

## Electrical and Diagnostics | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

### TASK OR ACTIVITY: Electrical and Diagnostics

Business Name:	ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:		
Contact Person:	Phone:	Email:

### THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THE PROJECT

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:		
Signature:	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring compliance of the SWMS as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.		
Full Name:	Title:	Phone:

### ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED

Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, then to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.

If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.

Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.

The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

### NAME OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS

### CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS

Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	

### ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping                                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on a telecommunication tower   | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines                                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing                         | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of a structure            | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos  | <input type="checkbox"/> involves tilt-up or precast concrete  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary support to prevent collapse  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near a confined space  | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 2m or tunnel involving use of explosives | <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.                              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.             | <input type="checkbox"/> involves diving work.   |

### ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

## RISK MATRIX

LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE			<b>Elimination</b> Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	<b>Substitution</b> Replace the hazard.
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	<b>Isolation</b> Isolate People from the hazard
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	<b>Engineering</b> Isolate the hazard.
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	Monitor and keep records	<b>Administrative</b> Change the work.
<b>Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:</b> Elimination methods are the most effective and preferred when controlling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the third most effective, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is the least effective method.								<b>PPE</b>

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	EYE PROTECTION	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
											
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Other PPE Required:

## Permit or Licenses Requirements

## Mandatory Qualifications and Training

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Pre-start planning and isolation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unidentified live electrical circuits</li> <li>Uncontrolled vehicle movement</li> <li>Inadequate job planning</li> <li>Incorrect isolation of high voltage systems</li> <li>Unauthorised access to work area</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Confirm job scope, vehicle model, fuel type and electrical system specifications using current workshop manuals and OEM data before commencing work</li> <li>Park vehicle on level surface, apply park brake, select park/neutral and install wheel chocks on drive wheels before starting diagnostics</li> <li>Switch ignition off, remove key or key fob from vehicle and place in designated lock box to prevent inadvertent engine start</li> <li>Identify all electrical energy sources including battery, capacitors, hybrid/EV high voltage systems and aftermarket accessories using wiring diagram</li> <li>Shut down and isolate high voltage vehicle systems in accordance with OEM procedures before touching high voltage components</li> <li>Display "Do Not Start – Work in Progress" tags on steering wheel and ignition area before working on vehicle</li> <li>Restrict access to workshop bay using floor markings or barriers and keep walkways clear of tools, leads and parts</li> <li>Verify isolation with a suitable multimeter on a known live source first, then on the isolated circuit, following test-before-touch principles</li> <li>DO NOT rely solely on warning lights or dash indicators to confirm isolation of high voltage systems</li> <li>Conduct pre-start toolbox talk to allocate roles, discuss hazards and confirm required licences, training and permits (including high voltage or airbag handling where relevant)</li> </ul>	2M
Battery and power supply isolation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Short circuit at battery terminals</li> <li>Explosion from hydrogen gas ignition</li> <li>Acid splash from lead-acid battery</li> <li>Unintended airbag deployment</li> <li>Loss of vehicle memory settings</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Switch off all electrical loads and accessories before disconnecting the battery to reduce arcing risk</li> <li>Wear AS/NZS 2161.3 compliant insulated gloves and AS/NZS 1337.1 compliant safety glasses when working on batteries</li> <li>Loosen and remove negative battery terminal first, then positive terminal, and cover both with non-conductive caps</li> <li>Use insulated hand tools rated for automotive electrical work when working near battery terminals and live busbars</li> <li>Ventilate the work area by opening workshop doors or using mechanical ventilation to disperse hydrogen gas</li> <li>Keep ignition sources, welding and grinding activities away from charging batteries and battery bays</li> <li>Neutralise minor acid spills with suitable neutralising agent and clean up using acid-resistant materials</li> <li>Allow minimum 10–15 minutes after battery disconnection before commencing work on airbag or SRS components as per OEM guidance</li> </ul>	2M

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connect an approved memory saver only if required and safe for the diagnostic task, following OEM procedures and polarity checks</li> <li>• DO NOT place metal tools, jewellery or loose hardware on top of batteries or across terminals</li> </ul>	
General vehicle diagnostics setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trip hazards from leads and hoses</li> <li>• Contact with hot engine components</li> <li>• Noise exposure from running engines</li> <li>• Exposure to engine exhaust gases</li> <li>• Contact with moving belts and fans</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Position vehicle centrally in bay and confirm adequate clearance at front, rear and sides before opening bonnet or doors</li> <li>• Route diagnostic leads and extension cords overhead where possible, or along wall edges secured with cable covers to keep walkways clear</li> <li>• Mark out exclusion zone around vehicle with cones or markers to keep bystanders clear during running tests</li> <li>• Start engine only when required for testing and operate at the lowest effective RPM to reduce noise and exhaust production</li> <li>• Use hood exhaust extraction or connect tailpipe extraction hoses when running engines inside workshop</li> <li>• Wear hearing protection compliant with AS/NZS 1270 when working around high noise tests, especially wide-open-throttle or road testing</li> <li>• Allow hot engines, exhausts and turbochargers to cool where possible before contact, and avoid leaning over hot components</li> <li>• Keep loose clothing, long hair and jewellery secured away from rotating components such as belts, pulleys and fans</li> <li>• DO NOT place hands, tools or rags near radiator fans or serpentine belts while the engine is running</li> </ul>	2M
Hooking up vehicle to diagnostics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damage to OBD connector wiring</li> <li>• Electric shock from exposed wiring</li> <li>• Data corruption of vehicle control units</li> <li>• Trip hazards from diagnostic cables</li> <li>• Unauthorised alteration of control parameters</li> </ul>	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> <li>• [REDACTED]</li> </ul>	2M

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Use of diagnostic software	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incorrect parameter changes</li> <li>• Unexpected engine or component actuation</li> <li>• Loss of critical safety functions</li> <li>• Cybersecurity breaches via networked tools</li> <li>• Operator distraction while monitoring data</li> </ul>	3H		2M
Reading and interpreting diagnostic codes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Misdiagnosis of electrical faults</li> <li>• Unnecessary replacement of components</li> <li>• Extended exposure to running engine</li> <li>• Eye strain from prolonged screen use</li> <li>• Contact with live test points</li> </ul>	2M		1L

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Ignition system diagnostics and repair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High voltage ignition discharge</li> <li>• Fire from fuel vapour ignition</li> <li>• Burns from hot engine components</li> <li>• Damage to catalytic converters</li> <li>• Contact with rotating engine parts</li> </ul>	3H	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	2M
Diesel engine diagnostics and testing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High pressure fuel injection</li> <li>• Exposure to diesel exhaust emissions</li> <li>• Burns from hot engine and exhaust</li> <li>• Fire from fuel leaks</li> <li>• Noise from high load testing</li> </ul>	3H	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	2M

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Airbag and SRS system work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unintended airbag deployment</li> <li>• Projectile injury from airbag module</li> <li>• Static electricity discharge</li> <li>• Damage to SRS wiring and connectors</li> <li>• Hearing damage from deployment noise</li> </ul>	4A	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	2M
Airbag removal and installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accidental deployment during removal</li> <li>• Incorrect torque on retaining fasteners</li> <li>• Damage to clock spring assemblies</li> <li>• Loss of steering control components</li> <li>• Musculoskeletal strain from awkward postures</li> </ul>	4A	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Dynamometer chassis setup and operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vehicle ejection from dynamometer</li> <li>• Tyre failure under load</li> <li>• Entanglement in rotating rollers</li> <li>• Excessive noise and vibration</li> <li>• Exposure to exhaust gases under load</li> </ul>	4A	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	2M
Engine dynamometer setup and testing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Failure of engine mounts or couplings</li> <li>• High speed rotating shafts</li> <li>• Hot exhaust and coolant lines</li> <li>• Fuel leaks under high load</li> <li>• Noise and vibration from test cell</li> </ul>	4A	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	2M

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Electrical repairs and component replacement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Electric shock from live circuits</li> <li>• Short circuit causing fire</li> <li>• Damage to vehicle control modules</li> <li>• Incorrect wire routing or protection</li> <li>• Hand and eye injury from tools</li> </ul>	3H		2M
Testing alternator and charging systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Short circuit across battery posts</li> <li>• Overvoltage damage to electronics</li> <li>• Contact with rotating belts and pulleys</li> <li>• Burns from hot engine components</li> <li>• Incorrect test equipment use</li> </ul>	3H		1L

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Lighting and indicator system repairs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Short circuits in lighting circuits</li> <li>• Glass breakage from lamps</li> <li>• Incorrect indicator function</li> <li>• Working at awkward postures</li> <li>• Minor cuts and abrasions</li> </ul>	2M		1L
Vehicle heating system diagnostics and repair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hot coolant burns</li> <li>• Coolant spray under pressure</li> <li>• Inhalation of coolant vapours</li> <li>• Electrical faults in blower circuits</li> <li>• Confined work under dashboard</li> </ul>	3H		2M

SAMPLE

## EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

## LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES IF ANY STATE THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

### Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice QLD: <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Legislation ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice ACT: <https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

### Victoria

Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004

Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice VIC: <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice>

### New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2025

Legislation NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation>

Codes of Practice NSW: <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-codes-of-practice>

### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation>

Codes of Practice WA: <https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice>

### Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-safety-laws>

Codes of Practice NT: <https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/factsheets-and-resources/codes-of-practice>

### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation>

Model Codes of Practice: <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice>

### Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work

### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation>

Codes of Practice for SA: <https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs>

### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations>

Codes of Practice for TAS: <https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice>

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

## SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

## SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

**The SWMS must be reviewed regularly** to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review must be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and sub-contractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represent that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

**The SWMS must be monitored regularly** for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column completed.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selected.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training or skills required to perform the work.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<b>REVIEWED BY</b>		<b>DATE REVIEWED</b>
<b>SIGNATURE</b>		<b>DATE COMPLETED</b>