



High-Speed Engraving T	asks SAFE WORK METH	OD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OF	R ACTIVITY: High-Speed Engravi	ng Tasks	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E 111:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO\\\O\O\D BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or und	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	poliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S (MS M) HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched sed in accounty with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuation each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 1





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 2



	RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS			
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.			
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution			
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.			
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard			
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.			
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work. PPE			

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo√ ≃uitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	R PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Poor housekeeping, Incorrect machine operation	2M, 3H	 Conduct a thorough site inspection to identic potential trioping or slipping hazards. Ensure the workspace is clean and organism with the and materials stored properly. Provide training for all personnel on proper material operation techniques. Display clear signage indication safe pathways an work areas. Verify that all employ the area working appropriate patental protective equipment (PPE), including eye and ear protection. Implement to cheduled clanning rough to contain a tidy workspace at all times. Revolutional trial protection and adhere to manufacturer guidelines for use. Estatism system or regular maintenance checks to keep machines in optimal condition. Develop an enforce rotocols for reporting any spills, obstacles, or unsafe conditions immediately. Use batiers to ape to mark off restricted areas around operational machinery. Asoun a rained safety officer to oversee operations and ensure compliance with safety measures. Ensure dergency stop buttons are clearly marked and easily accessible on all equipment. Ineate detailed work procedures for high-speed engraving tasks and conduct regular drills. Encourage open communication among workers to promptly address and rectify potential hazards. 	1L, 1L
2. Setting up the machine	Incorrect usage of tools, Exposure to noise	2M, 3H	 Ensure operators have received appropriate training and certification in the use of high-speed engraving equipment. Provide a comprehensive user manual on site that includes instructions for correct machine setup and operation. Conduct pre-operation checks to ensure all machine parts are in good working condition and secure before use. Use lockout/tagout procedures when performing maintenance or repair on the machine. Position the machine on a stable, even surface to avoid accidental movement during operation. Implement signage around the work area to alert staff of ongoing high-speed engraving activities. Supply and enforce the use of personal protective equipment (PPE), including noise-cancelling ear protection, safety goggles, and cut-resistant gloves. Install machine guards to prevent accidental contact with moving parts during operation. Establish exclusion zones to prevent unauthorised personnel from entering the work area while the machine is in use. 	1L, 1L



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			- Utilise high-quality tools and components specifically designed for the engraving machine to prevent tool failure or incorrect usage.	
			- Establish a routine machine maintenance schedul to identify potential issues before they become hazards.	
			- Maintain a sufficient distance between the ower source and the machine setup to reduce electrical hazards.	
			- Follow manufacturer's guidelines for safe nois vels and implement administrative controls, such as job rotation, to limit individual experience.	
			- Develop emergency shutdown rocedures and ensure staff are trained in these procedures for quick response in case and the contract lent.	
			- Ensure all w ways and ork areas are ar of clutter and debris by conducting a thorough inspection before parting took.	
			- Plac wing sign in areas where there is a risk of slips, trips, and falls, to alert workers of potential hazard	
			- Install dequal lighting in the work area to ensure optimal visibility; use portable lights if necessary.	
			- tup to ble management systems or cover cables with protective ramps to prevent tripping hazards.	
			Use noting ip mats in areas prone to becoming wet or slippery to improve traction and reduce the risk of oping.	
			- Conduct a daily check of all floor surfaces for spills or wet areas and ensure appropriate cleaning procedures are in place.	
3. Checking the work			- Secure uneven floor surfaces or repair them promptly to prevent trip hazards.	
area	Slips, trips and fall Poor light	2M, 2M	- Educate workers about the potential risks of slips, trips, and falls through regular safety meetings and training sessions.	1L, 1L
			- Develop a checklist protocol for workers to follow when assessing their immediate work area for hazards upon arrival.	
			- Implement a monitoring system where appointed staff routinely check high-risk areas throughout the day.	
			- Encourage employees to wear proper footwear that has slip-resistant soles.	
			- Designate and clearly label storage areas for tools and equipment to avoid unnecessary obstacles on floors.	
			- Provide personal torchlights or headlamps to workers for operations conducted in dimly lit sections.	
			- Maintain an updated logbook to record identified hazards and implemented control measures, ensuring accountability and follow-through on corrective actions.	
1. Operating the engraving machine	Ergonomic hazards, Flying debris	3H, 4A		1L, 2M



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5. Adjusting machine settings	Electric shock, Entrapment	4A, 3H		1L, 2M



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6. Engraving process	Exposure to noise, Inadequate PPF	3H, 2M		1L, 1L



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7. Inspection	Eye injuries, Keypad pinches	3H, 3H		1L, 2M
8. Cleaning the machine	Exposure to cleaning chemicals, Cuts and abrasions	3H, 2M		1L, 1L



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	1			
9. Machine maintenance	Improper lockout/tagout procedures, Exposure to electricity	4A, 3H		2M, 1L



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10. Restocking materials	Manual lifting injuries, Incorrect storage of materials	2M, 2M		1L, 1L
11. Post-engraving activities	Exposure to dust particles, Inhalation hazards	2M, 3H		1L, 1L



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				•
			• •	
12. Shutting down and	Machinery movement injury, Pinch	3H, 3H		1L, 2M
storage	points	011, 011		TL, ZIVI



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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13. Cleaning the work area	Poor housekeeping, Slips, trips and falls	3H, 2M		1L, 1L
14. Documenting the procedure	Incorrect records keeping, Miscommunication	2M, 2M		1L, 1L

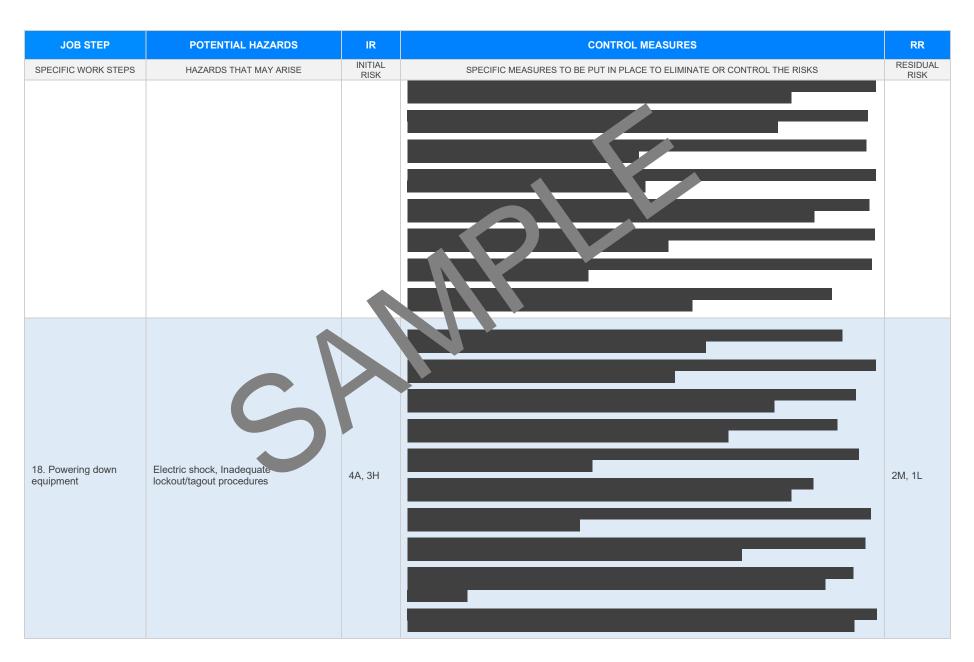


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15. Removal of waste	Improper waste handling, Exposure to sharp items	4A, 2M		2M, 1L



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16. Equipment return	Loss or improper storage of tools, Incorrect categorisation	2M, 2M		1L, 1L
17. Final checks and handover	Failure to complete checks, Handover misunderstanding	3Н, 3Н		2M, 1L







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19. Reporting and monitoring	Miscommunication, Incorrect records keeping	2 2N		1L, 1L
20. End of shift activities	Fatigue, Mental stressors	4A, 3H		2M, 1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as support ractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 19





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the person is as a person is as a person is a		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED