



Food Storage Organisa	tion   SAFE WORK METHO	DD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK C	OR ACTIVITY: Food Storage Orga	nisation	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under o (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	apliance the VMS a well as review	es and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in accomposition with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an atately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 1





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 2



RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo√ ≃uitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	R PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls from spills, Cuts from sharp objects	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct regular inspections to identify any poils or potential slip hazards, and ensure immediate cleanup.</li> <li>Implement a housekeeping policy requiring as a reways and storage areas to be clear of obstructions.</li> <li>Ensure staff are trained in proper techniques for andling are asposing of sharp objects to prevent cuts.</li> <li>Provide appropriate personal antective equipment of a such as non-slip shoes and cut-resistant gloves.</li> <li>Use safety awage to high this slip by surfact or areas prone to spills.</li> <li>Establish a siturespon a procedure a surcludes readily available spill kits.</li> <li>Implement a "clumes you go" policy to encourage employees to maintain tidy workspaces at all times.</li> <li>Use it products in a siture sprone to moisture accumulation to reduce slipping risks.</li> <li>Place trains to cutting equipment and ensure safe storage for all tools with sharp edges.</li> <li>Intall an equate ophting in storage and work areas to improve visibility and minimise accidents.</li> <li>Arrangulelving and storage at suitable heights to avoid overreaching and potential falls.</li> <li>Inbel and store chemicals properly to prevent leaks and subsequent slip hazards.</li> <li>Conduct regular safety training sessions focusing on hazard identification and risk management.</li> <li>Encourage prompt reporting of hazards or injuries to facilitate timely interventions.</li> </ul>	1L
2. Food Handling	Food poisoning, Cuts from implements	2M	<ul> <li>Ensure all personnel handling food have completed accredited food safety training and hold current certification.</li> <li>Implement strict personal hygiene procedures, including regular handwashing with soap and warm water before and after handling food.</li> <li>Maintain proper sanitisation of all kitchen surfaces and utensils using approved cleaning agents before and after use.</li> <li>Store raw and cooked foods separately to prevent cross-contamination.</li> <li>Keep food at safe temperatures: below 5°C for cold storage and above 60°C for hot holding.</li> <li>Use colour-coded chopping boards and knives for different types of food to prevent cross-contamination, such as red for raw meat and green for vegetables.</li> <li>Regularly inspect knives and other cutting tools to ensure they are in good condition; replace any damaged or blunt implements.</li> <li>Provide appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), such as gloves, cut-resistant gloves, and aprons, and ensure their correct usage.</li> </ul>	1L



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			- Educate staff on the correct techniques for using knives and other cutting equipment safely.	
			- Implement a routine inspection system to check the expiry dates and quality of stored food items regularly.	
			- Ensure clear labelling of all stored food programs with contents and expiration dates.	
			- Establish clear, written protocols for report, any incitous or injuries occurring during food handling.	
			- Conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Training Sessions are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Drills and Drills are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Drills and Drills are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Drills are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Drills are recorded to the conduct regular Drills and Drills are recorded to the conduct recorded	
			- Install Safety Guards or Sharts on cutting equip and where assible to reduce risk of injury.	
			- Ensure all cooking equipment is a good working condition and regularly maintained to prevent malfunctions	
			- Implement a coular school de for cleur autchen surfaces and cooking equipment to minimise risks of fire.	
			- Train to in the sea use of kitchen equipment, including proper methods of handling hot items to reduce the sea of but	
			Provide personal protective equipment such as oven mitts and aprons to protect against hot surfaces splanding her iquids.	
3. Cooking	Burns from hot surfaces or liquids, Fir from unattended cooking		Institute of the first of the f	2M
	Iron unattended cooking		- up clear signage and designate specific areas for hot items to be placed, so all staff are aware of potential burn hazards.	
			- Install fire extinguishers and fire blankets within easy reach of cooking areas and provide training on their correct use.	
			- Establish emergency procedures and conduct regular fire drills to ensure all staff know how to respond promptly in case of a fire.	
			- Use timers or alarms to alert staff when cooking processes are completed, helping to prevent overheating and subsequent fires.	
			- Limit access to cooking areas to authorised staff only to reduce accidents and ensure that those present understand safety protocols.	
. Cleaning Utensils	Chemical exposure, Skin irritation from	2M		1L
. Oldaning Otoriona	cleaning products	2111		12



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5. Waste Disposal	Injury from improper lifting, Biological hazards from waste	2M		<b>1</b> 1L



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6. Stock Rotation	Falls from height value accessing high shelves, Strain from manual beauting of heavy items	ЗН		2M
7. Serving Customers	Allergy trigger from food, Physical aggression from customers	2M		1L



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8. Loading/Unloading Deliveries	Crush injuries, Manual handling injuries	3Н		2M



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9. Maintenance	Electrical hazards alls from height	4A		3H
10. Closing Procedures	Slips and trips in reduced light conditions, Incorrect shut down procedures causing hazards	3H		2M



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11. Cash Handlings	Robbery threats, Health issues from constant cash handling (bacteria/virus)	ЗН		<b>2</b> M



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12. Dishwashing	Hot water burns, Slice due to spilled water/food	SH		2M
13. Equipment Usage	Injury from rotating parts, electrical shocks, burns	4A		3H



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14. Pest Control	Chemical exposure, Averse reactions to bites/stings	4A		2M



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15. Emergency Handling	Psychological trauma, physical harm from stampede	4,4		3H
16. Alcohol Service	Intoxication and associated behavioural issues, Allergies to alcohol ingredients	ЗН		2M



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				I
17. Sanitation Standards	Foodborne illnesses, Chemical exposure from cleaning agents	3H		2M



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18. Refrigeration Storage	Mould or bacteria exposure, Frostbite cold-related injuries	ЗН		<b>2</b> M
19. High-Temperature Storage	Burns, Fire hazards	4A		2M



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20. Facility Inspection & Audits	Workplace stress, Musculoskeletal injuries from excessive walking/standing	ЗН		2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislative

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

Version 2.5 Authorised by Review # Date of Issue: Review Date: 19





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the person is as a person is a per		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED