



Fixing Uneven Warehouse	Floors SAFE WORK MET	HOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR A	ACTIVITY: Fixing Uneven Wareho	ouse Floors	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under o (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accomply with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX									
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	propriate PPL	abo√ ≃uitab	ic or the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	R PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	Other PPE Required:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Ma	andatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, Incorrect manual handling techniques, Exposure to harmful substances	ЗН	 Conduct a site inspection to identify all pot and trip hazards before work begins. Clear the work area of any unnecessary mustials or a paipment that might pose a trip hazard. Provide training on correct manual handling to a quest of all workers involved in the task. Use mechanical aids, such a trolleys or forklifts, a move to avy materials and reduce manual handling risks. Display clear site use incenting to as where floor repairs are being conducted to warn workers and visitors. Ensure all worders wear appropriate panal protective equipment, including gloves and dust masks, to minimal expose the amful substances. Revitate Safety at Sheets (SDS) for any chemicals used in the process and ensure safe handling procedues or in pla. Implement a contilation plan to disperse harmful fumes or dust arising from the repair process. Ensure or emergency plan is in place, with first aid kits readily available, in case of exposure incidents or inju. Display clear site use in place, with first aid kits readily available, in case of exposure incidents or inju. Display clear site use in place, with first aid kits readily available, in case of exposure incidents or inju. Display clear site use in place, with first aid kits readily available, in case of exposure incidents or inju. Display clear site use in place, with first aid kits readily available, in case of exposure incidents or inju. Display clear site use in place, with first aid kits readily available, in case of exposure incidents or inju. Display clear site use in place, with first aid kits readily available, in case of exposure incidents or inju. 	2M
2. Cleaning Area	Slippery floors, Noise exposure, Dust inhalation	3H	 Provide non-slip footwear to all workers involved in the cleaning process to minimise the risk of slipping on wet or uneven surfaces. Clearly mark the cleaned areas with visible signage to warn others of potential slip hazards and maintain a safe distance from recently cleaned sections. Schedule cleaning activities during off-peak hours when fewer personnel are present in the warehouse to reduce noise exposure and accidents. Equip workers with appropriate hearing protection such as earmuffs or earplugs to safeguard against harmful noise levels from cleaning machinery. Implement dust control measures by using wet mopping techniques or vacuum systems with HEPA filters to minimise airborne particles. Offer respirators or dust masks to workers performing cleaning tasks to protect against the inhalation of dust and particulate matter. Ensure that cleaning equipment is regularly maintained and serviced to prevent leaks, excessive noise, or operational failures that could lead to unsafe conditions. Train employees on the proper use of personal protective equipment and safe operating procedures for cleaning tools and products. 	2M



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			 Use eco-friendly and non-toxic cleaning agents wherever possible to reduce hazardous exposure to chemicals for those conducting the cleaning task. 	
			- Provide ample ventilation in cleaning areas by or any windows or using exhaust fans to disperse any accumulated fumes or dust effectively.	
			- Conduct a pre-start safety briefing to ensure "I work as are aware of the potential hazards and control measures.	
			- Wear appropriate personal strective equipment (PE) such as hard hats, safety glasses, gloves, and steel-capped boots to protect a first falling objects of first glebris.	
			- Set up exclusion and a work area with clearly marked barriers and signage to prevent unauthorized dess and preceded by unders from lazards.	
			- Use dust suppossion techniques suppossion for a local exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust from a sive exhaust ventilation to minimize airborne dust ventilation dust ventilation to minimize airborne dust ventilation dust ventilat	
3. Removing Bad	Falling objects, Abrasive equipment, Flying debris	3H	- Ensure Is and Uipment are well-maintained and inspected before use to prevent malfunctions that could lead accide, or create additional hazards.	1L
Concrete			- Position maturals at a cafe height and distance to reduce the risk of falling objects during removal and	
			- Trango ers on proper manual handling techniques and use mechanical aids where possible to inimize risk of injury from handling heavy or awkward materials.	
			- plement a buddy system, ensuring workers look out for each other and report any unsafe conditions or incidents immediately.	
			- Provide training to operators in using abrasive equipment safely and effectively, including emergency shut-off procedures.	
			- Establish a communication protocol using two-way radios or hand signals to maintain effective coordination among workers, especially when wearing masks or in noisy environments.	
4. Site Safety Checks	Lack of safety gear, Poor lighting	3H		1L



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5. Obtaining Floor Measurements	Misjudgement of distance/measure ents, Strain from repeated measure ents	2M		1 L
6. Marking the Cutting Area	Incorrect markings, Loss of footing	3H		1L



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7. Concrete Cutting Operation	Noise, Dust, Vibration, Kick-backs	ЗН		2M



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8. Removal of Cut Concrete	Manual lifting injuries, Puncture or impact injuries from concrete debris	ЗН		2M
9. Preparing New Concrete Mixture	Skin irritation from wet cement, Inhalation of dust, Incorrect mixture	3H		2M



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				ı
10. Placing and Smoothing Concrete	Repetitive strain injury from swroothing operations, Skin it ation from wet cement	ЗН		2M
11. Applying Sealant	Exposure to harmful fumes, Slips on wet floors	3H		1 L



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12. Visual Inspection and Verification	Fatigue, Mistakes due to laux or concentration	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
13. Cleanup Duties	Slips, trips and falls, Incorrect manual lifting techniques, Puncture or cutting injuries from debris removal	ЗН		1L
14. Final Site Check	Overlooking minor issues, Rushing through inspection	3H		2M



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15. Reporting and Documentation	Errors due to miscommiscation misunderstanding, Stress remed illnesses from hectic schedule	2M		I 1L



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PECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAI RISK



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractions of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractions-of-racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

Safe Work Australia Links

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pupleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED