



Organising Site Ameni	ties SAFE WORK METHO	D STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK (OR ACTIVITY: Organising Site Ar	nenities	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E 111:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO' D BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under o (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MISS MISS MAKE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Ma	andatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Injury from manual handling, Slips due to uneven or wet ground	ЗН	 Conduct a site risk assessment to identify a cential hazards related to manual handling and uneven or wet ground before work commences. Provide training for all workers in safe manual or unit techniques, emphasising proper lifting methods to reduce the risk of injury. Utilise mechanical aids such a trolleys, hoists, one tallift ownere possible to assist with heavy lifting and transportation of matartin. Ensure that all corkers were appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including non-slip footwear, to trimise their of slippe transportation of uneven surfaces. Clear mark to wence and or hazard as areas with signs or barriers to alert workers to potential slip or trip has as. Maintain areas containication among team members regarding any changes to work conditions or emerginal as ds. Schedula regular inspections of the site to ensure pathways remain clear and free from obstructions that con blear to tripping or manual handling injuries. Assign as based on individual capabilities and provide sufficient rest breaks to prevent fatigue, which an increase the likelihood of manual handling injuries. Insplement emergency procedures to respond quickly if an incident occurs, ensuring that first-aid kits are readily available and accessible. Deploy temporary flooring or matting solutions on slippery or wet areas to improve traction and safety. Optimise the layout of site amenities and work areas to minimise unnecessary movement and awkward lifting scenarios. Ensure good site drainage to mitigate water pooling, and regularly check weather forecasts to anticipate and prepare for potentially hazardous conditions. 	2M
2. Delivery of Amenities	Vehicle accidents, Falling objects during unloading	ЗН	 Conduct a site induction for all workers focusing on traffic management and safe unloading procedures. Implement a traffic management plan, including designated routes for delivery vehicles to minimise interaction with pedestrians. Use spotters to direct vehicles during reversing and manoeuvring to prevent accidents. Ensure all delivery vehicles are equipped with reversing alarms and functional lights. Securely cordon off the unloading area to keep unauthorised personnel at a safe distance. Utilise appropriate lifting equipment like cranes or forklifts operated by trained personnel to safely unload amenities. Regularly inspect and maintain all lifting equipment to ensure it is in good working condition. 	1L



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			- Use properly rated slings and chains when physically lifting goods, ensuring they are regularly inspected for wear and tear.	
			- Implement clear communication protocols between delivery drivers and onsite personnel, utilising radios or hand signals as necessary.	
			- Ensure hard hats and high-visibility clothing are worn by the personnel involved in the unloading process to protect from falling objects.	
			- Assess weather conditions prior to delivery an alloading, post oning work if there are hazardous conditions such as high wind any heavy rain.	
			- Develop an emergency process a for vehicle accident of other incidents, ensuring all staff are familiar with the steps.	
			- Keep a first a kit readily allable use to the unloading zone, and ensure a qualified first-aid officer is onsite.	
			- Use taked and stined personnel to operate lifting gear, ensuring they have a clear understanding of the equality to	
			- Condula properate check of all lifting gear to ensure it is in safe working condition and certified for	
			- Imp. 16. a traffic management plan to prevent collisions, including designated pathways and spotters.	
			Ise barners or physical markings around the work area to keep unauthorized personnel away from the view during lifting operations.	
			Ensure that all workers are wearing appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as hard hats and high visibility clothing.	
3. Positioning of Amenities	Risks from using lang gears with other site mater.	1A	- Maintain clear communication among the team using hand signals or radios to coordinate movements of amenities and machinery.	2M
			- Assess ground conditions prior to positioning amenities to ensure stability and prevent tipping or sinking.	
			- Position amenities with sufficient clearance from electrical lines, structures, and other hazards present on-site.	
			- Schedule lifts during times when site activities are minimal to reduce the risk of collisions with ongoing operations.	
			- Regularly inspect and maintain rigging equipment to ensure reliability and safety during use.	
			- Clearly mark the intended location of amenities to guide the placement and prevent accidental misalignment or obstruction.	
			- Validate weather conditions, avoiding lifting operations during high winds or severe weather which can increase risks significantly.	
4. Amenities Installation	Electrical hazards, Cuts or scratches from sharp edges	3Н		2M

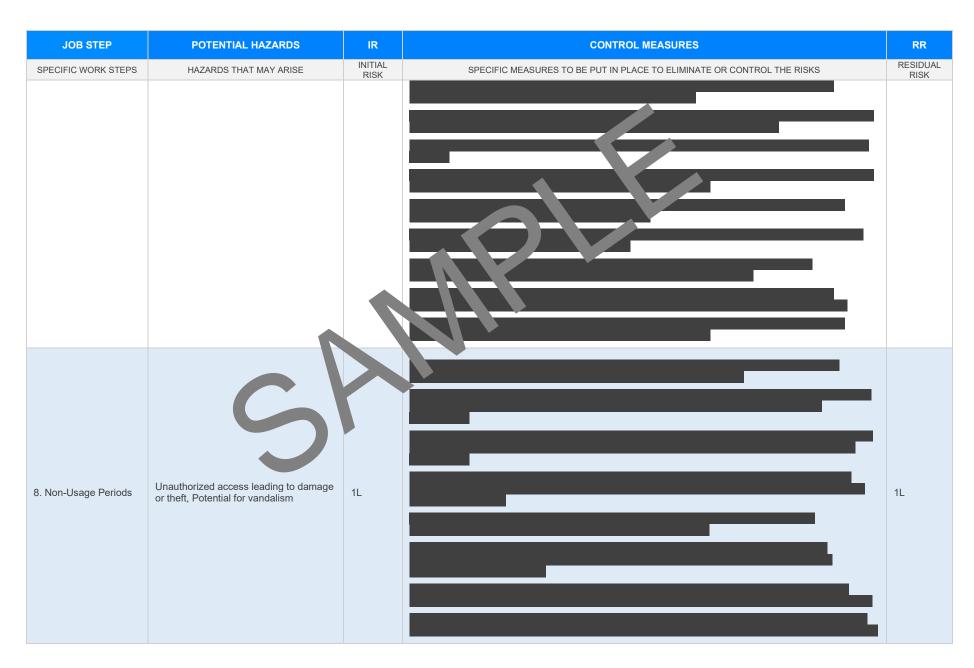


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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5. Inspection of Installed Amenities	Trips over equipment, Hazards from faulty amenities	2M		1L



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6. Maintenance of Amenities	Chemical exposure, Injury from improper use of tools	2M		1L
7. Cleaning of Amenities	Exposure to hazardous cleaning substances, Slips due to wet surfaces	2M		1L







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9. Removal/Relocation of Amenities	Injury from heavy using, Hazarda associated with the land smaller	3H		2M



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10. Evaluation and Feedback	Incorrect storage of documents, Loss of confidential information	1L		1L
11. Emergency Situations	Risks due to lack of safety routes, Panic and injury in evacuation	4A		3H



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12. Documenting Site Conditions	Falling or tripping on site debris, Eye strain from data entry work	2M		1L
13. Weather Conditions	Slippery conditions due to rainfall, Sunburn or heatstroke in outdoor conditions	2M		1L



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14. Regular Site Checks	Potential for overlooked dangers, Complacency due to routine	2M		1L
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15. Training Staff on Site	Risks from inexperienced staff, Misunderstandings due to communication barriers	2M		I IL
16. Regular Updates on SWMS	Outdated information leading to poor decision making, Time pressure due to updates	1L		I 1L



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17. Ongoing Risk Assessment	Mistakes in risk evaluation, Underestimation of hazards due to complacency	2M		1 L



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18. Community Interaction and Feedback	Public complaints concerns, Miscommunication with members of the public	1L		1L



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19. End-of-Day Procedures	Knocks or jolts from rushed cleaning, Forgotten tasks due to fatigue	1L		1 1L
20. Review and Continual Improvement	Resistance to change, Overlooking improvements due to habit	1L		¶ 1L



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	1			



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\underline{\textbf{Legislation QLD:}} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

les on actice VI atps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<u>k</u>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS	\boxtimes	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the person is as a person is a pers		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED