



Freezer Work   S	AFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
1	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Freezer Wor	k	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E il:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	CTATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	FUE DO LOS TUE COLISCE	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO' 'D BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under a (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	poliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & VMS IN HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COTHIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE ACTION	SCORE ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo vuitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Manual handling, Slips/trips/falls	2M	<ul> <li>Provide appropriate manual handling trainit at workers, including lifting techniques and using available equipment, to minimise the risks of injury was moving a serials or equipment.</li> <li>Implement a clean and organised work area to the order and outside the freezer to reduce potential trip hazards, such as removing clutter and cleaning a spills prompt.</li> <li>Require workers to wear not to be footwear specifically do uned for cold storage or freezer work environments, providing roper action on slippery stores.</li> <li>Install anti-fatic a mats on bip-rest ant flooring pareas where standing, walking or handling of materials is a sected, to reace the cold slip, trips, and falls.</li> <li>Use a change aids for eavy lifting, we has hand trucks, pallet jacks, or platform lifts, thus minimising manual and ling are and reducing worker fatigue.</li> <li>Regularly spect to maintain equipment, ensuring that any defects are reported promptly to prevent malfuncions accidents caused by faulty equipment.</li> <li>Encourage tea solifting and other cooperation between workers, especially when dealing with large, he con www.p-shaped items, to distribute the workload evenly and avoid overexertion.</li> <li>Employ and housekeeping practices, such as properly storing tools and keeping walkways clear of stacles, to avoid creating hazardous situations.</li> </ul>	1L
	6		<ul> <li>Conduct regular safety briefings and toolbox talks to remind workers of the importance of maintaining a safe working environment and following safety guidelines related to freezer work.</li> <li>Continuously monitor weather conditions within the freezer workspace, and provide suitable breaks for staff to recuperate and avoid prolonged exposure to extreme cold temperatures.</li> </ul>	
2. Pre-cooling		3Н	<ul> <li>Proper PPE: Ensure that all workers are provided with appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as insulated gloves, thermal clothing, waterproof footwear, and headgear to protect against cold stress and frostbite.</li> <li>Training and Education: Conduct regular training sessions on the risks of cold stress, how to recognise its symptoms, and the methods to avoid it. Also educate workers on maintaining optimal hydration levels while working in low temperatures.</li> </ul>	
Procedure	Cold stress, Dehydration		<ul> <li>Work Warm-Up Areas: Establish designated warm-up areas within the workplace for workers to take short breaks and recover from the cold environment.</li> <li>Work Rotation: Implement a work rotation schedule to limit exposure to extreme cold and reduce the risk of dehydration and cold stress. Alternate higher-energy tasks with lighter ones to provide adequate rest and recovery times.</li> <li>Hydration Stations: Provide easy access to drinking water at multiple locations within the workplace to encourage workers to stay hydrated throughout their shifts.</li> </ul>	2M



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			- Regular Monitoring: Supervisors should actively monitor workers for signs of cold stress and dehydration and ensure they are taking adequate breaks and hydrating themselves regularly.	
			- Temperature Controls: Install thermostat-control deating systems to maintain a safe and comfortable temperature at the site, wherever possible.	
			- Emergency Procedures: Develop an emergency response plan to address incidents related to cold stress and dehydration. Ensure that all works are for war with the plan and understand their roles and responsibilities in the event of an emergency.	
			- Wind Barriers and Shelters, then working outones, set up and barriers or temporary shelters to provide protection against hars, weather conditions	
			- Insulation of Surfaces. Late a faces such as floors, walls, and doors, where applicable, to minimise heat loss from workspa and to the are samer.	
			- Pre-task Way-up Exercises: Encour corkers to perform simple physical warm-up exercises before community the shift ancrease blood circulation and regulate their body temperatures.	
			- Wea e Moniton Regularly monitor weather forecasts and adjust work schedules as needed to avoid extrem by the tures or hazardous conditions. Inform workers about potential weather-related hazards in all nice, is that they are prepared for the situation ahead.	
	•		- Exercise prkers veceive proper training on safely entering and exiting the freezer, as well as recognizing and avoiding potential hazards.	
			ovide employees with appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as insulated gloves, and lip footwear, and warm clothing to protect against frostbite and slipping incidents.	
			Regularly check and maintain the entrance and exit areas to the freezer for any potential slip or trip hazards, such as pooled water, ice build-up, or obstructing objects.	
			- Install proper signage reminding workers of freezing temperatures and the possible risk of slips, trips, and falls within the freezer area.	
			- Implement a buddy system requiring workers to enter and exit the freezer with a partner, allowing for constant communication and support in case of emergencies or incidents.	
3. Entering Freezer	Slips/trips/falls, Frostbite	3H	- Establish a clear protocol for addressing incidents, such as slips, trips, or falls, and ensure that all employees are aware of the procedure and know whom to notify in case of an emergency.	1L
			- Schedule regular breaks for workers during their shifts in the freezer, limiting exposure time and reducing the risk of frostbite and cold-related injuries.	
			- Inspect the condition of PPE provided to the workers regularly to ensure it remains effective in protecting workers from frostbites and slips/trips/falls.	
			- Utilise slip-resistant floor mats or non-skid surfaces on the flooring around the entrance and inside the freezer to minimise slipping risk.	
			- Set up proper lighting around the entrance and inside the freezer area to enhance visibility, thus helping workers navigate safely while preventing any potential accidents or hazardous situations.	
			- Plan and schedule periodic health and safety meetings to review safe work practices, identify potential risks, and address any concerns workers may have about freezer work.	



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			- Maintain temperature monitoring devices in place within the freezer to ensure a safe working environment and alert management if the temperature goes beyond acceptable limits, increasing the chances of encountering these hazards.	
4. Inspecting Equipment	Electrical hazards, Noise exposure	2M		1L



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5. Stock Handling	Falling items, Manual handling			2M
6. Rotation of stock	Crush injuries, Struck by equipment	2M		1L



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7. Housekeeping	Chemical exposures, Poor lighting	3H		1L



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8. Palletizing goods	Manual handling, Improper stacking	2M		1L

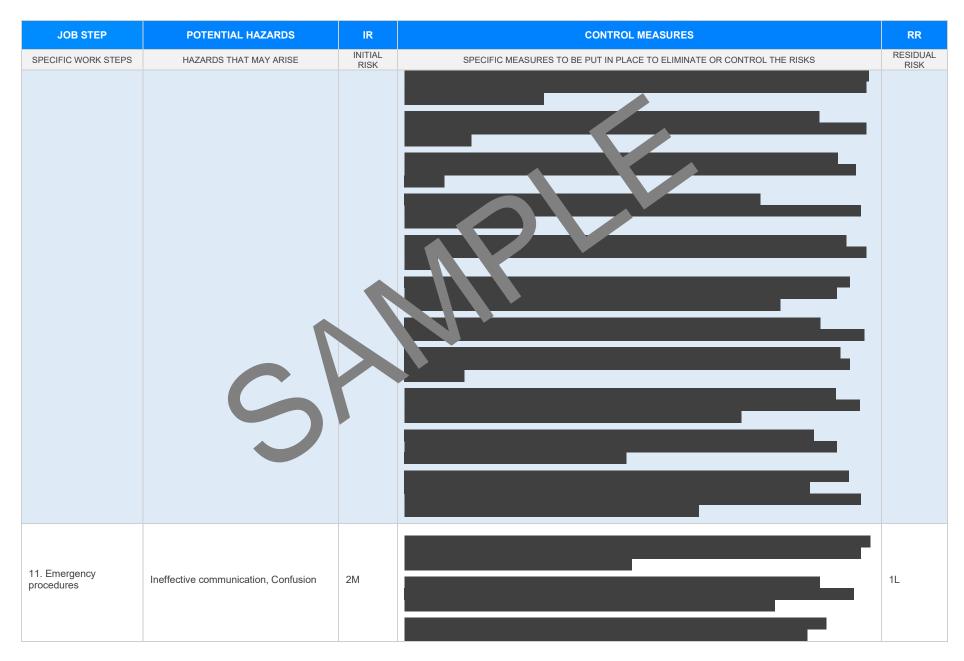


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9. Trolley usage	Rapid acceleration/deceleration, Collisions	2M		1L



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10. Loading/Unloading Truck	Falls from height, Collision with truck	3Н		2M







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12. Exiting Freezer	Slips/trips/falls, Cold stress	2M		1L



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	5			



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatide

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED ED