



Earthmoving Plant Workshop	Procedure SAFE WORK I	METHOD STATEMENT (SWM	S)
TASK OR ACT	IVITY: Earthmoving Plant Works	hop Procedure	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under o (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a vell as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M' HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work. PPE		

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Ma	andatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slips and trips, Insecure working area	2M	 Clearly mark designated work areas with a per signage and barriers to limit unauthorised access. Inspect the workshop floor daily for potentis blip, trip and fall hazards like oil spills, debris, or uneven surfaces. Install appropriate non-slips poring in key location such as mances and exits, frequently used pathways, and workshop station. Establish and mail and both bekeeping practices by promptly addressing any oil spills or debris and regularly clean work made. Implement a steem for mular inspection dools and equipment to ensure they are in good working condition to mine ise per util an affunction razards. Ensite a efficient outing is available in all work areas to make potential hazards easily visible and provide as expectific intring where necessary. Provide added the training and instruction on safe work procedures and the use of personal protective suipme (PPD such as safety boots with slip-resistant soles, gloves, and high-visibility vests. Essitis designated storage areas for tools, materials, and other items when not in use to minimise lutter a insure a clear working area. Ask sure extension cords and power cables are secured and routed properly to avoid tripping hazards on accidental contact with machinery. Utilise anti-fatigue mats in standing workstations to help reduce worker fatigue and the subsequent risk of slips and trips due to tiredness. Implement an incident reporting system to identify recurring problems and track progress in reducing workplace accidents related to slips and trips. Conduct regular safety briefings and toolbox talks to highlight the importance of maintaining a secure working area and addressing potential hazards immediately. Develop and enforce a colour-coded system for identifying potential hazards, such as marking wet floors with yellow cones or cordoning off restricted areas with red tape. Encourage open communication channels for employees to re	1L
2. Maintenance of Plant	Mechanical hazards, Noise exposure	3Н	 Regular inspection and maintenance: Conduct routine inspections and maintenance of the earthmoving plant to ensure all moving parts, safety guards, and warning signals are in place and functioning correctly. Appropriate PPE: Provide and require workers to wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) including safety gloves, earplugs or earmuffs for noise reduction, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots. Secure the workspace: Establish a secure perimeter around the work area to prevent unauthorised access and minimise the risk of collisions or accidental injuries. 	1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Qualified personnel: Ensure that only trained and competent personnel operate and maintain the earthmoving plant.	
			- Adequate lighting: Provide sufficient lighting in the orkshop to enable safe and efficient work operations.	
			- Noise control: Maintain and repair noisy in thinery to promise noise exposure, and implement noise barriers where possible.	
			- Tool safety: Use the right tools for the job and sure they are in good working order before use.	
			- Lockout/tagout procedures: plement lockout/tagut properly shut down and secure afore any mainten work begins.	
			- Keep a clean versepace egula clean and reintain the workshop floor and surrounding areas to minimise slip up, and fall cards.	
			- Clear communication: Communicate a souvely with other workers in the area, using clear hand signals, signal or radio for essary, to avoid miscommunications that could lead to accidents.	
			- Safe an eng of hypardous materials: Follow designated procedures for safely handling, storing, and disposition of sardous materials used in the maintenance process, such as fuels or lubricants.	
			Fall projection. When working at heights, provide adequate fall protection measures, including gordrail, safety sets, or personal fall arrest systems.	
			Emery preparedness: Develop and implement an emergency response plan that includes occdures for evacuating the workshop in case of a fire or other emergencies. Regularly review and unate the plan, and conduct drills to ensure worker readiness.	
			- Provide adequate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as heat-resistant gloves, long-sleeved shirts, and appropriate eye protection to workers handling hot surfaces.	
			- Establish clear signage and warning labels where hot surfaces are present in the workshop to ensure that workers are aware of potential burn hazards.	
			- Ensure regular maintenance and inspections of earthmoving plant engines for any signs of overheating, leaks, or malfunctions that may increase the risk of burns from hot surfaces.	
3. Engine Inspection	Burns from hot surfaces, Crushing injury	2M	- Implement lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedures to isolate the engine from any sources of power during inspection and maintenance tasks, eliminating the risk of accidental activation and subsequent crushing injuries.	1L
			- Train all employees on proper lifting techniques and use of mechanical lifting aids such as hoists and jacks to prevent manual handling-related injuries during engine component handling and inspection.	
			- Conduct pre-work safety briefings to discuss potential hazards, control measures, and emergency procedures related to engine inspection tasks.	
			- Implement a buddy system for complex and heavy lifts, ensuring that at least two qualified personnel are present to coordinate the lift and minimise the likelihood of crushing injuries.	
			- Regularly inspect workshop floors and surrounding areas for clutter or obstructions that may increase the risk of trip hazards leading to contact with hot surfaces or falling onto the earthmoving plant.	



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			- Enforce good housekeeping practices and organisation within the workplace to minimise the risk of slips, trips, and falls near hot surfaces and moving machinery.	
			- Ensure that all employees are provided with comparensive task-specific training that includes hazard identification, risk assessment, and appropriate antrol measures related to engine inspections.	
			- Allocate sufficient break periods for employees to preven atigue-related incidents and errors which could lead to accidents around the workshop and early oving plant.	
			- Develop and enforce policies discouraging how play or unprofessional behaviour in the workshop, focusing on maintaining a sale and respectful workshop nor nor all.	
			- Conduct regular monitoring all avaluation of safety across and control measures, making adjustments where according to a tinuously improve the safety culture within the workplace.	
			- Implement a incident repairing symmethat cows employees to report hazards or safety concerns without fear or prisal, entring patter to be identified, and additional safety measures can be put in place a require.	
4. Changing tires	Falling objects, Manual handling injures	2M		1L



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5. Electrical system check	Electrical shock, Fire risk	ЗН		1L



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6. Hydraulic system inspection	High-pressure release haze points	₽M		1 1 1 1



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
7. Fluid Levels	Chemical exposul Spill risks	1L		1L



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8. Safety System checks	Inadequate safety systems, Equipment malfunction	2M		1 L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
9. Testing and calibration	Incorrect equipment settings, Operator injury	3H		



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10. Cleaning and housekeeping	Manual handling injuries, Exposure to hazardous chemicals	2.		1L
11. Refueling	Fire or explosion risk, Chemical exposure	3H		1L







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12. Documentation and reporting	Incorrect documentation, Miscommunication between team members	1L		1L



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compl

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

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des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<u>k</u>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pulleted.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selectives		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important part of measures.	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an instead on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIE	WED
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPL	ETED