

## Hazardous Chemical Storage Handling and Disposal | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

### TASK OR ACTIVITY: Hazardous Chemical Storage Handling and Disposal

Business Name:	ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:		
Contact Person:	Phone:	Email:

### THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THE PROJECT

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:		
Signature:	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring compliance of the SWMS as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.		
Full Name:	Title:	Phone:

### ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED

Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, then to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.

If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.

Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.

The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

### NAME OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS

### CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS

Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	

### ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping                                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on a telecommunication tower   | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines                                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing                           | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of a structure              | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos  | <input type="checkbox"/> involves tilt-up or precast concrete  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary support to prevent collapse    | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near a confined space  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5m or tunnel involving use of explosives | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.                              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.               | <input type="checkbox"/> involves diving work.   |

### ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

### RISK MATRIX

LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE			<b>Elimination</b> Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	<b>Substitution</b> Replace the hazard.
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	<b>Isolation</b> Isolate People from the hazard
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	<b>Engineering</b> Isolate the hazard.
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	Monitor and keep records	<b>Administrative</b> Change the work.
<b>Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:</b> Elimination methods are the most effective and preferred when controlling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the third most effective, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is the least effective method.								<b>PPE</b>

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	EYE PROTECTION	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
											
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Other PPE Required:

### Permit or Licenses Requirements

### Mandatory Qualifications and Training

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Pre-start planning and MSDS review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unidentified hazardous substances</li> <li>Incorrect chemical selection</li> <li>Unknown incompatibilities</li> <li>Inadequate COSHH management</li> <li>Lack of emergency planning</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compile a chemical register listing all hazardous substances, Safety Data Sheet (SDS) issue dates, quantities and locations before work commences</li> <li>Obtain current (within 5 years) Australian-compliant SDS for every hazardous chemical and store copies in a clearly marked onsite SDS folder and in digital format</li> <li>Review each SDS to identify health hazards, exposure routes, required controls, first aid and firefighting measures prior to use</li> <li>Perform a task-specific hazardous substance risk assessment (COSHH-style assessment) for each process involving chemicals, documenting exposure potential and required controls</li> <li>Select the least hazardous product that can reasonably achieve the task (substitution) and document justification when many hazardous products are retained</li> <li>Consult with workers, HSRs and relevant specialists regarding known sensitivities (e.g. asthma, dermatitis, pregnancy) and adjust work allocations if necessary</li> <li>Develop a written chemical management procedure covering storage, handling, use, transfer, spill response and disposal for the site</li> <li>Establish emergency procedures for chemical spills, inhalation exposure, skin contact, ingestion and eye contact, including call-out details for Poisons Information Centre (13 11 26)</li> <li>Verify that required spill kits, eye wash stations, safety showers, first aid kits and fire extinguishers (foam, CO2, dry powder as applicable) are available, inspected and within test date</li> <li>Train all workers and contractors in site-specific chemical hazards, SDS access, safe handling procedures, emergency response and reporting requirements before starting work</li> </ul>	2M
Site chemical storage setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Incompatible chemical storage</li> <li>Flammable vapour accumulation</li> <li>Corrosive liquid leaks</li> <li>Hazardous area ignition sources</li> <li>Unauthorised access to chemicals</li> </ul>	4A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designate a dedicated chemical storage area away from ignition sources, stormwater drains, amenities and public access points</li> <li>Install purpose-built bunded chemical storage cabinets and pallets sized to contain at least 110% of the largest container volume in accordance with AS 1940 and AS/NZS 4452 where applicable</li> <li>Segregate incompatible substances (acids, alkalis, oxidisers, flammables, toxics, gas cylinders, reactive metals, peroxides) using separate cabinets, bunds or physical barriers</li> <li>Store flammable and combustible liquids in approved flame-proof cabinets and maintain ventilation to prevent vapour build-up in accordance with hazardous area zoning requirements</li> <li>Fix storage cabinets and racking to floors or walls to prevent tipping and collapse during loading or minor impacts</li> <li>Clearly label storage areas with GHS-compliant signage including class diamonds, HAZCHEM codes, and restricted access warnings</li> <li>Install lockable doors and lockable cabinets for all hazardous substances; issue keys only to authorised and trained personnel</li> </ul>	2M

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provide mechanical ventilation or natural cross-ventilation to storage areas holding volatile solvents, liquid nitrogen, dry ice or other gases to prevent asphyxiation and explosion risks</li> <li>• Locate emergency eye wash and safety shower within 10 seconds travel distance of corrosive and irritant liquid storage areas and verify flow and test dates</li> <li>• Install hazardous area electrical equipment (Ex rated) in designated hazardous zones around flammable storage in accordance with AS/NZS 60079</li> <li>• DO NOT store food, drink or personal items within chemical storage areas under any circumstances</li> <li>• DO NOT store incompatible substances (e.g. oxidisers with organics, acids with cyanides, acids with hypochlorites) in the same bunded cabinet</li> </ul>	
Chemical receiving and labelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unlabelled containers</li> <li>• Misidentified chemicals</li> <li>• Container damage and leakage</li> <li>• Manual handling strain</li> <li>• Exposure to harmful substances</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inspect all delivered chemicals at the loading dock for correct product, intact packaging, visible damage and leakage before accepting delivery</li> <li>• Reject damaged or leaking containers and arrange return with supplier; DO NOT attempt to decant or repair or compromise bulk containers onsite</li> <li>• Verify that every container carries a legible GHS-compliant label with product name, signal word, pictograms, hazard statements and supplier details</li> <li>• Affix durable secondary labels to decanted containers that accurately replicate key GHS information and decant date; DO NOT use unlabelled containers for any hazardous substance</li> <li>• Standardise container types and sizes and avoid re-using food or drink containers for any chemical storage or transfer</li> <li>• Record received quantities against the chemical register and update storage location details immediately after delivery</li> <li>• Use trolleys, drum dollies, pallet jacks or forklifts with appropriate attachments to move heavy drums and IBCs rather than manual lifting</li> <li>• Check that lids, bungs and valves on drums, IBCs and cylinders are closed and secure prior to movement</li> <li>• Position new stock behind existing stock (first-in, first-out) to avoid expiry and deterioration of chemicals</li> <li>• Provide workers handling incoming chemicals with disposable nitrile gloves, long sleeves, long trousers and AS/NZS 1337.1 compliant safety glasses as minimum PPE</li> <li>• Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling chemical containers and before eating, drinking or smoking</li> </ul>	2M
General handling of hazardous substances	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Skin contact with irritants</li> <li>• Eye splash from liquids</li> <li>• Vapour and fume inhalation</li> <li>• Accidental ingestion of substances</li> <li>• Handle hazardous materials without protection</li> </ul>	3H	<div></div> <div></div>	2M

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Transfer between storage vessels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bulk liquid spills</li> <li>• Overfilling of tanks</li> <li>• Static electricity ignition</li> <li>• Unplanned pressure release</li> <li>• Exposure to harmful vapours</li> </ul>	4A		2M
Cryogenic and dry ice handling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cold burns and frostbite</li> <li>• Asphyxiation from gas release</li> <li>• Pressure build-up in sealed vessels</li> </ul>	4A		2M

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explosion of dry ice containers</li> <li>• Condensed oxygen enrichment</li> </ul>		<div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	
Hazardous area certified works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flammable atmosphere ignition</li> <li>• Non-rated equipment in zoned area</li> <li>• Static discharge near vapours</li> <li>• Hot surfaces near chemicals</li> <li>• Unexpected gas release</li> </ul>	4A	<div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Processing contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unexpected contaminants in waste</li> <li>• Biohazard and chemical combination</li> <li>• Aerosol generation during processing</li> <li>• Skin exposure to irritants</li> <li>• Dust inhalation from grinding</li> </ul>			2M
Maintenance of hazardous area instrumentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exposure to process chemicals</li> <li>• Ignition during maintenance</li> <li>• Unexpected equipment energisation</li> <li>• Contact with nano-material residues</li> </ul>	3H		2M

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mercury or heavy metal contact</li> </ul>		<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	
Spill response and decontamination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acute chemical exposure</li> <li>Slip hazards from spills</li> <li>Inhalation of toxic vapours</li> <li>Skin contact with corrosives</li> <li>Environmental contamination</li> </ul>	4A	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	2M

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3H

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Exposure prevention and health monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chronic chemical exposure</li> <li>• Skin sensitisation and dermatitis</li> <li>• Respiratory disease from toxins</li> <li>• Heavy metal accumulation</li> <li>• Accidental ingestion over time</li> </ul>	3H		1L
Emergency response and first aid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Severe chemical burns</li> <li>• Acute poisoning from ingestion</li> <li>• Eye damage from splashes</li> <li>• Respiratory distress from exposure</li> <li>• Delayed treatment complications</li> </ul>	4A		2M



## EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

## LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES IF ANY STATE IS NOT APPLICABLE

### Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Legislation ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

### Victoria

Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004

Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice>

### New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2025

Legislation NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation>

Codes of Practice NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-codes-of-practice>

### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation>

Codes of Practice WA: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice>

### Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/factsheets-and-resources/codes-of-practice>

### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation>

Model Codes of Practice: <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice>

### Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work

### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation>

Codes of Practice for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs>

### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

## SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

## SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

**The SWMS must be reviewed regularly** to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review must be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and sub-contractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represent that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

**The SWMS must be monitored regularly** for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selected.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed and noted on the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training or skills required to perform the work.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<b>REVIEWED BY</b>		<b>DATE REVIEWED</b>
<b>SIGNATURE</b>		<b>DATE COMPLETED</b>