| Hydraulic Chainsaw | SAFE WORK METHOD S | TATEMENT (SWMS) | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| TAS | K OR ACTIVITY: Hydraulic Chair | isaw | |
| Business Name: | | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | E ail: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPROX D BY 1 | | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | | required to en that a safe work method s | tatement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring | opliance i the VMS a well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAKE HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NACE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS | DMMUNICATED TO IN THE |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ad in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, so the company nical those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contract each hazard. | | | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an ately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR DETAILS |
|---|---|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping |
| □ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing | □ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services |
| □ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture | \square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere |
| □ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete |
| involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| □ is carried out in or near a confined space | \Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant |
| is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| ☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | ☐ involves diving work. |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY |
| | |
| | |
| | |



| | RISK MATRIX | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | | | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS | | |
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | SCORE | ACTION | | Elimination Remove the hazard. | | |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCE | | Substitution | | |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review befor work starts. | | Replace the hazard. | | |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | | Isolate People from the hazard | | |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and k⊾ records | | Engineering Isolate the hazard. | | |
| is the second me | rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th | d of controlling a | hazard. Enginee | ering by isolati | on is the in post e | en. ^t ive, while | d. Substitution Administrative effective | | Administrative Change the work. PPE | | |

| | | | | | | TIVE EQUIPM | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Select the ap | propriate PPL | abo, ruitab | i or the equi | oment used or | the job task | being perform | ned (if applica | able). | |
| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | | P ECTION | R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other PPE R | Other PPE Required: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Permit or Licenses Requirements | | | | | | Mandatory Qualifications and Training | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Incorrect equipment setup, Poor workplace lighting | 2М | Prioritise thorough training for all workers is nived in operating and setting up the hydraulic chain saw, ensuring they understand the proper proces are and same requirements. Implement an Equipment Inspection Checklis is not requirements. Utilise appropriate manufactur's guidelines when ettin up and maintaining the equipment for consistent conformitive onfety standards. Make sure through ands, shi ty deviews, and othe necessary protective components are always in place and properly to actioning duil glopen and. Assist dedicant persion of the maximum or workplace lighting conditions, specifically identifying dark to hadowe the work benefit or portable lighting conditions, specifically identifying dark to hadowe the work and sub the data from view. Instal individue and switch as sub the data of properties of the hydraulic chain saw, such as floodlights or portable lighting solutions. Assist dedication on the ges in natural light sources throughout the day. Ensure to onclude and propert and the equipment is tested and tagged regularly to maintain functionality and safety. Intablish clear communication protocols between team members to provide updates on workplace conditions and report any issues with the equipment setup, usage, or lighting. Retain records of maintenance and repair activities for the hydraulic chain saw, communicating any changes made to the equipment during these tasks to all involved staff. Provide first aid kits, emergency stop buttons, and related safety equipment within easy access in the workspace, ensuring all staff members are trained in their proper use. Regularly review Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) and update them in accordance with changes in industry regulations, new machinery, or updated safety measures. Encourage a culture of safety within the workplace by emphasising the importance of cooperation, clear communication, and diligence in carrying out the aforement | 1L |
| 2. Saw Inspection | Faulty or damaged saw components, Lack of maintenance | ЗН | Regular Maintenance Schedule: Ensure a regular maintenance schedule is in place for each hydraulic chain saw, following the manufacturer's recommendations and guidelines. Pre-use Inspections: Conduct thorough pre-use inspections of the hydraulic chain saws to identify any signs of wear, damage, or malfunction before starting any work. Repair or Replace Damaged Components: If any faulty or damaged components are discovered during the inspection, immediately repair or replace them before using the saw. | 2M |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Maintain a Logbook: Keep a detailed logbook for every hydraulic chain saw, including the maintenance history, repairs undertaken, and any reported incidents or issues. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Proper Storage: Store hydraulic chain saws in a read, dry, and secure location when not in use to minimise exposure to environmental factors the cause corrosion or damage to the equipment. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Training and Certification: Ensure all empreses operation hydraulic chain saws receive proper training on their safe operation, care, and maintenant, and the rany required certifications or licenses. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Familiarity with Manufacturer's Guidelines: Review workers to be familiar with the owner's manual and follow the provided guidance, parding the use, no otenance, and handling of the hydraulic chain saw. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Personal Protective Equipment, PPE): Ensure that the construction use appropriate PPE such as gloves, safety goggles, early and step toed boots when handling and operating the hydraulic chain saw. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Lubrication Saw Chain, egular, ubricatione saw chain according to the manufacturer's recommended equency to naintain a stratal performance and prevent excessive wear or damage. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Kee ware Paul Canand: Maintain an inventory of commonly needed spare parts for hydraulic chain saws 1, t any h acements can be made promptly to minimise downtime. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Encourage reporting of Issues: Establish a culture in which employees feel empowered to report any observe issue with hy aulic chain saws or other equipment, without fear of repercussions, to facilitate active merits all or minimise risk. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Conducer thorough risk assessment to identify and determine the appropriate PPE required specifically to operating a hydraulic chain saw, taking into account the nature of the job, environment, and existing having or risks. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ensure that all workers who are tasked with operating the hydraulic chain saw have received proper training on the selection, use, maintenance, and limitations of the relevant PPE. | |
| | 5 | | - Monitor and enforce consistent usage of the required PPE such as safety glasses, hearing protection, gloves, hard hats, and steel-toed boots by every individual involved in the operation and handling of the hydraulic chain saw. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Inadequate or missing PPE, Improper | | - Establish guidelines for proper PPE usage that include correct fitting, wearing, and adjustment of PPE, ensuring maximum protection and comfort for the wearer. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. PPE Check | PPE usage | 2M | - Develop a PPE inspection regimen to detect any wear or damage to PPE before each work shift, accordingly replacing any damaged or ineffective PPE prior to commencing work. | 1L | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Store PPE in a designated area that is easily accessible to all workers, maintaining them in good working condition and sheltered from contaminants, extreme temperatures, or potential physical damage. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Provide comprehensive training to all workers about the importance of using PPE consistently during work hours, effectively communicating the consequences of inadequate or improper use, along with highlighting relevant workplace incidents as examples. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Supervisors should lead by example, consistently adhering to PPE requirements, and diligently addressing any instances of non-compliance by staff members. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | - Create an incident reporting system where workers can confidently report instances of inadequate or missing PPE, helping to address these issues and improve overall workplace safety standards. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | - Periodically review and assess the efficiency of the implemented control measures, making necessary adjustments based on new regulations, improved technology, or changes to the work environment. | |
| | | | - Encourage open lines of communication between orkers, supervisors, and management to facilitate a culture of safety and compliance within the work ace, continually promoting the importance of PPE usage in preventing injury incidents while operation cydraulic chain saws. | |
| 4. Safety Zone Setup | Inadequate signage us arrito, des, Unsafe work zone i ze | ZM | | 1L |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 5. Chain Installation | Pinch hazards, Hand injury while installing chain | 2M | | |
| 6. Hydraulic System Check | Leaking hoses, Damaged pump or valves | 2M | | 1L |

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | S | | | |
| 7. Test Run | Saw kickback, Unexpected chain movement | 3H | | 1L |

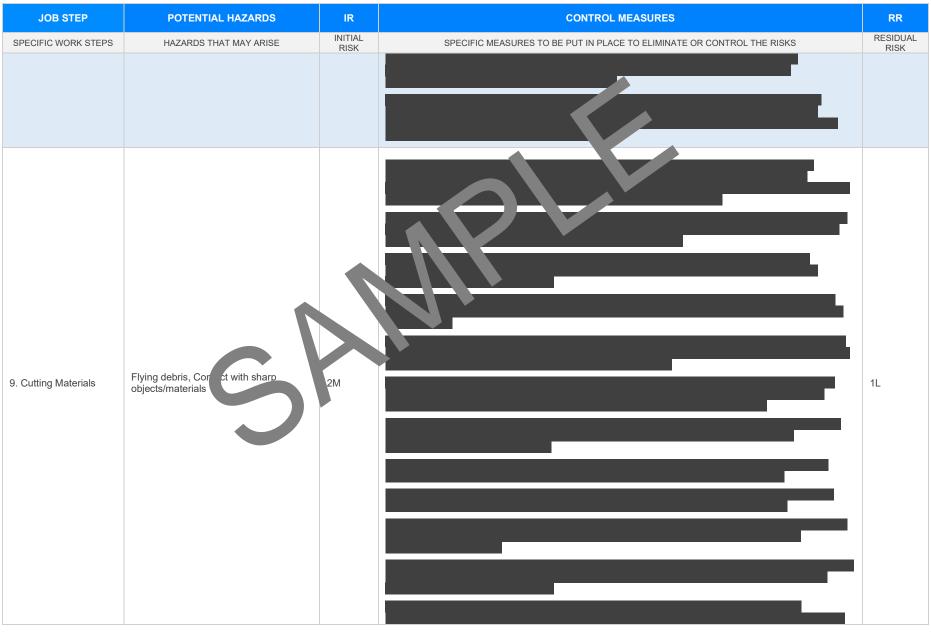






| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 8. Saw Operation | Noise exposure, Vibration causing handarm strain | 3 | | 2М |







| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 10. Work Area Cleanup | Slips, trips, and falls to weapong heavy materials | | | 1L |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 11. Chain Removal | Mishandling tools, Exposure to sharp chain teeth | 21/1 | | 1L |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 12. Equipment Storage | Improper storage, Inadequate labeling or organisation | 1L | | 1L |
| | | | | |



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

| LEGISLATIVE REF | ERENCES | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE | | | | |
| Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice | Victoria Occupational Health at Safety Act and 4 Occupational Health and prfetvic gulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> of the source VIC <u>actps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u> | | | |
| New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative | Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u> | | | |
| Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-provelaws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/formediatestations</u> | Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> | | | |
| South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 | Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes - First aid in the workplace - Managing the risk of falls at workplaces | | | |
| Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> | Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination | | | |
| Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents. | Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work | | | |



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS |
|---|-------------|----------|
| | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | \boxtimes | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | \boxtimes | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS | \boxtimes | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted. | \boxtimes | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections | \boxtimes | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the importation control measures. | \boxtimes | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. | \boxtimes | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use | \boxtimes | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work. | \boxtimes | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | \boxtimes | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | \boxtimes | |
| | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE RE | VIEWED |
| SIGNATURE | DATE CON | IPLETED |