



Lathe Metal Cutting	SAFE WORK METHOD S	TATEMENT (SWMS)	
TAS	K OR ACTIVITY: Lathe Metal Cu	tting	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E 111:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO\\\O\O\D BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduc		required to en that a safe work method s	etatement (SWMS) is prepared before
the proposed work starts.	cing a business of unit	required to en the trial a sale work metriod s	statement (Syvivio) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	apliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:	111.	Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & VMS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must ste, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR																		
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK																		
			- Implement a thorough housekeeping protes. Ensure the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly maintained to prevent clutter and build-up control of the workplace is cleaned regularly and properly and the workplace is cleaned regularly and the workplace is																			
			- Provide comprehensive safety training for all emoyees: Ensure all workers operating or working near lathe machines have received dequate training of take machines have received dequate training of take mitigation strategies. This includes on-the-job training and effective courses as needed.																			
			- Establish clear may produce Develop comprehensive safety procedures that meet legislative standards and sure these are unit stood by employees. Procedures should include protocols for emergency so attions, equit lent man and another and the use of personal protective equipment (PPE).																			
		2.1	2.	- Utility arrning, and said labels: Place appropriate hazard and safety signs near the lathe metal cutting at to induse worker awareness and guide safe behaviours. These may include reminders about a compact of PF machinery lockout/tagout procedures, and cautionary advice during cutting operations.																		
				Condul pre-s it inspections: Perform regular checks on equipment and workspace conditions before shift begins identify potential hazards and address them before work begins. This can help mining this associated with poor housekeeping and inadequate training.																		
1. Preparation	Poor housekeeping, Inadequate training			2.	tore materials in designated areas: Keep raw materials, finished products, and other items an oppriately stored in well-organised areas to minimise clutter and prevent obstruction of walkways and workspaces.	1L																
																					<ul> <li>Maintain an incident register: Record all incidents and near-misses to improve overall safety measures and prevent future reoccurrences. This process should also involve reviewing the effectiveness of current control measures and making necessary adjustments.</li> </ul>	
			- Develop and maintain clear communication channels: Encourage open dialogue between staff members and management to facilitate the reporting of any hazards, issues or concerns that may arise during work operations.																			
			- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE): Ensure all workers operating or working near lathe metal cutting machines wear the required PPE, including safety goggles, gloves, ear protection, and closed-toe shoes.																			
			- Encourage a culture of safety: Foster a workplace environment where health and safety are prioritised, and employees feel comfortable discussing potential hazards and expressing their concerns. This alleviates some risk by creating a strong sense of collective responsibility, clear expectations, and ongoing evaluation of best practices.																			
2. Inspection	Faulty equipment, Unguarded moving parts	3H		1L																		



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Conduct routine equipment inspection: Ensure that a thorough inspection of the lathe and its components is performed by a qualified person before the commencement of each work shift. This inspection should include checking for any visible defects, damages or missing parts.	
			- Adherence to manufacturer guidelines: Alway collow the manufacturer's instructions on proper usage, maintenance, and repair of the lathe to minimuse the risk of faulty equipment causing an incident.	
			- Implement machine guarding: Ensure that a ringuage a moving parts of the lathe are fitted with appropriate guards to prevent accidental contains workers during operation.	
			- Develop and enforce lockor agout procedures, nior to per uning any maintenance or repair work on the lathe machinery, lockout a stagout procedures and adhered to, ensuring the equipment is denergised to prevent acceptance.	
			- Establish cle community on prescol: Mainty open lines of communication with team members and supervisors and any hazz is are id-life of uning inspection, and escalate issues as necessary.	
			- Programment of training for exceptees: Regularly offer comprehensive training in Workplace Health and Safety (WHS and address continuing on the operation and maintenance of lathes, to reduce the likelihood incident and worker injury.	
			- Use puson protect equipment (PPE): Employees operating the lathe should be provided with and required by well appropriate PPE, such as safety glasses, gloves, and hearing protection, to safeguard a pinst puential by ks.	
	1		Disp. card signage: Place clear, easily visible signs near the lathe to remind workers of potential zards, criphasise safe work practices, and increase awareness about the presence of unguarded in ving parts.	
			Maintain a clean work environment: Regularly clean the workspace to prevent accumulation of debris and other hazards that may interfere with the operation or movement of the lathe.	
	5		- Encourage reporting of hazards: Instill a culture of openness and support within the workplace, so employees feel comfortable reporting any identified hazards for prompt and appropriate action.	
			- Conduct regular auditing: Perform periodic WHS audits to evaluate the effectiveness of implemented control measures, identify areas for improvement, and refine the necessary strategies to further mitigate hazards associated with the inspection work step in lathe metal cutting.	
			- Provide proper training: Ensure all operators have received appropriate training in machine setup, tool selection, and safe operation of lathe metal cutting equipment.	
			- Establish a lockout/tagout procedure: Implement a lockout/tagout policy to ensure that the machine is rendered inoperable during setup and tool change to prevent accidental entanglement.	
3. Machine Setup	Entanglement, Incorrect tool selection	2M	- Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE): Require operators to wear appropriate PPE such as gloves, safety goggles, and close-fitting clothing during machine setup.	1L
			- Install machine guards: Equip lathe machines with proper guards over the rotating parts to protect workers from entanglement hazards.	
			- Create and implement Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs): Develop clear SOPs for machine setup, tool selection, and usage, ensuring that operators adhere to them.	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Inspect tools and equipment prior to use: Perform routine inspections of lathe tools and equipment to identify any potential problems or damage that may lead to incorrect tool selection or other hazards.	
			- Maintain a clean and organised work area: Keep area around the lathe metal cutting machine free of debris, clutter, and excess materials to reduce risk of accidents.	
			- Limit access to authorised personnel: Research access to be lathe metal cutting area to only trained and authorised personnel who are skilled in machine seturated operation.	
			- Employ an appropriate tool selection process: sure that the 19th tool is used for the specific task at hand. Train operators on the 19per usage and line tions of 1991 tool in the lathe metal cutting process.	
			- Communicate hazard warning. Clearly label the languachine and its surrounding area with the necessary hazard warning related to entanglement and incorrect tool selection.	
			- Conduct regular safety at as: Penn ically across and evaluate the effectiveness of existing control measures to notify areas or improve and ensure commitment to workplace health and safety requirements.	
4. Turning Operations	Flying debris, Eye injury	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
5. Grinding Operations	Excessive noise, Let ex	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
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6. Drilling Operations	Projectiles, Repetit and amjuris	\$W		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
7. Tool Changing	Pinch points, Burns from hot tools	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
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8. De-burring Operations	Sharp edges, Hand injuries	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
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9. Quality Inspection	Strain from impror ergonomics, Distraction leading accident	1L		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Coolant Management	Chemical exposure, Slips and falls	M		1L
11. Waste Removal	Manual handling injuries, Environmental hazards	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
12. Shut Down & Clean Up	Electrical hazards, Slips, trips, and falls	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				NON
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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor</a> aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as support ractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS	
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.			
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selectives			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property the improvement of measures.			
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED		
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		