



Handling And Operating A Die-Ca	sting Machine   SAFE WOF	RK METHOD STATEMENT (S	WMS)
TASK OR ACTIVIT	Y: Handling And Operating A Di	e-Casting Machine	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROTO BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	eting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S VMS MY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accomply with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuate hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo√ ≃uitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	R PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Trips, falls, improper handling of heavy equipment	ЗН	<ul> <li>Ensure all walkways and work areas around the die-casting machine are clear of obstacles and debris to prevent trips and falls.</li> <li>Mark and highlight any uneven floors or steps ait anght, visible tape or paint to alert workers.</li> <li>Provide appropriate person protective equipment (PPE), steps as steel-toed boots, gloves, and hard hats, to protect against injury.</li> <li>Ensure all worker as a head in manual handling teraniques to safely lift, carry, or move heavy items related to the dispassing process.</li> <li>Use mechanol aids such as hoists, rolled, or forklifts to assist with moving heavy parts and composints who ever a sible.</li> <li>Con to regular or ety briefings and refresher courses to remind employees of safe practices and risk managems a strateges.</li> <li>Install dequals signal around the work area to caution about potential hazards and promote a culture feafety ware. Is.</li> <li>As on a signated walkways for pedestrian traffic to separate personnel from operational and loading ones.</li> <li>Install inspect and maintain all machinery and equipment to ensure safe and efficient operation.</li> <li>Establish an emergency response plan and ensure all workers are familiar with the procedure in case of accidents or spills.</li> <li>Appoint a safety officer or supervisor to monitor compliance with safety protocols and address any hazards immediately.</li> </ul>	2M
2. Machine Set-Up	Caught in machine, electrical shock	3Н	<ul> <li>Ensure all personnel involved in the machine set-up are adequately trained and familiar with the operation procedures and emergency stop functions.</li> <li>Implement a lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedure to ensure the power supply is isolated before any set-up activities begin.</li> <li>Conduct a pre-start inspection of the machine to identify and rectify any potential hazards or maintenance issues.</li> <li>Verify that floor mats or anti-slip surfaces are in place around the machine to prevent slips and falls during set-up.</li> <li>Use personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, safety glasses, and hearing protection as required.</li> <li>Clearly mark and designate an exclusion zone around the machine to prevent unauthorised access during set-up.</li> </ul>	2M



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			- Regularly inspect electrical cords and connections for signs of wear or damage to mitigate electrical shock risks.	
			- Utilise tools and equipment designed for die-cast machine adjustments to minimise the risk of hands coming into contact with moving parts.	
			- Communicate clearly using appropriate has a signals or callio communication between team members to coordinate safe set-up practices.	
			- Display clear signage warning of pinch points other danger at critical locations on the machine.	
			- Conduct a risk assessment be a e starting the task antify potential hazards and ensure everyone is aware of safety product.	
			- Use approping the personal potection quipm (PPE), such as gloves, steel-capped boots, and safety glasses to principle against pills and in	
			- Important many production and the adding training for all workers to ensure proper lifting techniques are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid muscules letal in the estimates are used to avoid the estimates are	
			- Utilise neo inical at like hoists or forklifts for lifting heavy materials to reduce the risk of strain or injury.	
			- sure at the ork area is well-lit and free of obstructions to prevent tripping hazards during material loadin	
3. Material Loading	Material spill, lifting injuries	M	Position materials close to where they will be used to minimise the need for excessive reaching or a ward postures.	1L
			Keep spill kits readily available and train employees on their use in case of any material spills.	
			- Clearly label containers and materials to prevent confusion and ensure correct handling procedures are followed.	
			- Establish clear communication protocols amongst team members to coordinate actions and maintain awareness while handling materials.	
			- Regularly inspect tools and equipment to ensure they are in good working condition and report any defects immediately.	
			- Schedule regular breaks and rotate tasks to prevent fatigue-related accidents and maintain a high level of alertness.	
4. Process Parameters	Incorrect data input, electrical hazards	3H		2M
Setting				



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5. Start Production Run	Excessive noise, high temperature exposure, mechanical failure	ЗН		1L



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6. Monitor Die-Casting Process	Exposure to harmful emissions, heat-related hazards	ЗН		2M
7. Sample Check and Quality Control	Cuts from sharp edges, exposure to defective items, chemical exposure	3H		2M



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Removal of Finished Products	Manual handling injuries, hot surface burns	ЗН		1L



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9. Machine Cleaning and Maintenance	Chemical exposure, entanglement in machinery	4A		2M
10. Material Replenishment	Heavy lifting, spillage of materials	2M		1L



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11. Waste Disposal	Cross-contamination, manual handling injuries, exposure to chemicals	2M		1L



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12. Troubleshooting	Electrical hazard, mistake in process	ЗН		2M
13. Shutdown Procedure	Electrical shock, mechanical hazards	ЗН		2M



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14. Periodic Inspection	Exposed moving parts, chemical residue	ЗН		1L



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				_
				•
5. Emergency Response Training	Inadequate knowl accidents	3W		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
16. Documentation and Reporting	Missing or incomplete information, miscommunication	2M		1 1 1 1L
17. Post-Operation Clean-Up	Slips due to spillage, exposure to chemicals	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	•			
18. Machine Decommissioning	Electrical hazards, mecha. azards	4A		2M



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19. Safety Audit	Missed risks, oversight in process	2M		1L
20. Post-Auditing Action Implementation	Implemented actions not effective, resistance from employees	2M		1L



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			<del>/</del>	



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the person is as a person is a per		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED