



Hydraulic Punch and SI	hear SAFE WORK METHO	DD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK O	R ACTIVITY: Hydraulic Punch ar	nd Shear	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	apliance the VMS a well as review	es and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in accomply with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, adately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo√ ≃uitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	R PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Manual handling hazards, Exposure to hydraulic fluids, Slips and trips	ЗН	 Provide all workers with appropriate many candling training, including safe lifting techniques, to reduce the risk of injuries due to incorrect handlings actices. Ensure that the work area is kept clean and to condition the likelihood of slips, trips, and falls. Inspect the hydraulic punch soil shear equipment and a condition of slips, trips, and falls. Inspect the hydraulic punch soil shear equipment and a condition of slips, trips, and falls. Inspect the hydraulic punch soil shear equipment and soil dentify any leaks or weaknesses in the hydraulic system, reported or recognized components to secessary to prevent accidents caused by fluid exposure. Store hydrator if fluids in control plabs of conditions and ensure they are sealed securely when not in use to minimise this sk of accountal spills. Use to opriate the sonal protective equipment (PPE) for workers, such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-to a this, to the test them from potential hazards when handling hydraulic fluids and operating machinery. Implement a condition and steel for the hydraulic punch and shear equipment, ensuring all a spone its are good working condition and serviced as required to prevent potential hazards. Utilis, the eys or lifting devices to help transport heavy objects, minimising the need for manual handling and reduce of the risk of strain-related injuries. In ply non-slip flooring or mats to high-traffic areas where there may be an increased risk of slips and trips, especially around the hydraulic punch and shear machine. Establish designated waste disposal areas for excess hydraulic fluid, ensuring proper containment measures are in place to prevent environmental contamination and other hazards. Implement warning signage near the hydraulic punch and shear equipment to alert workers of potential hazards and reminding them to follow safe operating procedures. Clearly mark and adhere to load-bearing limits for th	2M
2. Equipment Inspection	Faulty equipment, Pinch points during inspection	ЗН	 Implement regular inspection and maintenance schedules to ensure that all equipment is in good working condition before use. Equip all hydraulic punch and shear machines with guards to protect operators from pinch points and accidental contact with the machine parts during inspections. Train employees on the proper inspection and operation procedures of hydraulic punch and shear machines, including recognizing potential hazards and applying safe work practices. Establish lockout/tagout procedures to isolate the hydraulic punch and shear machine's energy sources, preventing unexpected start-ups during inspection. 	1L



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			 Use personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots when inspecting the equipment to minimise potential injuries from sharp edges or pinch points. 	
			- Inspect all hoses, fittings, and connections for least, wear, or damage before operating the hydraulic punch and shear machine.	
			- Make sure that the device's work area is the part of debrishing the constructions that may cause trips, slips, or falls during the inspection process.	
			- Before beginning the inspection, review the equation nent's manufactor fully understand its proper operation, maintenance requirements, and potential hazards	
			- Ensure employees maintain a fe distance from no machine parts during inspection to avoid injury due to pinch point and compare ents.	
			- Replace decoged or wor parts in rediately and do not operate the hydraulic punch and shear machine until all neces by repairs are been and	
			- Dodge at and picture records of all inspections, repairs, and maintenance activities performed on the hydraction in the shear machine.	
			- Foster in a continuous rication environment where employees feel empowered to report any hazardous conditions or a cerns garding the equipment's functionality.	
			- gular cond. workplace safety audits to identify potential hazards and opportunities for impressing in the equipment's operation and maintenance processes.	
			- gular inspection and maintenance: Conduct periodic checks on hydraulic lines, hoses, and connections to detect any signs of wear, corrosion, or damage that could potentially lead to pressure leaks or ruptures.	
			- Proper hose selection: Choose high-quality hydraulic hoses according to the manufacturer's recommended specifications, considering factors such as pressure capacity, temperature range, and chemical resistance to ensure a safe and reliable connection.	
			- Appropriate hose installation: Install hydraulic hoses with proper bend radius, routing, and support to avoid excessive stress, kinking, or twisting, which could contribute to hose failures or ruptures.	
3 Hydraillic I ine Setiin	Pressure leaks, Hose confection failures, Hose ruptures	4A	- Use quality connectors and fittings: Invest in high-quality connectors and fittings compatible with the hydraulic system and hose in use, following the manufacturer's guidelines to prevent leaks or hose connection failures.	2M
			- Training and qualification: Ensure all personnel involved in hydraulic line setup are adequately trained in proper procedures, equipment handling, and safety measures to minimise risks associated with pressure leaks, hose connection failures, and hose ruptures.	
			- Leak prevention measures: Incorporate secondary containment and leak detection systems where possible to contain spills and alert workers immediately upon detecting a potential fluid release.	
			- Proper storage and handling: Store spare hoses and equipment in a clean, dry environment, free from contaminants or aggressive chemicals to prolong their service life and maintain optimal performance.	



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			- Follow safety protocols: Establish and enforce safety guidelines for workers during hydraulic line setup, using personal protective equipment such as gloves, safety glasses, and protective footwear to minimise injury risks in case of an incident.	
			- Emergency response plan: Develop a compressive emergency response plan outlining the steps to follow in case of pressure leaks, hose control on failures, or ruptures, ensuring it is well-known and practiced by relevant personnel.	
			- Communication and reporting: Encourage op remunication within the team to share concerns or report suspected malfunctions promptly, enabling arly intervers in and minimising potential hazards related to hydraulic line setup	
4. Punch & Shear Placement	Falling objects, Inc. rect place causing tip-overs	ЗН		1L



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5. Material Positioning	Pinch points, Material instability	2M		1L
6. Machine Operation	Operator error, Entanglement in moving parts	4A		2M



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7. Material Cutting	Flying debris, Sharp edges, Projectiles	3H		1L



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8. Waste Handling	Manual handling hazards, Tripping over waste materials	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
9. Material Unloading	Crushing hazards, Overexertion injuries	ЗН		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Finishing Process	Exposure to chemicals, casive as injuries	2M		1L



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11. Quality Control	Repetitive motions, Eye strain	1L		1 1L







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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-or-practic

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the improvention control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED .