



### General Electrical Installation, Wiring and Switchboards | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS) TASK OR ACTIVITY: General Electrical Installation, Wiring and Switchboards **Business Name:** ABN: SWMS# Business Address: Contact Person: Phone: L ગાં: THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PC. OF THE ROJECT g (PC 1) is required to en that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or under the proposed work starts. Full Name: Title: Date: Signature: poliance the VMS a well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS. Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring Full Name: Title: Phone: NA 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S VMS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accord requirements to first identify any site hazards, comp nica those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or confee each hazard. If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto ulately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTO	ON WO K BEIN O KRIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	☐ is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. ✓ of aucture	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that — quires term — ov sup — rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper tha tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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	RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION		HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ring by isolati		et. 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE		

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPL	abo. ~uitab	ic or the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	ARING STION	F' CTIO	RL PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Mandatory Qualifications and Training				



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Pre-start planning and documentation	Unidentified live electrical services     Inadequate isolation procedures     Uncoordinated simultaneous work activities     Incomplete or incorrect SWMS and permits     Lack of worker competency for electrical tasks	ЗН	<ul> <li>Obtain and review current electrical drawing, single line diagrams and service plans before starting any work</li> <li>Consult with principal contractor and client to prove all existing electrical installations, backup systems and embedded networks on site</li> <li>Develop and approve a task pecific SWMS for goveral particular installation, wiring and switchboards in accordance with WHO products, and AS/NZS 300.</li> <li>Identify whether the work professing Risk Contruction Work and ensure all additional legislative requirement and permits a in place reform an innencement.</li> <li>Verify that all potricing noted a current electrical licence and all electrical workers have required endors ants for an aboards, hazardous areas or restricted work.</li> <li>Concret the re-star priefing so all workers understand the scope of work, isolation points, emergency procedures, and no-govenes around energised equipment.</li> <li>Establic and comented Lock Out Tag Out (LOTO) procedure covering all electrical isolations, including bactor proversulties and UPS systems.</li> <li>Confine allability and calibration status of required test instruments such as multimeters, insulation istance testers, and voltage detectors to AS/NZS standards.</li> <li>Do NOT begin electrical work until drawings, permits, isolation procedures and emergency contacts are confirmed and accessible on site.</li> <li>Record pre-start risk assessment, including specific controls for working around electricity, temporary power and excavation or drilling near concealed services.</li> </ul>	2M
Isolate and lock out electrical systems	Inadvertent energisation of circuits     Backfeed from generators or UPS     Incorrect identification of circuits     Stored electrical energy in capacitors     Unexpected activation of machinery	4A	<ul> <li>Identify all relevant main switches, distribution boards, mechanical services switchboards, transformer supplies and sub-circuits on current drawings and board schedules</li> <li>Notify affected workers, occupants and the principal contractor prior to any electrical isolation or disconnection</li> <li>Isolate circuits at the main switchboard or relevant distribution board using correctly rated switchgear and circuit breakers</li> <li>Apply personal locks and danger tags to each point of isolation in accordance with the site LOTO procedure</li> <li>Confirm that power factor correction capacitors are fully discharged before handling by following manufacturer instructions and using discharge resistors or devices</li> <li>Isolate and lock out all backup and alternative supplies including generators, UPS systems, solar PV inverters and battery storage systems to prevent backfeed</li> <li>Test for dead using a proven and calibrated voltage tester following the test-before-touch method on all conductors at the point of work</li> </ul>	2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			Verify the voltage tester on a known live source both before and after testing to confirm correct operation	
			Post warning signage and barricades to prevent unauthorised operation of isolated equipment and access to open switchboards	
			• DO NOT rely solely on labels or assumed of the unit identification; always test for dead at the work location	
			Document all isolation points in an isolation rigister and weep the register updated while work is in progress	
			Survey the work area to identical existing cable condition, junction boxes, switchboards, transformers and earthing systems before storing demolition.	
			• Confirm isolation of all known circles, including imporary supplies, and verify de-energised state using the test-before couch method.	
			Visury inspector any mabelled, record added or non-compliant wiring and treat unidentified cond as as liver proven de-energised by testing	
	Contact with unidentified live wiring		• Plan en fion se ence to start from final subcircuits back towards distribution boards to maintain control fex sed co uctors	
	Exposed electrical wiring in wet environments		Use instalated and tools and insulated ladders rated to relevant AS/NZS standards when working near published a part	
Electrical demolition and removal	Falling debris striking workers     Damage to adjacent live services	4A	Preventer ingress into areas with exposed conductors by installing temporary covers, drip trays or ersion, and delaying work during heavy rain where practicable	2M
	Inhalation of dust or harderials		Diricade and signpost areas with exposed wiring and prohibit unauthorised access until demolition is complete and new installation is made safe	
	Illaterials		Wear arc-rated, non-melting work clothing, safety glasses, cut-resistant gloves, and a P2 respirator where dust or contaminants may be present	
			Coordinate with plumbing and mechanical trades to ensure pipes or ducts are not cut close to concealed electrical cables or conduits	
			• DO NOT cut or pull any cable, conduit or tray until it has been positively identified, traced to its source, and confirmed isolated	
			Segregate and dispose of removed electrical equipment, cables and switchboards in accordance with environmental and recycling requirements, including PCB or asbestos-contaminated items if identified	
	Contact with live wires while drilling			
	Striking hidden services in walls and			
Cable routing, drilling	slabs	3H		2M
and penetration work	Flying debris and dust	011		ZIVI
	Vibration and noise exposure			
	Fall from steps or ladders			



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				1
				1
	Electric shock from inadvertent energisation			• I
Install and terminate wiring systems	Musculoskeletal strain frcing cables     Cable insulation damage	3H		2M
	Trip hazards from loose cables			
	Incorrect cable selection or routing			



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Apply protective coating to wires	Inhalation of coating fumes     Skin and eye contact with chemicals     Fire from flammable coatings     Incorrect insulation performance     Contamination of electrical contacts	ЗН		1L
Bonding, grounding and surge protection	Ineffective fault current path     Electric shock from poor earthing     Step and touch potential during faults     Incorrect bonding of metallic services     Failure of surge protection devices	4A		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				•
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	1			
				•
	Arc flash during switching			
Switchboard and listribution equipment vork	Contact with energised busbars     Short circuits from dropped cols     Incorrect fault protection settings	4A		2M
	Working in cramped switch rooms			_



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Transformers, backup power and temporary supplies	Backfeed into main success Incorrect earthing trangements Overloaded temperary circum Contact with low voltage power success Release of stored energy in capables.	4A		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Circuit correction, repairs and maintenance	Electric shock during fault finding     Arc flash from short circuits     Fire from overloaded circuits     Incorrect replacement components     Unexpected restart of machinery	3H		I 1L
Fuses, breakers and component replacement	Contact with energised terminals Arc flash when operating devices Incorrect fuse or breaker rating Loose terminations causing overheating Exposure to arc byproducts	ЗН		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Rooftop and external electrical work	Falls from height     UV radiation expoure     Weather affecting and to     Proximity to overhead powerlines     Lightning strike during s	₽A		2M
Plumbing interfaces and wet environments	Electric shock in wet areas     Conductive plumbing components	4A		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE     Cross-discipline work conflicts     Corrosion of electrical equipment     Ingress of water into enclosures	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Testing commissioning	Exposure to live terminals     Unexpected operation of equipment			
Testing, commissioning and re-energisation	Failure of protection devices     Incorrect polarity or phase rotation     Reconnection of unsafe installation	3H		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK

### hluesafe



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2025

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f -resourd

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor/ aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Or pational Health a. Safety Act J4

Occ ational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www ksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

tes of actice V/ attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/modelcodes-of-practice

#### Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature

### SAFE WORK NOTHER STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are rovised. The view respectively should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as the may be cated by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	k	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	$\boxtimes$	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) colum mpleted.	$\boxtimes$	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections.	$\boxtimes$	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part of the important of	$\boxtimes$	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	$\boxtimes$	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an onthe SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, use or skills required to perform the work.	$\boxtimes$	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	$\boxtimes$	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	$\boxtimes$	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REV	/IEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE COM	PLETED