



Commercial Kitchen Cooking Appliances and Thermal Safety | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS) TASK OR ACTIVITY: Commercial Kitchen Cooking Appliances and Thermal Safety **Business Name:** ABN: SWMS# Business Address: Contact Person: Phone: L ગાં: THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PC. VOF THE PROJECT g (PC 1) is required to en that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or under the proposed work starts. Full Name: Title: Date: Signature: poliance the VMS a well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS. Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring Full Name: Title: Phone: NA 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS S VMS M HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accord requirements to first identify any site hazards, comp nica those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or confee each hazard. If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto ulately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTO	ON WO K BEIN O KRIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	☐ is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integration of a ructure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that — quires term — ov sup — rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper tha tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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					RISK	MATRIX			
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCOBE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	SCORE ACTION	Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE	Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.	Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and	Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ring by isolati		et. 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective	Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPL	abo. ~uitab	le or the equip	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	ARING STION	F' CTIO	RL PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents			Mandatory Qualifications and Training				



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			Develop and maintain a site-specific SWM or commercial kitchen cooking appliances and thermal safety in consultation with workers and Heal and Safety depresentatives	
			Verify all workers, including students in home covering burns, fire, gas, electricity, slips and me all handling by zards	
			Confirm all workers and supcerising teachers hold the pure of training records for operation of commercial ovens, descriptions, assure cookers, pile ovens and baker's ovens.	
	Unclear emergency procedures		Display clear ergency pcedu and evaction diagrams at kitchen entry and near main exits as per WHS are uilding fire: ety requirement.	
Pre-start planning and induction	Inadequate training Unidentified gas leaks	3H	• Ider and to all gar slation valve, slectrical isolation switches and main water shut-offs and brief all staff appervious achers on their location and use	2M
induction	Incompatible electrical equipment		• Inspecteurs, fire cores and access aisles at the start of each shift and remove any stored items, trolleys or boxed that build in the emergency egress	
	Blocked emergency egress		Fstablic max um occupancy limits for teaching kitchens and display signage at entry doors; DO NOT exceed potential mum occupancy during home economics classes	
			Scheo egular toolbox talks or pre-class briefings to review thermal safety, hot oil handling, and ergency response for burns and fires	
			Omfirm first aiders are available on site and that first aid kits include burns dressings, hydrogel and sterile saline suitable for thermal injuries	
			Ensure all staff and students know the location and use of emergency stop buttons on gas, electric and induction cooking lines	
			Inspect floors before starting work and immediately clean up any spills of oil, water or food using degreaser and non-slip mops as per manufacturer instructions	
			Place non-slip, grease-resistant mats in front of deep fryers, ovens, pizza ovens, baker's ovens and sauce preparation stations and secure edges to prevent curling	
	Slip hazards on floors Trip hazards from leads		• Route electrical leads for portable appliances away from walkways and secure with cable covers; DO NOT run leads across wet areas	
General kitchen setup and housekeeping	Blocked access to fire equipment Unstable storage of hot equipment	3H	Maintain at least 1 metre clear space around fire extinguishers, fire blankets, fire hose reels and electrical and gas isolation switches	2M
	Poor lighting around appliances		Store mobile equipment such as trolleys, racks and containers so they cannot roll or tip into hot appliances or access routes	
			Verify lighting levels are adequate over all cooking, preparation and cleaning areas; replace failed lamps immediately or install temporary lighting to AS/NZS 1680 requirements	
			Position bins and waste oil containers away from heat sources, deep fryers, ovens and open flames to prevent ignition of waste materials	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			 Implement a housekeeping schedule that includes hourly checks of floors, access paths and around cooking equipment during busy service or class periods 	
			• Display 'Caution – Hot Surface' signs on or near quently touched surfaces such as oven doors, pizza oven handles and bain-maries	
			Inspect oven doors, seals, handles and hing before use and tag out any oven with damaged doors, seal gaps or faulty latches	
			Check that gas ovens have ssed current gas appliance suffication and that gas connections are leak-tested by a licensed gasting at required interv	
			Verify electrical connected circuits and have current test and tag labels accordant with A NZS 376°	
			Preheat ove according manufacture structions and keep staff and students clear of open doors during sheat a void ulant heat expusure	
	Contact with hot oven surfaces Thermal burns from steam		Ope to doors to wly and stand to the side to allow hot air and steam to escape before reaching in or out with training.	
Operating commercial ovens	Explosion from gas leakage Electrical fault in oven	3Н	Use lo 1-cui eat-re tant oven mitts or gauntlets rated to the appliance operating temperature enevel hand oven trays, racks or dishes	2M
	Manual handling strain from trays		• Use vir voven-safe trays with handles where possible and avoid overloading trays beyond a panaged weight for one person (generally keep below 10–12 kg)	
			• 9 oven racks set at ergonomic heights where possible; avoid reaching above shoulder height to load or unload heavy trays; ask for assistance or use a trolley if racks are high	
			Place hot trays directly onto heat-resistant stands or trolleys and DO NOT place hot trays on unstable surfaces, plastic shelves or near edges where they may fall	
			• Install and maintain oven door guards or barriers in high-traffic areas to prevent accidental contact by passing workers or students	
			Ensure adequate ventilation or mechanical extraction is functioning when multiple ovens are in use to control heat and combustion products	
	Burns from baker's oven decks			
	Steam scalding when opening doors			
Baker's oven operation (teaching use)	Entrapment in closing doors	3H		1L
	Overheating of teaching spaceStudent inexperience with hot trays			
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JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Pizza oven and open- flame appliances	Open flame exposit Radiant heat from pizza oven Ignition of flamma and the second of	ЗН		I 2M
Deep fryer set-up and operation	Hot oil contact Oil splash from wet food	4A		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
JOB STEP SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	POTENTIAL HAZARDS HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE Oil ignition and flashover Unstable fryer positioning Burns from fryer baskets	IR INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RR RESIDUAL RISK
Cleaning out deep fryers	Scalding from hot oil Contact with sharp fryer components Chemical exposure from degreasers Oil spills on floors Manual handling of waste oil	4A		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Handling hot oil and hot substances	Splash burns from hot oil Boiling water scalds Spill from unstable containers Heat stress near poliance Slips from spilled liquids	4A		2M
Pouring boiling water and hot beverages	Boiling water scalds Kettle or urn failure Splash from overfilling cups Trip while carrying hot drinks	3H		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Flame cooking and sauce preparation	• Flare-up from alc nol • Ignition of loose clowing • Gas leak at burners • Burns from splattering so • Pan fire on cooktop	4A		2M
Pressure cooker and steam appliance use	Explosion from overpressure Steam release burns	4A		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE Contact with hot surfaces Incorrect lid fastening	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Use of commercial ovens for food preparation	Thermal burns from tray Cross-contamination on hot racks Heat stress in kitchen Inadequate cooking of food	ЗН		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
Emergency response and first aid	Delayed treatment of burns Incorrect use of extinguishers Panic during kitchen fire Inadequate incident reporting	3H		1L
Training, supervision and review	Inadequate supervision of students Complacency with hot work Unfamiliarity with new equipment Failure to follow procedures	3Н		2M



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUA RISK

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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2025

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f -resourd

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor/ aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Or pational Health a. Safety Act J4

Occ ational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www ksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

tes of actice V/ attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/modelcodes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Saf Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature

SAFE WORK N. THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are rovised. The view respectively should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors as a sub-intractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	k	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	\boxtimes	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	\boxtimes	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) colum mpleted.	\boxtimes	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part of the important of	\boxtimes	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	\boxtimes	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	\boxtimes	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an onthe SWMS.	\boxtimes	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, use or skills required to perform the work.	\boxtimes	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	\boxtimes	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	\boxtimes	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED	