



Deal With Hazardous Substances	At A Property SAFE WOR	RK METHOD STATEMENT (S	WMS)
TASK OR ACTIVIT	TY: Deal With Hazardous Substa	nces At A Property	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	apliance the VMS a well as review	rs and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S /MS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an atately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	Administrative Change the work. Second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the life post engineering the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), the least effective									

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Mishandling chemicals, Airborne particles	ЗН	- Conduct a risk assessment to identify space mazardous substances present and their associated risks before starting the task. - Ensure all personnel involved in handling has all a substances have received proper training on safe handling practices and are familiar with the Safe to Jata Sheets 1DS). - Use appropriate personal procedure equipment (A. T), see as gloves, masks, goggles, or face shields, as recommended by the SDS for each substance. - Implement procedure albellin and stonge practice for chemicals to prevent accidental mishandling and ensure easy entification. - Estate that a document lead to safe or mixing and handling hazardous substances with adequate ventilation to reduce mosure excorne particles. - Deve on a combinative emergency procedures, including spill response and evacuation plans, to all workers on see the reas where hazardous substances are being used to authorised personnel only. - Uncest containment measures, like drip trays or absorbent materials, during the preparation process o contrainment measures, like drip trays or absorbent materials, during the preparation process o contrainment measures, like drip trays or absorbent materials, during the preparation process o contrainment measures, like drip trays or absorbent materials, during the preparation process o contrainment measures, like drip trays or absorbent materials, during the preparation process o contrain tential spills. - Ingularly inspect and maintain equipment used in handling hazardous substances to ensure it is in operation working condition. - Monitor air quality in the workplace using detection instruments to identify any increase in airborne contaminants. - Implement work schedules that minimise prolonged exposure to hazardous substances by rotating tasks among workers. - Ensure that first aid supplies and emergency showers or eyewash stations are readily available and accessible near work areas. - Communicate clearly with all staff about the need for complying with control measures and the importance o	2M
2. Hazard Identification	Ingestion, chemical burns	3Н	 Conduct a thorough risk assessment to identify the specific hazardous substances present and evaluate their potential impact on health and safety. Provide comprehensive training to all employees on the safe handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous substances. Implement effective ventilation systems in areas where hazardous substances are used to minimise exposure to vapours or fumes. 	2M



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			- Store hazardous substances in clearly labelled, appropriate containers designed to prevent leaks and spills.	
			- Develop and maintain a detailed inventory of all beardous substances on-site, including Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for each item.	
			- Ensure that personal protective equipment PPE), such a gloves, goggles, and face masks, is available and used correctly by workers handling hazar us sufficiences.	
			- Regularly inspect and maintain all equipment a storage facilities to ensure they are functioning correctly and safely.	
			- Establish clear procedures for a immediate contain and clean-up of spills to minimise exposure and environmental apparents.	
			- Implement emergency spons an formulants involving hazardous substances, including first aid measures and porting process.	
			- Res process where hazardous substances are stored or used to authorised and trained person is only.	
			- Ensul, hat vashin, and decontamination facilities are readily available to prevent ingestion, especially before e ting drinkin.	
	•		- st sig age at ring workers and visitors to the presence of hazardous substances and any specific hazar toy représent.	
			- pvide comprehensive training sessions for all employees on the correct handling procedures for hazardous substances, including specific instructions and demonstrations.	
			- Develop and distribute easy-to-understand visual guides and safety posters in high-visibility areas to reinforce proper handling techniques and equipment usage.	
			- Conduct regular safety drills to practice emergency response procedures related to hazardous substance incidents, ensuring all staff are familiar with protocols.	
	Incorrect handling procedures,		- Supply personal protective equipment (PPE) that is suitable for the specific substances being handled, and ensure it is available in various sizes to fit all employees.	
Communication and Training	inadequate personal protective equipment	2M	- Implement a buddy system where experienced workers supervise new or less experienced colleagues during tasks involving hazardous substances.	1L
			- Organise regular inspections and maintenance checks of PPE to ensure that it remains in good condition and suitable for use.	
			- Use clear labelling and signage to identify areas where hazardous substances are stored or used, reinforcing the need for caution and correct PPE.	
			- Establish a communication protocol that includes reporting channels for any PPE defects or procedural issues immediately to management.	
			- Update training materials regularly to reflect any new guidelines, procedures, or equipment related to hazardous substance handling.	



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			- Ensure that Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are readily accessible to employees and include detailed information about each hazardous substance used at the property.	
			- Encourage an open feedback culture where emphases can suggest improvements to hazardous substance handling processes and safety measures.	
			- Appoint safety officers or representatives ponsible for verseeing compliance with safety procedures and facilitating ongoing communication between work and management.	
I. Work Area Setup	Falling objects, Slipping becords	34		2M
5. Storing Hazardous Substances	Chemical Leaks, Fire Hazard	4A		3H



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Using Hazardous Substances	Exposure to toxic fumes, Skin contact with chemicals	4A		2M



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7. Spill Management	Toxic exposure, Fire Hazard			2M
8. Waste Management	Leaking containers, Incorrect waste disposal	3Н		1L



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9. Handling Emergencies	Lack of first-aid facilities, Insufficient emergency exits	4A		2M



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				-
	Long term health risk. Lack of prop	au l		
10. Health Monitoring	Long term health risk, Lack of prop medical check-ups	3H		2M
				I



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11. Maintaining Equipments	Malfunctioning safety equipments, Havinjuries	ЭМ		1L
12. Housekeeping	Tripping hazard due to unkept area, Fire hazard due to flammable substances	2M		1L



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13. Disposing Hazardous Substance	Marine pollution, Soil contamination	3H		2M



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14. Shutting Down the Operations	Uncontrolled release of substances, Equipment malfunctions	31		2M
15. Reporting and Documentation	Data mismanagement, Inaccurate record keeping	2M		1L



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				•
16. Review and Continuous Improvement	Infrequent audits, Non-costandards and procedures	2M		1L



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17. Personal Protective Equipment	Inadequate protection, Wearing PPE incorrectly	ЗН		2M
18. Transporting Hazardous Substances	Exposure to substances during transit, Accidents causing spills or leaks	4A		2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
19. Cleaning Activities	Contamination of cleaning aguing wit, Unintended exposure to chemical residues	ЗН		1 1 2M



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
20. Site Assessment	Ignoring past site assessment results Overlooking hazardous signs and flag			1L
				•



EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatide

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of ractions of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis codes-of-ractions-of-racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED