



Brick Pack Unloading R	obot   SAFE WORK METHO	OD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK O	R ACTIVITY: Brick Pack Unloadi	ng Robot	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E 11:	
	•		
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undo	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	NY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a vell as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS : MS M	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuate hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	$\square$ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
$\square$ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work.  PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, incorrect PPE usage	2M	- Housekeeping and Work Area Maintenant a xegularly maintain a clean work area to prevent accumulation of debris that may lead to slips trips, and to at Ensure walkways are free of obstacles and hazards.  - Appropriate Footwear: Workers must wear apportriate non-slip safety shoes at all times while on the job site to minimise the risk of fair true to slippery survives.  - Proper PPE Usage To hing: On duct regular training assions with workers on the importance of wearing PPE cording, as well as the tochoose wear, and maintain the necessary equipment for their specific tasks.  - Adequate Lighting and Visibility: Ensure equate lighting is available in the work area, and highlight any pote in hazard writh exective or high-visibility markings.  - Safe to be of a ipment and Materials: Store equipment and materials safely and securely when not in use, and the properties of slips, trips, and falls from misplaced items.  Risk At lession to Conduct risk assessments to identify and mitigate potential hazards before amening work including consideration of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding work of the second of the layout, ground conditions, weather, and surrounding the layout of t	1L
2. Robot inspection	Electrical faults, risk of entrapment	3Н	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough inspection of the robot's electrical components, including power cables and connections, to identify any visible damages or wear that may cause electrical faults.</li> <li>Regularly maintain and service the robot according to the manufacturer's guidelines to ensure its components are in proper working condition.</li> <li>Ensure all workers involved with the robotic brick pack unloading process have received adequate training on operating the robot safely, including emergency shutdown procedures.</li> <li>Implement lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedures for isolating the robot's energy sources during maintenance or repair work, preventing accidental startup and exposure to electrical hazards.</li> </ul>	1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Install safety sensors and warning devices, such as light curtains and audible alarms, to notify workers when the robot is active and help them avoid entrapment hazards.	
			- Provide proper personal protective equipment (Page, including gloves, safety glasses, and insulated footwear, to reduce the risk of electrical shock an injuries from potential entrapment situations.	
			- Establish exclusion zones around the robot operating at a to prevent workers from accidentally entering the danger zone and becoming entired.	
			<ul> <li>Use physical barriers or guards, if necessary, estrict access to the robot's moving parts, reducing the risk of inadvertent entrapme.</li> <li>Develop and implement stand. Toperating proced. (SOPs) for the safe use and programming of the robot, and ensure a move stoller these guidelines is avoid hazardous situations.</li> </ul>	
			- Inspect the pot's emerge by stoke action gularly to ensure it operates effectively in case of an emergency of a foreseen as a cocurre of the pot's emergency of the foreseen as a cocurre of the pot's emergency of the foreseen as a cocurre of the forest	
			- Per a risk a content periodically to identify and control potential hazards associated with the robot's partion, a update the SWMS as needed.	
			- Sched le roular tea meetings and safety briefings to discuss hazard awareness, share information about in dent or near disses, and promote open communication among workers regarding safety occurs.  - End of a workers to report any observed issues, defects, or potential hazards with the robot so that revents a action can be taken to minimise risks.	
			- pvide first aid and emergency response equipment nearby, and ensure all workers are trained on how to use them effectively in case of an electrical or entrapment-related incident.	
			- Ensure that only trained and authorised personnel are allowed to operate the brick pack unloading robot.	
			- Perform regular inspections of electrical components, wiring and connections for signs of wear or damage, and replace or repair them as needed.	
			- Install ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCIs) or residual current devices (RCDs) to prevent electrical shocks by detecting any imbalance in current flow and disconnecting power.	
0 Davis and ask at		211	- Implement a lockout/tagout procedure to isolate and secure the robot's power source when maintenance is required, preventing unexpected start-up.	014
3. Power up robot	Electrical shocks, unexpected start-up	3H	- Encourage employees to use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) including insulated gloves, safety footwear, and eye protection while working with or near the robot.	2M
			- Maintain a clean and clutter-free workspace around the brick pack unloading robot to minimise trip hazards and allow operators clear visibility of the area.	
			- Establish clearly marked boundaries around the robot's operating area using barriers, warning signs, or floor markings to prevent unauthorised access.	
			- Provide adequate lighting around the work area, ensuring all electrical connections and potential hazards are easily visible.	



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			- Incorporate emergency stop buttons within reach of all workers in the vicinity of the robot, enabling them to shut down power in case of an emergency.	
			- Regularly review and update standard operating seedures (SOPs) for the robot, training employees on best practices to safely and efficiently operate sequipment.	
			- Develop an incident response plan that in the des immer actions to take in case of electrical shock, unexpected start-up, or other emergencies in lying the obot.	
			- Perform routine testing of controls and safety are to ensure they are functioning correctly and can detect faults efficiently.	
			- Schedule regular maintenance and servicing of the pack unloading robot, following the manufacturer's guide and prevent the risk of failure or malfunction.	
			- Monitor the pikplace en comment or change such as weather conditions, moisture, or dust that can impact the roll is perform ce or create and onal safety risks, and adapt safety measures accordingly.	
4. Positioning robot	Collision with other equipment, work injury	2M		1L



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5. Syncing control systems	System failure, unauthorised access	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAI RISK
				_
. Loading bricks	Improper lifting, cru	RM		1L
. Loading bricks	improper litting, cru juries	AVI		IL



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
7. Robot operation	Risk of pinching, struck by brick	ЗН		1L



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8. Monitoring robot performance	Distraction, fatigue	2M		1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
9. Clearing jams	Entanglement, crush injuries	ЗН		1 1 1L



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Robot shut down	Unexpected shutdow lete system stop	atV		■ 1L
				•
11. Cleaning and maintenance	Contact with chemicals, cuts from sharp surfaces	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
12. Secure robot for storage	Incorrect disconnection, potential for theft	2M		1L



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor</a> aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.xsafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

tes of actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED ED