| Grader SAF | E WORK METHOD STATE | MENT (SWMS) | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| | TASK OR ACTIVITY: Grader | | |
| Business Name: | | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | E ail: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | | THE PC. OF THE ROJECT | |
| | | | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | sting a business or under a (PC 1) is | required to en that a safe work method s | tatement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | NX | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a | ppliance the VMS a well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS STMS PHAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS | DMMUNICATED TO IN THE |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ad in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such a company hicas those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contact each hazard. | | | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an attactive Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS | | | | | | |
| Project Name: | | | | | | | |
| Project Address: | | | | | | | |
| Project Manager: | | | | | | | |
| Contact Phone: | | | | | | | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | | | | | | | |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC | | | | | | | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping | | | | | | |
| □ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines | | | | | | |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing | □ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services | | | | | | |
| □ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture | \square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere | | | | | | |
| □ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete | | | | | | |
| involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor | | | | | | |
| □ is carried out in or near a confined space | \Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant | | | | | | |
| is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. | | | | | | |
| ☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | ☐ involves diving work. | | | | | | |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |



| RISK MATRIX | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | | | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS | |
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | SCORE | ACTION | | Elimination Remove the hazard. | |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCE | | Substitution | |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review befor work starts. | | Replace the hazard. | |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | | Isolate People from the hazard | |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and k⊾ records | | Engineering Isolate the hazard. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | TIVE EQUIPM | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Select the ap | propriate PPL | abo, ruitab | i or the equi | oment used or | the job task | being perform | ned (if applica | able). | |
| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | | P ECTION | R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other PPE Required: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Permit or Licenses Requirements Mandatory Qualifications and Training | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Slips, trips and falls, Exposure to hazardous substances | ЗН | Conduct a thorough site inspection before earling work to identify and address potential slip, trip, and fall hazards, such as uneven surfaces or do is. Provide safety training to workers on proper constructioniques, hazard awareness, and the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) to minimis use risk of injust from slips, trips, and falls. Designate clear walkways fructrom obstructions is hazard untart may lead to slips, trips, or falls, including appropriate intege. Ensure all tendents proper commented and on set to eliminate potential tripping hazards around the worksite. Receively clear and notatain work are not remove any hazards and maintain good housekeeping practive. Implicities notifies for hazardous substances to limit the potential for spills and leaks, revising to risk exposure. Itilise unding not storage facilities for hazardous substances, including reading Safety Data leets (SDS) and adhering to established procedures. Supply appropriate PPE for working with hazardous substances, such as gloves, coveralls, and eye protection, to minimise the risk of exposure. Implement monitoring protocols, if necessary, to detect the presence of hazardous substances in the air and prompt immediate action when levels exceed acceptable limits. Mandate the use of alternatives to hazardous substances where possible, opting for safer materials and processes that reduce the exposure risk. Establish emergency response plans, first aid protocols, and reportable incident procedures to promptly and appropriately substance to promptly and appropriately any incidents involving slips, trips, and falls, or hazardous substance exposure. | 2М |
| 2. Equipment Inspection | Electrical hazards, Unguarded moving parts | ЗН | Conduct regular visual inspections of the grader's electrical components, including cables, connectors, and switches, to identify any signs of wear or damage. Ensure all electrical equipment undergoes routine testing and tagging by a licensed electrician in accordance with Australian Standards (AS 3760). If any electrical hazards are identified during inspection or testing, immediately remove the faulty equipment from service and report the issue to a supervisor for further action. Install residual current devices (RCDs) wherever possible to minimise the risk of electrical shock. Follow correct isolation and lockout/tagout procedures when performing maintenance or repairs on electrical equipment to prevent accidental activation or energising of circuits. | 2M |



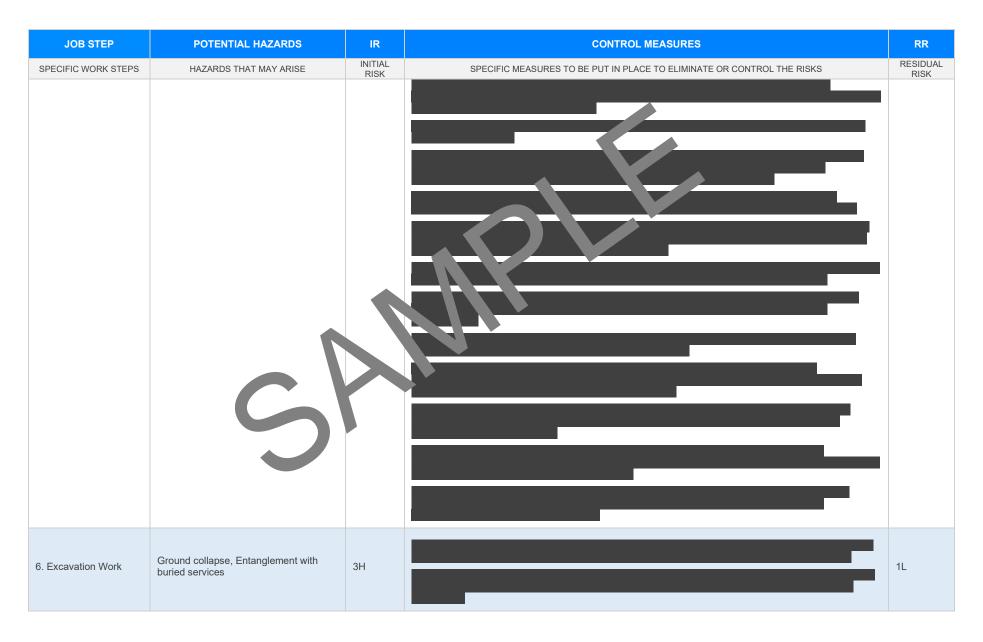
| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | - Provide regular safety training for operators and maintenance personnel on the safe handling of electrical components and equipment, as well as recognising potential electrical hazards. | |
| | | | - Promptly address any leaks or spills near electric equipment to reduce the risk of electrical hazards due to moisture exposure. | |
| | | | - Regularly inspect moving parts of the gradient such as bigles, rollers, idlers, and track assemblies, to ensure they are properly guarded in accordance with conufacturer specifications and relevant Australian Standards. | |
| | | | - Train all operators and main nance personnel to the importance of maintaining guards and other safety equipment and how to recognize and report damage or using guards. | |
| | | | - Implement a system of the erator to perform pre-stark checks to ensure that safety guards are in place and functioning particular processing where with the grader. | |
| | | | - Encourage a onfety cultur, where we have ell comfortable reporting any observed hazards to their superconr, including an concerns about insufficient guarding or electrical risks. | |
| | | | - Conduct a porough re-start inspection of the work area to identify and address any potential hazards, including fails, object, and uneven surfaces. | |
| | | | Itilise a rricade warning signs, or exclusion zones to prevent unauthorised access to the work area, mix isin the risk of injury from falling objects. | |
| | | | Implemente regular site inspections and surveys during the project, ensuring ongoing monitoring and tification of uneven surfaces and potential hazards. | |
| | | | - Employ appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as hard hats and safety boots, to protect workers from falling objects and injuries due to uneven surfaces. | |
| | | | - Schedule material deliveries and storage to minimise the accumulation of items overhead, reducing the risk of falling objects. | |
| 3. Area Assessment | Falling objects, Uneven surfaces | ЗН | - Implement proper housekeeping protocols in the work area, ensuring all debris and loose materials are promptly removed to mitigate the risks associated with uneven surfaces. | 2M |
| | | | - Where possible, secure loose materials using tie-down straps or other restraints to prevent them from becoming dislodged and posing a falling object hazard. | |
| | | | - Train all personnel on the importance of adhering to workplace safety best practices, specifically targeting the risks posed by falling objects and uneven surfaces. | |
| | | | - Develop and communicate an emergency response plan, inclusive of designated muster points and procedures to follow in case of a falling object incident or if a worker becomes injured due to an uneven surface. | |
| | | | - Encourage open communication and reporting among employees regarding any near misses or identified hazards, so that corrective actions can be taken promptly. | |
| | | | - Require all operators of the grader to complete relevant training and maintain appropriate licences or certifications, ensuring they have the necessary skills to safely perform their tasks and navigate the challenges posed by uneven surfaces. | |
| . Traffic Control | Vehicle collisions, Pedestrian accidents | 4A | | 2M |



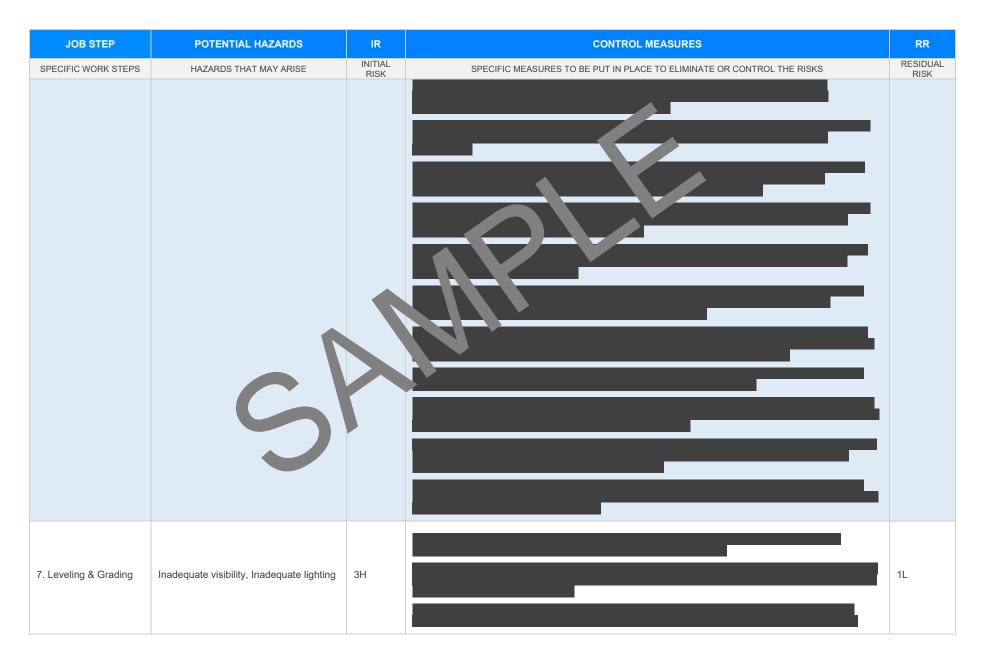
| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 5. Grader Operations | Overhead power lines, Dust exposure | ЗН | | 1L |

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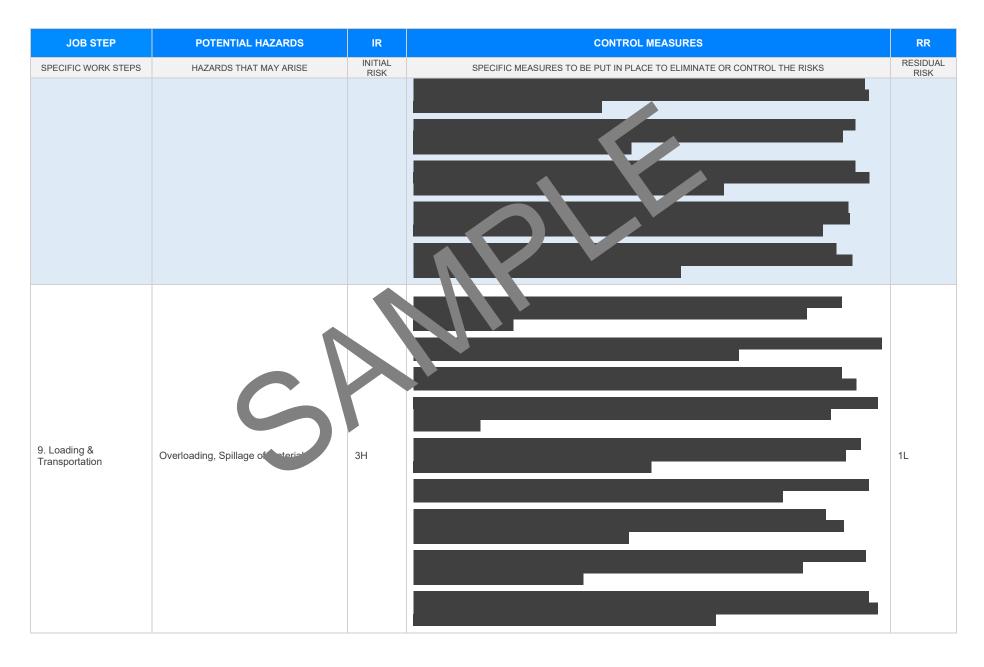


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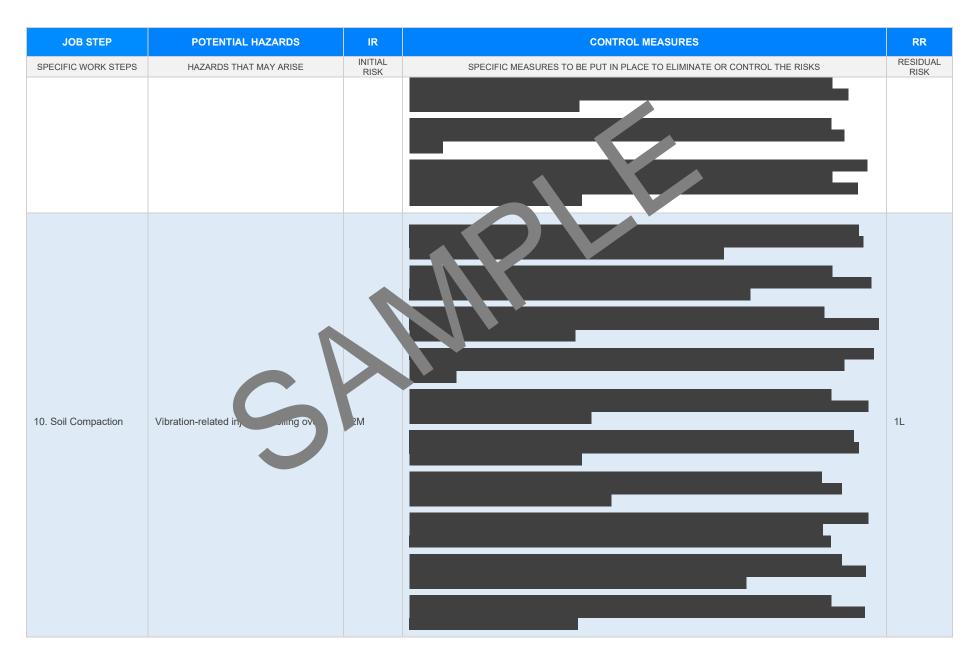












