

## HVAC Maintenance Mechanical and Electrical Service | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

### TASK OR ACTIVITY: HVAC Maintenance Mechanical and Electrical Service

Business Name:	ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:		
Contact Person:	Phone:	Email:

### THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THE PROJECT

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:		
Signature:	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring compliance of the SWMS as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.		
Full Name:	Title:	Phone:

### ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED

Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, then to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.

If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.

Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.

The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

### NAME OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS

### CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS

Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	

### ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping                                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on a telecommunication tower   | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines                                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing                         | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of a structure            | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos  | <input type="checkbox"/> involves tilt-up or precast concrete  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary support to prevent collapse  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near a confined space  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 2m or tunnel involving use of explosives | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.                              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.             | <input type="checkbox"/> involves diving work.   |

### ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE			 <p><b>Elimination</b> Remove the hazard.</p> <p><b>Substitution</b> Replace the hazard.</p> <p><b>Isolation</b> Isolate People from the hazard</p> <p><b>Engineering</b> Isolate the hazard.</p> <p><b>Administrative</b> Change the work.</p> <p><b>PPE</b></p>	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	Monitor and keep records		

**Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:** Elimination methods are the most effective and preferred when controlling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the third most effective, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is the least effective method.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)											
Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).											
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	EYE PROTECTION	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
											
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other PPE Required:											
Permit or Licenses Requirements						Mandatory Qualifications and Training					

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Pre-start planning and documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incomplete SWMS or permits</li> <li>• Unclear scopes of work</li> <li>• Unverified service history</li> <li>• Incorrect isolation points identified</li> <li>• Incompatible replacement components</li> <li>• Environmental contamination from refrigerants</li> <li>• Uncoordinated works with other trades</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Review project documentation, HVAC schematics and single line diagrams before commencing work</li> <li>• Confirm scope of HVAC maintenance including air balancing, fan maintenance, heat exchanger service, electrical checks and thermostat replacement with client or supervisor</li> <li>• Obtain and complete required permits (hot work, roof access, confined space, electrical isolation) in accordance with site procedures</li> <li>• Identify all plant to be serviced (roof-mounted units, rooftop package units, under-ceiling split systems, temperature-controlled rooms) and record asset numbers</li> <li>• Verify previous service reports and manufacturer maintenance schedules to determine specific service intervals and known issues</li> <li>• Plan work sequence to avoid concurrent conflicting activities (e.g. welding near refrigerant systems, crane lifts near roof access)</li> <li>• Confirm access arrangements for roof areas, plant rooms and ceiling spaces with building management</li> <li>• Assess weather conditions for roof work and postpone tasks during high winds, storms or extreme heat where roof access cannot be maintained</li> <li>• Select replacement parts, filters, belts, thermostats and electrical components that meet manufacturer specifications and relevant AS/NZS standards</li> <li>• Plan handling and storage of refrigerants and oils to prevent environmental release, in line with Ozone Protection and Synthetic Greenhouse Gas Management Regulations</li> <li>• Schedule works during low occupancy periods where possible to minimise disruption to temperature-controlled environments and building occupants</li> <li>• Communicate SWMS requirements and emergency procedures to all workers involved in the HVAC maintenance</li> <li>• DO NOT commence works until SWMS is reviewed, understood and signed by all workers</li> </ul>	2M
Site access and traffic management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unplanned vehicle movement</li> <li>• Pedestrian and plant interaction</li> <li>• Slip trip and fall on access ways</li> <li>• Manual handling of tools and equipment</li> <li>• Falling objects from vehicles</li> <li>• Poor visibility in car parks or loading areas</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Develop a simple traffic management plan for service vehicles, including designated loading zones and exclusion areas</li> <li>• Park Ute or service vehicle in a designated area away from pedestrian entrances and emergency egress routes</li> <li>• Chock wheels and apply handbrake when parked on any gradient</li> <li>• Secure ladders, gas cylinders, refrigerant bottles, fans and tools in vehicle using rated tie-downs and anchor points</li> <li>• DO NOT exceed vehicle GVM; check equipment weights before loading</li> <li>• Use mechanical aids (trolleys, dollies) to move heavy components such as fan motors and compressors where practicable</li> </ul>	2M

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maintain clear access paths free from loose packaging, offcuts and hoses</li> <li>• Erect temporary barriers or cones around work area entrances where there is a risk of pedestrian interaction</li> <li>• Install warning signage such as 'Maintenance in Progress – Keep Out' at building entry points to plant rooms and roof access doors</li> <li>• Wear high visibility clothing compliant with AS/NZS 3002.1 in areas with vehicle movements</li> <li>• Ensure adequate lighting of access routes, particularly in basement car parks or plant rooms</li> <li>• Brief all workers on vehicle movements and designated pedestrian routes before commencing work</li> </ul>	
Working at heights and roof access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Falls from unprotected edges</li> <li>• Falls through brittle roofing</li> <li>• Ladder instability</li> <li>• Fragile skylight panels</li> <li>• Unsecured tools or materials</li> <li>• Adverse weather exposure</li> <li>• Access hatch trip</li> </ul>	4A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inspect roof access ladders, hatches and fixed walkways before use to confirm integrity and compliance with AS/NZS 1577</li> <li>• Use only industrial roof extension ladders and set up at 4:1 ratio with ladder tied off at top and base on firm, level ground</li> <li>• DO NOT use makeshift access such as air conditioning units, ductwork or stacked materials as climbing aids</li> <li>• Install temporary edge protection or use existing guardrails around roof-mounted HVAC units and pathways where available</li> <li>• Identify brittle roofing and skylights; mark and isolate these areas with physical barriers and warning tags</li> <li>• Establish a no-go zone below roof edges where tools or components could fall</li> <li>• Use tool lanyards for hand tools when working near edges or over open areas</li> <li>• Suspend work during high winds, lightning, heavy rain or when roof surfaces are wet and slippery</li> <li>• Wear non-slip safety footwear and ensure soles are free of mud or grease before ascending</li> <li>• Keep access hatches closed or guarded when not in use to prevent falls</li> <li>• Plan material lifting to roof using mechanical means (crane, hoist) where items exceed safe manual handling limits</li> <li>• DO NOT step onto unverified roofing sheets or covers that may not support body weight</li> <li>• Ensure workers using fall arrest systems are trained and harnesses, lanyards and anchor points are inspected prior to use</li> </ul>	2M
Electrical isolation and verification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Electric shock from live terminals</li> <li>• Arc flash from faulty isolation</li> <li>• Unexpected plant start-up</li> <li>• Incorrect circuit identification</li> <li>• Damaged flexible cords and plugs</li> <li>• Exposed live parts in control panels</li> </ul>	4A	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div>	2M

h from heavy lifting

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Mechanical isolation and guarding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Moving fan blades</li> <li>• Rotating belts and pulleys</li> <li>• Unexpected fan start-up</li> <li>• Stored energy in springs and tensioners</li> <li>• Contact with hot surfaces</li> <li>• Loose or missing guards</li> </ul>	4A		2M
Refrigerant handling and cooling system maintenance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refrigerant gas release</li> <li>• Cold burns from liquid refrigerant</li> <li>• Asphyxiation in poorly ventilated spaces</li> <li>• High pressure line rupture</li> <li>• Oil and chemical exposure</li> <li>• Environmental contamination</li> </ul>	4A		2M

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			[REDACTED]	
			[REDACTED]	
			[REDACTED]	
			[REDACTED]	
			[REDACTED]	
			[REDACTED]	
			[REDACTED]	
			[REDACTED]	
HVAC cleaning, filters and coil maintenance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Airborne dust and biological contaminants</li> <li>Exposure to mould and bacteria</li> <li>Chemical exposure from coil cleaners</li> <li>Slip hazards from overspray and condensate</li> <li>Damage to coil fins</li> <li>Sharp edges on ductwork and panels</li> </ul>	3H	[REDACTED]	2M



Failure Mode	3H	3H	3H
Impact			
Over tension			
Hearing loss			
Long fatigue failure			
Of rotating components			
From damaged blades			

moving air outlets  
orders during grille access  
dust from ducts  
pipe fittings affecting fire

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Confined plant room atmospheres</li> <li>• Failure of pressure components</li> </ul>		<div>SAMPLE</div>	
Maintaining temperature-controlled environments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product spoilage in cases of cooling failure</li> <li>• Condensation causing slip hazard</li> <li>• Uncontrolled humidity and air quality</li> <li>• Thermal stress for occupants</li> <li>• False alarms from temperature excursions</li> <li>• Failure of backup systems</li> </ul>	3H	<div>SAMPLE</div>	1L

Equipment start-up		
Pressure during testing		
Vibration from coils or pipework		
Temperature affecting occupants	3H	
Noise from rotation on motors		
Restatement of safety		

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			<div></div> <div></div> <div></div>	

SAMPLE

## EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

## LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES IF ANY STATE IS NOT APPLICABLE

### Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Legislation ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

### Victoria

Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004

Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice>

### New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2025

Legislation NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation>

Codes of Practice NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-codes-of-practice>

### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation>

Codes of Practice WA: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice>

### Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/facts-and-resources/codes-of-practice>

### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation>

Model Codes of Practice: <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice>

### Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work

### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation>

Codes of Practice for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs>

### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

## SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

## SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

**The SWMS must be reviewed regularly** to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review must be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and sub-contractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represent that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

**The SWMS must be monitored regularly** for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selected.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed and noted on the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training or skills required to perform the work.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<b>REVIEWED BY</b>		<b>DATE REVIEWED</b>
<b>SIGNATURE</b>		<b>DATE COMPLETED</b>