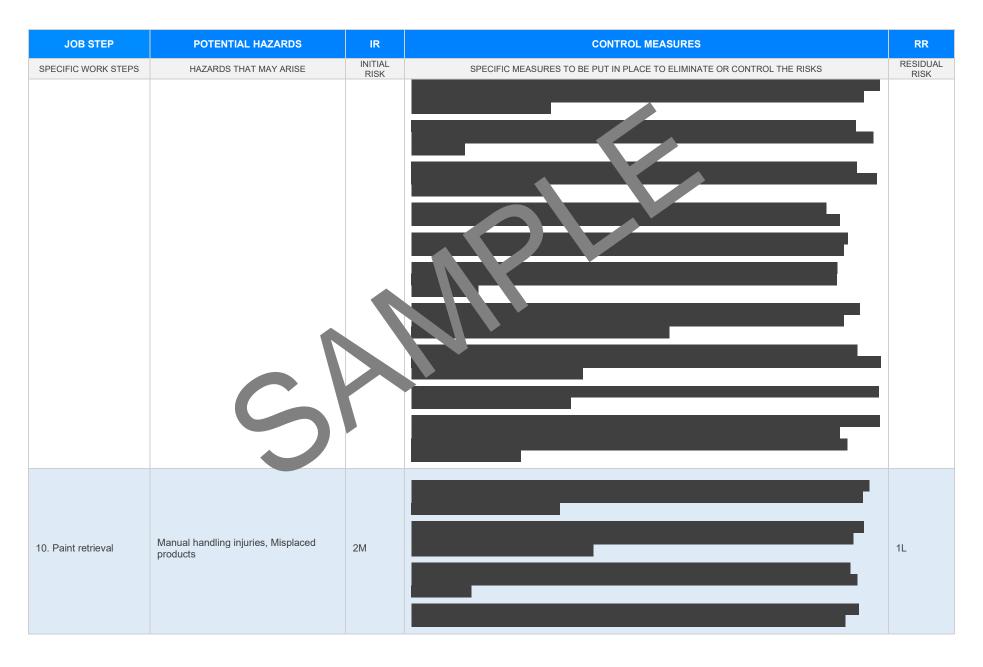


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
. Seal container	Cut injury from the lid, Spillage	2M		1L
. Label product	Unsecured paint containers, Bar-code malfunction	2M		1L





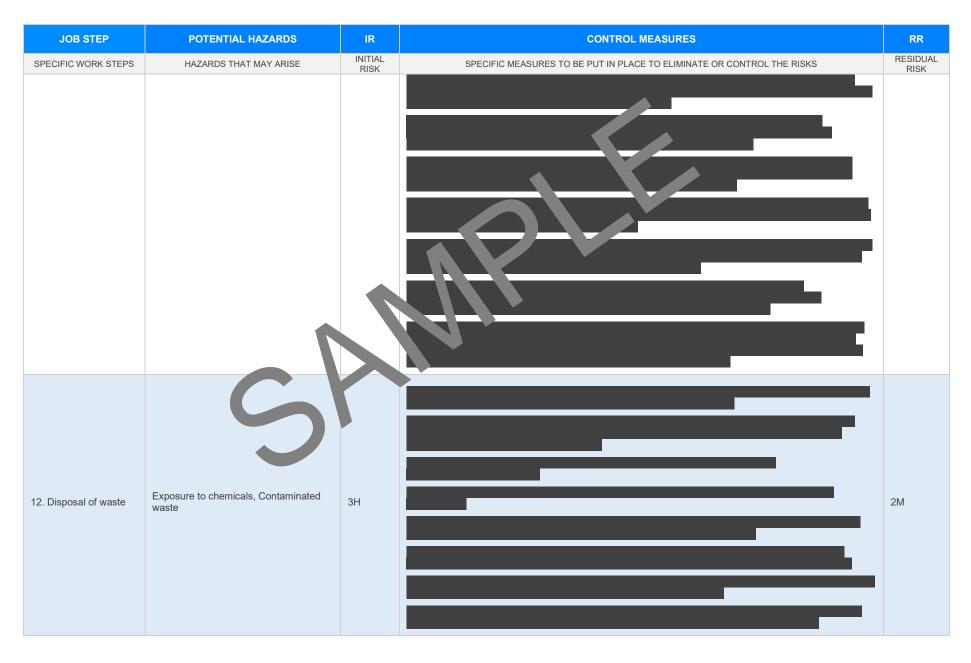




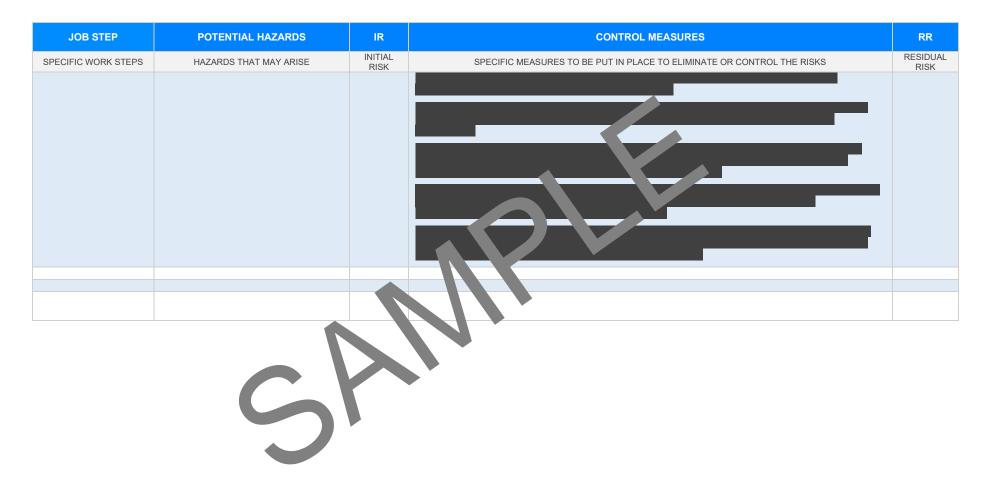


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
11. Customer interaction	Miscommunication, Incorrect product advice	2M		1L











#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REF	ERENCES						
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE							
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act 204 Occupational Health and onfety or gulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> of the solution of the state of the solution of the solutio						
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative</a> Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative</a>	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>						
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-provelaws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/formediatestary.au/formedia</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>						
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u> Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012	<ul> <li>Model Codes of Practice</li> <li>Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work</li> <li>Confined spaces</li> <li>Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals</li> <li>Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace</li> <li>Welding processes</li> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> </ul>						
Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	<ul> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> </ul>						
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	<ul> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>						



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS	
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.			
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	$\boxtimes$		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS	$\boxtimes$		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	$\boxtimes$		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections	$\boxtimes$		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the importation control measures.	$\boxtimes$		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	$\boxtimes$		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	$\boxtimes$		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	$\boxtimes$		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	$\boxtimes$		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	$\boxtimes$		
REVIEWED BY	DATE RE	VIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	DATE COMPLETED	