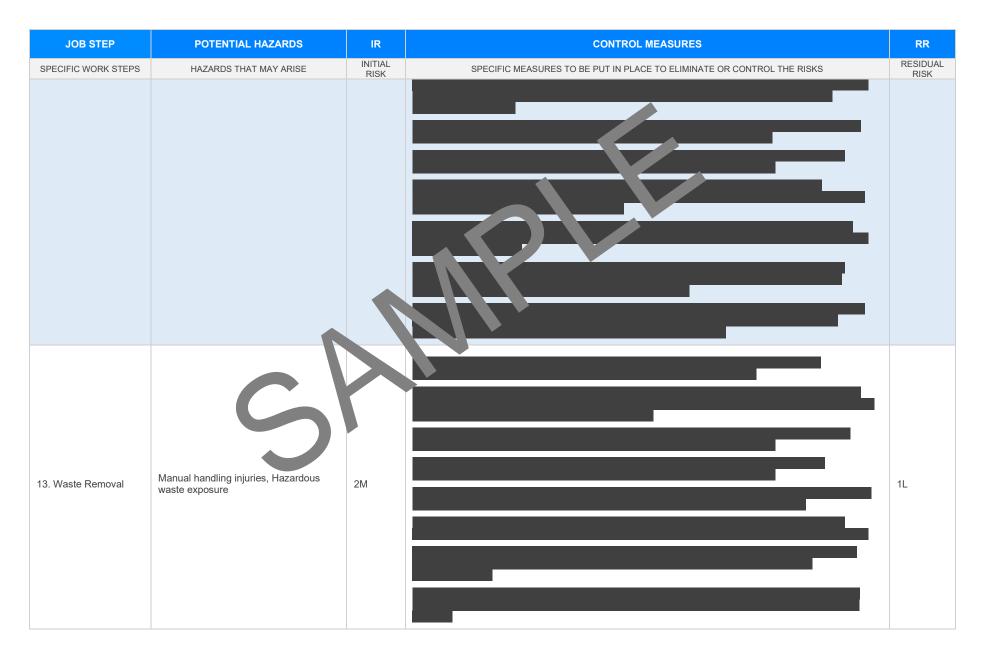


| | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| PECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 1. Edge Work | Rollover accidents, Falling into trenches | ЗН | | 1L |
| 2. Finishing Work | Musculoskeletal disorders, Excessive noise | 2M | | I 1L |

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:







| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
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| | 1 | | | |
| 14. Demobilisation | Unsecured loads during and ort, Fatigue-related increasts | -17 | | 1L |
| | 5 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Version 2.5



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 15. Documentation & Reporting | Inaccuracies in data, Miscommunicatio among personnel | 21 | | 1L |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |









EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

| LEGISLATIVE REF | ERENCES | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE | | | | | | | |
| Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> | Victoria Occupational Health at Safety Act and Occupational Health and Safety Act and Occupational Health and Safety Safe | | | | | | |
| New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes rach. Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes-ou rach. | Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u> | | | | | | |
| Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 2015 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-super-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/formed-resourcestorestorestorestorestorestorestorestor | Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u> <u>codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice | | | | | | |
| South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u> | Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work Confined spaces Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace Welding processes | | | | | | |
| Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice | First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and cafety consultation, construction and coordination | | | | | | |
| Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents. | Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work | | | | | | |



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The consultation with workers (including contractors htractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

d must reviewed (and viewn should be carried out in hav be sted by the operation

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS | |
|---|----------------|----------|--|
| | | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | | | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | \boxtimes | | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS | \boxtimes | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted. | \boxtimes | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections | \boxtimes | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures. | \boxtimes | | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. | \boxtimes | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use | \boxtimes | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed reproduction on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work. | \boxtimes | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | \boxtimes | | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | \boxtimes | | |
| | | | |
| REVIEWED BY | | /IEWED | |
| SIGNATURE | DATE COMPLETED | | |