



Machine Recovery Opera	ntions   SAFE WORK METH	OD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR	R ACTIVITY: Machine Recovery O	perations	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E 11:	
	A		
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a vell as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M' HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	Administrative  Change the work.  Change the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equation). The least effective  Description of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the life post energy of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the life post energy of the second most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equation) is the least effective									

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Improper training, Inadequate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	3H	<ul> <li>Conduct comprehensive training sessions wall employees involved in machine recovery operations, ensuring they are up-to-date with the latest ofety processes.</li> <li>Implement a buddy system, pairing less experience workers with seasoned employees for hands-on learning and guidance.</li> <li>Regularly review and update uning programs to corporate new industry standards and technological advancements.</li> <li>Require verification of each employee's understuding of their training through tests or practical demonstration.</li> <li>Desire ate a competence apervisor to involtor compliance with safety protocols during all preparation activity.</li> <li>Ensure the all personal protective equipment (PPE) meets Australian Standards and is suitable for the specific asks theolyees machine recovery.</li> <li>Manda prouting checks and maintenance of all PPE to ensure it remains in optimum condition and protests aximum protection.</li> <li>Display car signage indicating required PPE at strategic points around the work site.</li> <li>Invelop a PPE checklist to verify that all necessary equipment is present and properly fitted before standing operations.</li> <li>Provide employees with training on the correct use and limitations of their PPE specific to machine recovery tasks.</li> <li>Enforce a zero-tolerance policy on non-compliance with PPE requirements, including disciplinary actions where necessary.</li> <li>Establish a feedback mechanism for employees to report PPE issues or training deficiencies, promoting continuous improvement and safety enhancements.</li> </ul>	2M
2. Equipment Inspection	Electric shock, Fire	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a pre-inspection of all equipment to check for any visible damage or wear before commencing operations.</li> <li>Ensure all electrical components are properly insulated and free from exposed wires that may lead to an electric shock.</li> <li>Use certified lockout/tagout procedures to isolate electrical circuits during inspection and maintenance.</li> <li>Verify that fire extinguishers, suited for electrical fires, are readily accessible and in good working order nearby the work site.</li> <li>Ensure all workers involved in equipment inspection are wearing appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as rubber gloves and safety glasses.</li> <li>Follow manufacturer's guidelines and safety instructions when inspecting electrical components.</li> </ul>	2M



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			- Designate a trained and competent person to oversee and conduct equipment inspections to ensure compliance with safety procedures.	
			- Conduct regular safety drills to prepare workers mergency situations involving fire or electric shock.	
			- Maintain clear and organised work areas to event tripping hazards and ensure easy access to emergency exits.	
			- Check that all emergency stop functions on a specific system operational before beginning the machine recovery operation.	
			- Implement a permit-to-work atem ensuring only othoric personnel perform equipment inspections and related tasks.	
			- Record and remarkable or pointial hazard identified during inspections and cease operations until resolved.	
			- Requirely train imployer on updated a safety protocols and proper handling of electrical equipment in the way lace.	
			- Conduct a grouph spection of all power cords and connections for any visible damage before use.	
			Use on apply riately rated electrical equipment and ensure compatibility with the voltage supply.	
			- Ve 14th correct voltage is being supplied before making any power connections to machinery.	
			Install an clearly label circuit breakers or fuses suitable for the operational capacity of the machine.	
			- Leavure all power tools and equipment have been tested and tagged in accordance with Australian Standards.	
			- Provide proper training for employees on safe electrical practices and the specific machinery being used.	
	Wrong voltage connection, Electric		- Use insulation mats or insulated gloves when handling electrical connections, especially in damp conditions.	
3. Power Connection	shock	ЗН	- Employ lockout/tagout procedures to prevent accidental energization during setup or maintenance activities.	1L
			- Maintain a safe distance from live electrical components and avoid working in wet areas which can increase the risk of electric shock.	
			- Implement an emergency response plan and ensure that all workers are aware of first aid procedures for electric shock incidents.	
			- Regularly audit and review electrical safety procedures to ensure compliance and effectiveness.	
			- Display clear signage indicating voltage levels near power sources and machinery.	
			- Engage a certified electrician to perform connections or repairs on high-voltage equipment.	
			- Use Residual Current Devices (RCDs) to provide additional protection against electric shock.	
4. Environment Checking	Slips, trips and falls, Sharp objects	2M		1L



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5. Machine Isolation	Inconsistent isolation practices, Inability to ensure complete de-eneration	ЗН		2M



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6. Rescue Equipment Setup	Incorrect equipment setup, Poor visit ty	2M		1L
7. Recovery Process Initiation	Improper communication, Abrupt machine movement	3H		2M



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8. Overriding Safety Mechanisms	Unprotected moving parts, Unanticipated machine startup	4A		2M



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				ı
9. Extraction Process	Struck by machines amportant in machines	3H		1
10. Debris Management	Injury from thrown particles, Inhalation of harmful dust	2M		1L



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11. Drainage Scan And Report	Recovery equipment failure, Incomplete reports leading to accidents	2M		1L



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				I
12. Reinstallation Of Guards	Risk of cuts, Pinching injune.	2M		1L



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				I
13. Restore Energy Supply	Electrical hazards, Unintended operation of machinery			2M
14. Post Operation Area Cleaning	Exposure to hazardous substances, Noise pollution	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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15. Final Inspection	Missed or overlooked hazard points, Improperly secured guards	2M		1L



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16. Sign-Off Procedure	Incomprehensive handover, Paperwor errors	11.		1L
17. Debriefing Session	Inadequate incident report understanding, Miscommunication	2M		<b>I</b> 1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
18. Safety Check And Maintenance	Machinery malfunction, Critical system failures	ЗН		2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
19. Equipment Return And Storage	Misplacement of equipment, Inappropriate storage conditions	1L		1L



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20. Waste Disposal	Exposure to hazardous waste, Imprope waste disposal meth			1L



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor</a> aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

 $Legislation \ for \ TAS: \ \underline{https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations}$ 

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

les on actice VI atps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED