



Irrigation Installation	1 SAFE WORK METHOD S	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TAS	K OR ACTIVITY: Irrigation Install	ation	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E vil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVID BY	THE PC. 'OF TP' ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.		required to en ethat a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring .	poliance the VMS a vell as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NAL OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accomp with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, quately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	ON WO K BEIN O KRIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	☐ is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integration of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that — quires term — ov sup — rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper tha tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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	RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	Administrative Notes on Hierarchy of Controls: Elimination methods are the most effective and preferrence on controls and preferrence on controls of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the virtual of the second most effective method of controlling and the second most effective method in the second most effective method in the second most effective method of controlling most effective method in the second most effecti									

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPL	abo. ~uitab	ic or the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	ARING STION	F' CTIO	RL PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Ma	indatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Pre-start planning and documentation	Incomplete site information Unidentified underground services Inadequate traffic management Inadequate competency or supervision Extreme weather conditions	3H	 Review project drawings, Dial Before You're y (DBYD) plans and service locations before scheduling any site works Consult with site owner or principal contractory plant location of known underground services and restricted areas Develop and approve a task pecific Safe Work in hod princement and traffic management plan before work starts Verify worker and relevablicency and VOC or plant, vehicles and high-risk tasks before allocating duties Assistant a completent stronvisor to cooperate works, conduct briefings and monitor compliance with this SWW. Schepite vidoor with to avoid extreme heat, lightning, high winds or heavy rain where practicable Condultation as start to avoid extreme heat, lightning, high winds or heavy rain where practicable Condultation as start to avoid extreme heat, lightning, high winds or heavy rain where practicable Condultation as start to avoid extreme heat, lightning, high winds or heavy rain where practicable Condultation as start to avoid extreme heat, lightning, high winds or heavy rain where practicable Condultation as start to avoid extreme heat, lightning, high winds or heavy rain where practicable Condultation as start to avoid extreme heat, lightning, high winds or heavy rain where practicable Condultation and contents of first aid kit and eyewash facilities Not at first aider and confirm location and contents of first aid kit and eyewash facilities Confirm a munication methods on site, including mobile coverage, UHF channels and emergency or fact numbers DO NOT commence irrigation works until planning documentation is reviewed and authorised by the PCBU or supervisor 	2M
Site inspection and service locating	Unmarked underground utilities Uneven ground surfaces Hidden holes or soft spots Vegetation obstructions Wildlife or insects	4A	 Walk the entire work area and mark trip hazards, soft ground, steep slopes and unstable edges with high-visibility markers Use current DBYD information and consult as-built drawings to identify likely service corridors and exclusion zones Engage a qualified service locator to use cable locators and ground penetrating radar where services are suspected Hand dig and pothole using insulated tools to positively identify depth and location of services before using powered trenchers or augers Maintain a minimum approach distance from identified gas, power, water and telecommunications as per service provider requirements Cut and clear low vegetation using appropriate tools to expose ground surface without disturbing topsoil more than necessary Wear long sleeves, long pants and enclosed safety boots to minimise contact with insects, snakes or sharp vegetation 	2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS Inspect for bee or wasp nests and ant mounds and arrange pest control or exclusion if they are within the work area DO NOT use mechanical digging equipment with the specified no-go zone around confirmed underground services	RESIDUAL RISK
Traffic and pedestrian management	Moving vehicles and plant Reversing Utes and trailers Public pedestrian access Low visibility conditions	ЗН	 Install barricades, cones and signage in accordance can the approved traffic management plan to separate work area from live traffic Position work vehicles off to roadway where projectly a consume hazard lights and beacons are operating when stationary near affic Use a trained specific work and ingland having a sub-visibility vest when reversing trucks, Utes or trailers in congested or public areas Establish cland signed a destrian or with temporary fencing or bunting where irrigation or lands using work encough on footpatras Limit enders per on site to walking pace and display speed limit signage at site entry points Schedule of veries of removal of spoil outside peak pedestrian and traffic times where possible Ensured II works wear high-visibility clothing that meets AS/NZS 4602 when working around moving Veriales Verity the shicle and trailer lights, brakes and indicators are operational before entering public roads O NOT allow unauthorised persons or the public to enter designated work zones or parking areas for pland. 	1L
Deliveries, manual handling and storage	Manual handling of pipes and fittings Crush injury from shifting loads Stored material collapse Use of incorrect lifting techniques	ЗН		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Building irrigation ditches and trenching	Trench wall collapse Contact with underground services Flying debris from trenchers Struck by mobile plant Slips trips and falls in trenches	4A		2M
Installing mainlines and submains	Pinch points during pipe placement Solvent and primer vapours Inhalation of PVC dust Cutting tools and burrs	ЗН		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Installing drip, sprinkler and landscaping irrigation	Sharp dripline barbs Trip hazards from exposed pipe UV radiation exposure Kneeling and repetitive strain	ЗН		2M
Valve, control and pump installation	Electrical shock from controls Noise from pumps Confined space in valve boxes Lifting pumps and components	4A		2 M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Connection to water, mains and testing	Uncontrolled water discharge High pressure line failure Backflow contamination Slip hazards from wet surfaces	ЗН		1L
Irrigation repairs and maintenance	Unexpected system activation Contact with contaminated water Working in muddy or boggy ground Sharp cracked PVC or metal parts	ЗН		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Backfilling, compaction and reinstatement	Struck by compaction equipment Ground settlement and sinkholes Dust generation during backfill Strains from shovelling	ЗН		1L
Landscaping integration and site clean-up	Trip hazards from waste Sharp offcuts and packaging Manual handling of soils and mulch Exposure to fertilisers and chemicals	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Working near roads and plant interfaces	Unplanned vehicle movement Collision with mobile plant Reduced visibility at dawn or dusk Distraction during detailed tasks	3H		1L
Emergency preparedness and environmental protection	Uncontrolled water erosion Pollution of drains and sterver Delayed emergency response Heat stress and dehydration	3Н		2M









EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2025

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-s____v-laws_

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor/ aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Or pational Health a. Safety Act J4

Occational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.sksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are rovised. The view respectively should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as a sub-intractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	k	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) colum mpleted.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections.	\boxtimes	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part of the important of	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an onthe SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, use or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED