



| Landscaping Jobs Including Diggir  | ng And Planting   SAFE WC                                    | ORK METHOD STATEMENT (                   | SWMS)                               |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| TASK OR ACTIVITY   | : Landscaping Jobs Including D                               | igging And Planting                      |                                     |
| Business Name:   |  | ABN:                                     | SWMS#                               |
| Business Address:  |  |  |                                     |
| Contact Person:  | Phone:   | E fil:                                   |                                     |
|  |  |  |                                     |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD  | STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY                                     | THE PCL OF THE ROJECT                    |                                     |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.   | eting a business or under o (PC 1) is                        | required to en that a safe work method s | statement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name:   |  |  |                                     |
| Signature:   |  | Title:                                   | Date:                               |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring   | apliance the VMS a vell as review                            | es and modifications of the SWMS.        |                                     |
| Full Name:   |  | Title:                                   | Phone:                              |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED  | NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI<br>EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO        | OMMUNICATED TO IN THE               |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.  |  |  |                                     |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.  |  |  |                                     |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.  |  |  |                                     |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. |  |  |                                     |

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| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL  | CONTRACTOR DETAILS  |
|--|---|
| Client:  | SCOPE OF WORKS  |
| Project Name:  |   |
| Project Address:   |   |
| Project Manager:   |   |
| Contact Phone:   |   |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:   |   |
| ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR  | NAME OF THE POLIT   |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR  | N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT   |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters                                     | is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping                                       |
| ☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower  | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines                                      |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing                      | $\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services              |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure           | ☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere                |
| ☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb  | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete  |
| ☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| ☐ is carried out in or near a confined space   | ☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant  |
| ☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives   | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.                              |
| $\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.  | ☐ involves diving work.   |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER   | Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |

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| RISK MATRIX       |   |               |               |            |              |                |                                   |                                 |  |  |
|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| LIKELIHOOD        | INSIGNIFICANT   | MINOR         | MODERATE      | MAJOR      | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE          | ACTION                            | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS           |  |  |
| ALMOST<br>CERTAIN | 3<br>HIGH   | 3<br>HIGH     | 4<br>ACUTE    | 4<br>ACUTE | 4<br>ACUTE   | SCORE          | ACTION                            | Elimination Remove the hazard.  |  |  |
| LIKELY            | 2<br>MODERATE   | 3<br>HIGH     | 3<br>HIGH     | 4<br>ACUTE | 4<br>ACUTE   | 4A<br>ACUTE    | DO NOT<br>PROCE                   | Substitution                    |  |  |
| POSSIBLE          | 1<br>LOW  | 2<br>MODERATE | 3<br>HIGH     | 4<br>ACUTE | 4<br>ACUTE   | 3H<br>HIGH     | Review before work starts.        | Replace the hazard.             |  |  |
| UNLIKELY          | 1<br>LOW  | 1<br>LOW      | 2<br>MODERATE | 3<br>HIGH  | 4<br>ACUTE   | 2M<br>MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | Isolate People from the hazard  |  |  |
| RARE              | 1<br>LOW  | 1<br>LOW      | 2<br>MODERATE | 3<br>HIGH  | 3<br>HIGH    | 1L<br>LOW      | nitor and                         | Engineering Isolate the hazard. |  |  |
| is the second m   | Administrative  Interest of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrence of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the fit post engineering by controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equation) the least effective |               |               |            |              |                |                                   |                                 |  |  |

|                    |                     |                    |                  | PERS        |                       | TIVE EQUIPM                           |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
|                    |                     | Select the app     | propriate PPL    | abo√ ≃uitab | ic or the equi        | pment used or                         | the job task         | being perforr          | ned (if applica    | ıble).            |                           |
| FOOT<br>PROTECTION | HAND<br>PROTECTION  | HEAD<br>PROTECTION | HEARING<br>ETION | P ECTION    | R PIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE<br>PROTECTION                    | HIGH-VIS<br>CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE<br>CLOTHING | FALL<br>PROTECTION | SUN<br>PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY<br>SECURED |
|                    |                     |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                     |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
| Other PPE R        | Other PPE Required: |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    | Pe                  | ermit or Licen     | ses Requirem     | ents        |                       | Mandatory Qualifications and Training |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                     |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                     |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |
|                    |                     |                    |                  |             |                       |                                       |                      |                        |                    |                   |                           |



| JOB STEP            | POTENTIAL HAZARDS                               | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE                          | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS   | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
| 1. Preparation      | Burns from hot equipment, Cuts from sharp tools | ЗН              | - Ensure all workers have appropriate persent protective aquipment (PPE), including gloves, long sleeves, and sun protection, to prevent burn from hot expiment.  - Conduct a pre-start check to ensure all tools and authority of sharp tools to minimise the risk of defects that may result in injuries.  - Provide training to workers on the correct use and and it and sharp tools to minimise the risk of cuts and injuries.  - Establish a designated expoment not-down and, clearly marked, where hot equipment can be placed safely away on the workin area.  - Clear blabel a machinal controls an analysis operating manuals to reduce the risk of incorrect operation potent, and additional protocols among team members to signal when machinery is too hot to handle to which blade are exposed.  - Which blade are exposed.  - Whillies a bls with insulated grips to minimise heat transfer and reduce the risk of burns during operation.  - Which shift first and kit on-site for immediate treatment of minor cuts and burns, and ensure all personnel mow its action.  - angularly schedule maintenance checks for all landscaping equipment to ensure they are functioning operating and not prone to overheating.  - Set up barriers or safety cones around areas where hot equipment is being used or stored to prevent inadvertent contact by workers.  - Require the use of blade guards or sheaths when transporting or moving sharp tools to prevent accidental contact.  - Educate workers on recognising signs of equipment malfunctioning that could lead to increased heat generation and potential hazards.  - Limit exposure time for workers in direct sunlight during hot weather to prevent overheating-related incidents, integrating shade structures or scheduled breaks. | 2M               |
| 2. Site Assessment  | Tripping over uneven ground, Falling objects    | ЗН              | <ul> <li>Conduct a thorough site inspection to identify uneven ground areas and clearly mark these zones with high-visibility flags or barriers.</li> <li>Ensure all workers on-site wear appropriate PPE, including hard hats, to protect against falling objects.</li> <li>Level out uneven surfaces where practical before commencing work to minimise the risk of trips and falls.</li> <li>Set up exclusion zones around areas where overhead work is taking place to prevent unprotected personnel from entering these areas.</li> </ul>   | 1L               |



| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS  HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  INITIAL RISK  - Provide training for workers on identifying potential trip hazards and safe practices for navigating unterrain.  - Use protective netting or catch platforms when woung at heights where there is a risk of tools or materials falling.  - Clearly delineate pathways that are free is apping hazar is using temporary ramps or mats over routerrain.  - Implement regular housekeeping routines to ken the site tidy, and free of loose materials that could cause trips or falls.  - Assign a spotter when moving a rege equipment new as where falling objects pose a risk to ensure pedestrian safety.  - Review we see of condition regular as raise of make uneven surfaces slippery, increasing the risk trips and slips.  - Enst is a worker of trained in the correct use and handling of each specific tool.  - Provision per anal promotive equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footwood all widers. | igh<br>re |
|--|-----------|
| Provide training for workers on identifying potential trip hazards and safe practices for navigating unterrain.  Use protective netting or catch platforms when withing at heights where there is a risk of tools or materials falling.  Clearly delineate pathways that are free out ipping hazards using temporary ramps or mats over routerrain.  Implement regular housekeeping routines to know the site tidy and free of loose materials that could cause trips or falls.  Assign a spotter when moving arge equipment near and where falling objects pose a risk to ensure pedestrian safety.  Review was their condition regular has raine at make uneven surfaces slippery, increasing the risk trips and slips.  Ensures workers are trained in the correct use and handling of each specific tool.  Provide personal projective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footway all workers.  | igh<br>Te |
| materials falling.  - Clearly delineate pathways that are free or ipping haz as using temporary ramps or mats over routerrain.  - Implement regular housekeeping routines to keeping routines to keeping free of loose materials that could cause trips or falls.  - Assign a spotter when moving a tge equipment near as where falling objects pose a risk to ensure pedestrian safety.  - Review we see condition segular has raine and make uneven surfaces slippery, increasing the risk trips and slips.  - Ensure a worker are trained in the correct use and handling of each specific tool.  - Provide personal projective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footwood all with erst.   | re        |
| terrain.  Implement regular housekeeping routines to know the site tidy, and free of loose materials that could cause trips or falls.  Assign a spotter when moving arge equipment near and where falling objects pose a risk to ensure pedestrian safety.  Review we care condition regulars as raint and make uneven surfaces slippery, increasing the risk trips and slips.  Ensure workers are trained in the correct use and handling of each specific tool.  Provide personal projective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footward all worders.   | re        |
| cause trips or falls.  - Assign a spotter when moving a tge equipment near this where falling objects pose a risk to ensure pedestrian safety.  - Review we their condition regular has raint and make uneven surfaces slippery, increasing the risk trips and slips.  - Ensure a worken are trained in the correct use and handling of each specific tool.  - Provide per anal projective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footwater all worders.  | re        |
| Pedestrian safety  - Review we see condition segular was rained in make uneven surfaces slippery, increasing the risk trips and slips  - Ensure workers are trained in the correct use and handling of each specific tool.  - Provide personal projective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footworkers.   |           |
| trips and slips      - Ensure worker are trained in the correct use and handling of each specific tool.      - Provide per anal prescrive equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footward all was lers.   |           |
| - Provide per shall prescrive equipment (PPE) such as gloves, eye protection, and appropriate footworks all we less.   | of        |
| to all wo 'ers.  |           |
|  | ear       |
| - a gular inspections for any damage or defects before use, ensuring they are in good working conducts   |           |
| Store tools properly when not in use to prevent accidental tripping or injury.   |           |
| 3. Tool Handling  Risks of injury from improper use or handling of tools  - Use the right tool for the job to minimise risks associated with improper tool usage.  | 2M        |
| - Establish a clear communication protocol among team members to alert others when tools are in use  | ∍.        |
| - Keep work areas clean and free of debris to prevent hazards arising from cluttered environments.   |           |
| - Clearly define and mark work zones where tools will be used to keep unauthorised personnel out.  |           |
| - Implement a safe maintenance program for all tools, including routine sharpening and proper lubrical   | tion.     |
| - Provide comprehensive safety briefings at the start of each job outlining specific tool-related hazards  | š.        |
| - Encourage workers to report any discomfort or ergonomic issues associated with tool use immediate  | ∍ly.      |
|  |           |
|  |           |
| Interacting with underground services 4. Digging (gas, electricity), Sprains and strains due 4A  | 2M        |
| to manual handling   | Livi      |
|  |           |
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| JOB STEP             | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS  | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
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|                      | Observiced surrous (for   |                 |  |                  |
| 5. Plant Preparation | Chemical exposure (fertipesticides), Pricks and cuts nom plants | 4A              |  | 2M               |
|                      |   |                 |  |                  |
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| JOB STEP                   | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS        | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
| 6. Planting                | Back injury from bending or heavy lifting, Bites or stings from insects in soil | ЗН              |  | 2M               |
| 7. Irrigation Installation | Electrocution from live wires, Tripping over hoses or other equipment           | ЗН              |  | 1L               |



| JOB STEP            | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
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|                     |   |                 |  |                  |
|                     | Eye injuries from flying de                                     |                 |  |                  |
| 8. Mulching         | Eye injuries from flying de mergic reactions to mulch materials | 2M              |  | 1L               |
|                     |   |                 |  |                  |
|                     |   |                 |  |                  |
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|                     |   |                 |  |                  |



| JOB STEP              | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS   | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
| 9. Landscaping Design | Falls from height when installing features, Electrical hazards during lighting installation | 4A              |  | 3H               |
| 10. Clean-up          | Manual lift of heavy waste bags, Slips, trips and falls on cleaned up area                  | 3H              |  | 2M               |



| JOB STEP              | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS   | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE                                   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                       |  |                 |  |                  |
| 11. Machine Operation | Injury from mechanical parts, Noise induced hearing loss | 4A              |  | 2M               |



| JOB STEP            | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE                                    | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
| 12. Trees Cutting   | Falling objects (branches, trees), Cuts from the chainsaw | 4A              |  | 2M               |
| 13. Grass Mowing    | Objects being thrown by mower, Noise induced hearing loss | 4A              |  | 2M               |



| JOB STEP            | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                     |  |                 |  |                  |
| 14. Maintenance     | Contact with hazardous substance with hazard from stored fuels     | e 3H            |  | 1L               |
| 15. Inspection      | Falls from height, Interaction with hazardous plants or substances | 3H              |  | 2M               |



| JOB STEP             | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS  | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                      |   |                 |  |                  |
| 16. Waste Management | Risk of infection from waste and plant material, Fire hazard from stored wastes | ЗН              |  | 2M               |



| JOB STEP            | POTENTIAL HAZARDS   | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE  | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                     |   |                 |  |                  |
| 17. Debriefing      | Trip and fall over equipment left, Injury from moving heavy objects | ЗН              |  | 1L               |



| JOB STEP                    | POTENTIAL HAZARDS  | IR              | CONTROL MEASURES   | RR               |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS         | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE   | INITIAL<br>RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL<br>RISK |
|                             |  |                 |  |                  |
| 18. Emergency<br>Procedures | Not knowing correct procedures, Injury or trauma during evacuation | 4A              |  | 2M               |
|                             |  |                 |  |                  |



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

les on actice VI atps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |
|             |           |      |

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| INITIALS      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| DATE          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 17





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS  | COMPLETED  | COMMENTS |
|---|------------|----------|
|   |            |          |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.                  |            |          |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.                            |            |          |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.                     |            |          |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.                         | 7          |          |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.            |            |          |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.                          |            |          |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.                                |            |          |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS                     |            |          |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pupleted.                    |            |          |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective selective.            |            |          |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important of measures.                |            |          |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. |            |          |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us  |            |          |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.             |            |          |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work. |            |          |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.                               |            |          |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.                  |            |          |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.   |            |          |
|   |            |          |
| REVIEWED BY   | DATE REVIE | WED      |
| SIGNATURE   | DATE COMPL | ETED     |