Barn Repair Or Mainten	ance   SAFE WORK METHO	DD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK O	R ACTIVITY: Barn Repair Or Maiı	ntenance	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPRO	THE PC. OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	sting a business or under the (Pourt) is	required to en that a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a well as review	rs and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAS PHAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NAME OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	DMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such to compare the compared those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contract each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an added. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	$\square$ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	$\Box$ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



	RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	000DF			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS		
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution		
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.		
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard		
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.		
is the second me	KARE       LOW       LOW       MODERATE       HIGH       HIGH       LOW       k a records       Isolate the hazard.         otes on Hierarchy of Controls:       Elimination methods are the most effective and preferre usen control of a hazard. Substitution       Administrative       Change the work.         ontrols by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), the least effective       Dependent       Dependent										

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the ap	propriate PPL	abo, ruitab	i or the equi	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE Required:											
	Permit or Licenses Requirements					Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Exposure to excessive noise, manual handling injuries	2М	<ul> <li>Conduct a noise assessment to identify providal sources of excessive noise and ensure they are within safe levels.</li> <li>Provide workers with appropriate personal provide equipment (PPE) such as earplugs or earmuffs to protect against excessive noise exposure.</li> <li>Limit the time that workers an exposed to high-none arron by rotating tasks and scheduling regular breaks.</li> <li>Implement end eering do prote worker expossible buch as installing sound barriers or quieter machinery to reduce noistenels at the source.</li> <li>Trainful employees on the risks associated with excessive noise exposure and the use of PPE.</li> <li>Desting specific points where manual handling is required, ensuring these areas have clear signage and include ns.</li> <li>Provide trainful on protein manual handling techniques to reduce the risk of musculoskeletal injuries.</li> <li>Trainful employees that handling.</li> <li>Provide trainful on protein manual handling techniques to reduce the risk of musculoskeletal injuries.</li> <li>The mechanical lids like hoists, trolleys, or forklifts to lift and move heavy materials whenever feasible to minute a nual handling.</li> <li>Provide task for potential manual handling hazards and adjust procedures accordingly to ensure safety.</li> <li>Ensure work areas are well-organised and free from clutter to facilitate easier and safer handling of materials.</li> <li>Regularly maintain and inspect all equipment used in manual handling to ensure it is in safe working condition.</li> <li>Develop and implement a noise management plan and manual handling policies to standardise procedures and enhance workplace safety.</li> </ul>	1L
2. Assess Repair Needs	Falling from height, exposure to asbestos materials	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a pre-inspection to identify potential asbestos-containing materials before starting any repairs.</li> <li>Utilise harnesses and fall arrest systems when working at heights above 2 metres.</li> <li>Ensure the use of scaffolding or elevated work platforms rather than ladders for access to high areas.</li> <li>Securely barricade the area below where work is being conducted to prevent entry and protect workers from falling debris.</li> <li>Ensure all workers have adequate training in asbestos awareness and safe handling practices.</li> <li>Use personal protective equipment such as respirators, coveralls, and gloves if there's potential exposure to asbestos materials.</li> </ul>	2M

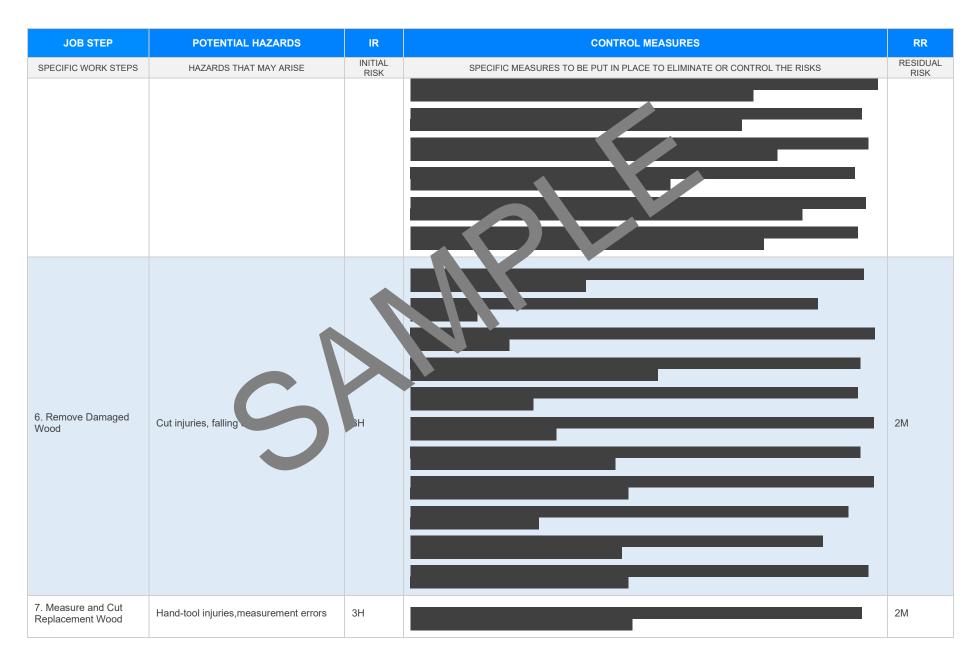


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
		HIGH	- Adopt the "no-go" zones process around overhead works to maintain distance and safety.	Riore
			- Implement anchor points and lifelines to secure workers comfortably while working on the barn roof or elevated areas.	
			- Employ experienced personnel with Certification II in Asbestos Removal for suspect material handling and disposal.	
			- Establish clear communication signals amon the members to coordinate movements and signal emergencies.	
			- Use only powered and many tools equipped whether pression features, particularly when cutting or drilling near asbestos	
			- Develop an energency hoponse can specificate addressing falls from heights and asbestos exposure incidents.	
			- Requiring inspire t and the ument the negative of safety equipment such as harnesses, lanyards, and scaffing a before us	
			- Sche, us, regular, raks and rotate tasks to minimise fatigue that could lead to mistakes while working at heig.	
			- Induces pre-task safety briefing to discuss potential hazards and control measures.	
			Ensure workers have completed necessary training for the safe use of tools and equipment.	
			- ovide personal protective equipment such as gloves, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots.	
	G		- Cneck that all tools and equipment are well-maintained and inspected prior to use, addressing any defects immediately.	
			- Utilize cut-resistant gloves when handling sharp tools or materials to prevent cut or puncture wounds.	
			- Implement safe handling techniques to minimise risk when moving heavy machinery or equipment.	
			- Use appropriate barriers or guarding around machinery to prevent accidental contact.	
3. Gather Tools and Equipment	Cut or puncture wounds orime, operation of heavy machine	ЗH	- Keep the work area tidy and free from clutter to reduce tripping hazards and ensure clear access to tools and materials.	1L
			- Set up warning signs and barriers to delineate the work zone and restrict unauthorised access.	
			- Designate a spotter to guide machinery operators when operating in confined spaces or near others.	
			- Ensure lifting devices and equipment are rated appropriately for the load they will carry.	
			- Adhere strictly to manufacturer's guidelines for equipment operation to minimise risks associated with misuse.	
			- Plan tool usage to avoid working alone where possible, ensuring assistance is on hand if needed.	
			<ul> <li>Refresh workers' knowledge of emergency protocols, including first aid measures and reporting procedures for accidents or injuries.</li> </ul>	
4. Erect Scaffolding	Unsafe work platform, falling from height	3H		1L



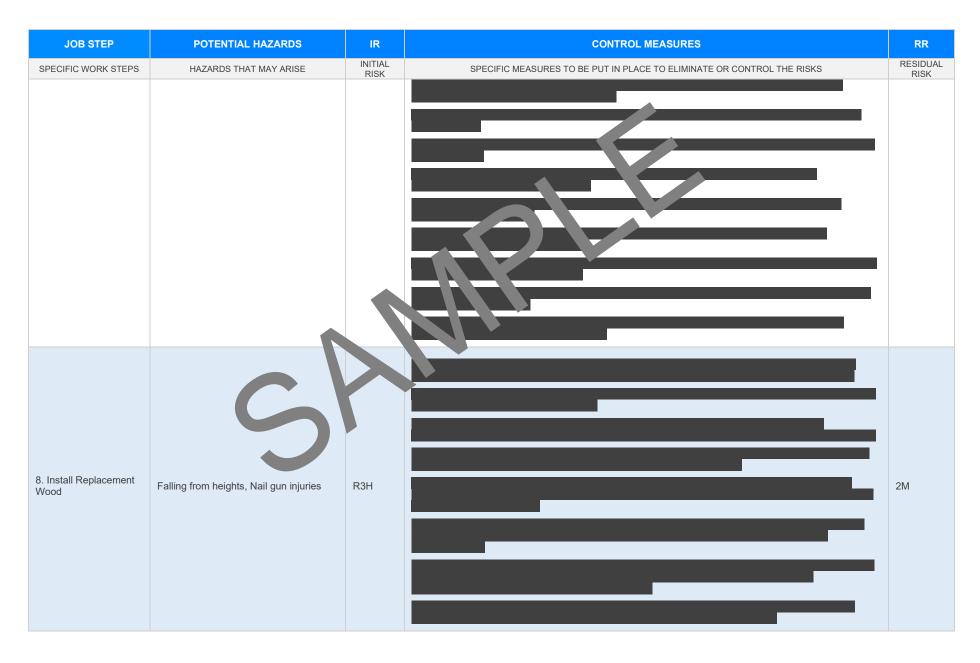
JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
5. Wood Assessment	Splinter injuries, inhalation of sawdust	2М		1L





Version 2.5







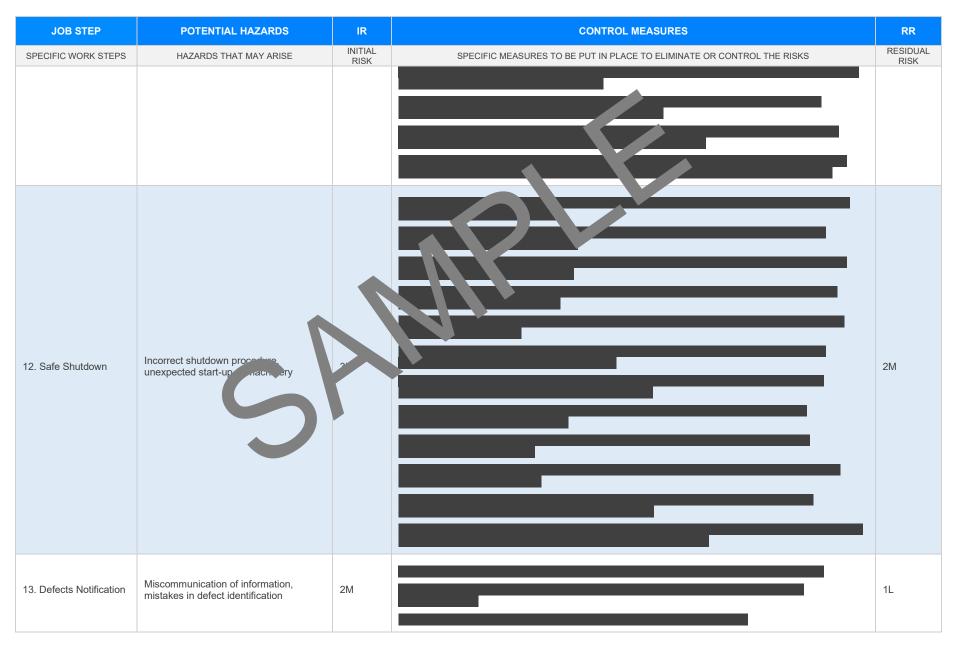
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS         HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE         INITIAL RISK         SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS         RES RISK           9. Paint New Wood         Exposure to toxic funes, allergic         X         Image: Allergic functions to paint         Image: Allergic functions functiton functiton functions functions functions functiton functions fu	JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
A ain New Wood       reactions to paint       Interview       I	SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUA RISK
Paint four food reactions to paint in the second se					
Slip and fall hazards, hazardous     2M	Paint New Wood	Exposure to toxic fumes, allergic reactions to paint	21,		1L
	0. Clean Up	Slip and fall hazards, hazardous substance exposure	2M		1L

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
				I
	C			
11. Post-Inspection	Mistake in repair, unnotices and	2М		1L

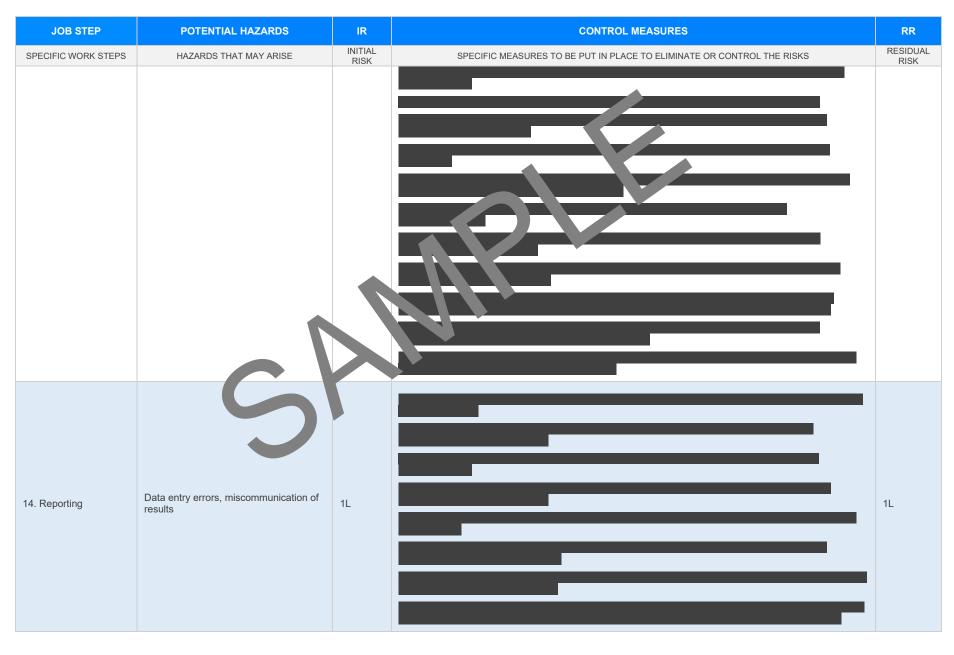




Version 2.5

Date of Issue:





Version 2.5



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
15. Review and Revise Process	Inconsistent adheunce to SOP. overlooked safety usasure	2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
16. Dispensation	Misinterpretation, Non-compliance to guidelines	2М		1L
17. Safety Audit	Miscommunication, missed hazards	R2M		1L







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL
19. Compliance Check	Overlooking regulations, Non- compliance to Health and Safety standards	R3H		1L
20. Job Completion	Premature job completion, overlooked work steps	R2M		1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	S			



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE					
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act and 4 Occupational Health and a fety or gulations 2017 Legistron VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulations</u> of thes on mactice VIC <u>extps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>				
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis</a> <a acts-and-regulations"="" href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov.gov&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Western Australia&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Act 2020&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022&lt;br&gt;Legislation Western Australia: &lt;u&gt;https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Codes of Practice WA: &lt;u&gt;https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Northern Territory&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011&lt;br&gt;Legislation NT: &lt;u&gt;https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weiplace-serv-laws&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Codes of Practice NT: &lt;u&gt;https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Safe Work Australia Links&lt;br&gt;Law and Regulation (All States): &lt;u&gt;https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Model Codes of Practice: &lt;u&gt;https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;&lt;u&gt;codes-of-practice&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Model Codes of Practice&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;South Australia&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)&lt;br&gt;Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)&lt;br&gt;Legislation for SA: &lt;u&gt;https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation&lt;/u&gt;&lt;br&gt;Codes of Practice for SA: &lt;u&gt;https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs&lt;/u&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt; &lt;li&gt;Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Confined spaces&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace&lt;/li&gt; &lt;li&gt;Welding processes&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Tasmania         Work Health and Safety Act 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012         Legislation for TAS: &lt;a href=" https:="" laws-and-compliance="" topics="" worksafe.tas.gov.au="">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a> Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	<ul> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> </ul>				
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	<ul> <li>Work nearth and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>				



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

#### SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	$\boxtimes$	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	$\boxtimes$	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection	$\boxtimes$	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures.	$\boxtimes$	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	$\boxtimes$	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	$\boxtimes$	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	$\boxtimes$	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	$\boxtimes$	
REVIEWED BY	DATE RE	VIEWED
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED