



Automatic Transmission F	lusher SAFE WORK MET	HOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR A	ACTIVITY: Automatic Transmiss	on Flusher	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E jil:	
	·		
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undo	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:	MY	Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	apliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS & MS MAY HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	NA. 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONN EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND C THIS SWMS	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, comparing those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuous each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must ste, an alately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			





CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.		
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Incorrect equipment, trip and fall hazards	2M	- Conduct a pre-start inspection of the work case to identify and remove any potential trip or fall hazards prior to beginning work. - Ensure all employees working on the project and aceived appropriate training in the operation and maintenance of the Automatic Transmission Flux or and any adjusted equipment. - Select the correct equipment of the job, confirming its suppositive for the specific make and model of the vehicle, as well as the total of transmission fluid being lead. - Keep walkway and path lives classed cords, brokes, and other equipment to reduce trip hazards. - Establish a mignated work area are independent of the Automatic Transmission Flusher, using safety barriers or signs or plet of this presence of a working area. - Vericity any record Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is available, in good condition and being worn bean orkers to olved in the task. - Practicy proper, manuschandling techniques when moving or lifting equipment to prevent strain or injury. - The proper manuschandling techniques when moving or lifting equipment and minimise the risk. This or falls. - Check traceall necessary safety checks have been completed on the Automatic Transmission Flusher as other equipment before use, including but not limited to power supply connections and calibration. - Communicate with team members throughout the process, providing updates on any changes or potential hazards as they arise. - Implement an emergency response plan in case of injuries or accidents occurring during the work process and provide training to team members on how to respond effectively. - Regularly maintain and service the Automatic Transmission Flusher and associated equipment; ensuring any identified defects are promptly rectified to prevent accidents or injuries from occurring during operation. - Upon completion of the work, carefully store all tools and equipment away in their designated areas to maintain a clutter-free workspace and prevent future trip or fall hazards.	1L
2. Inspection	Inadequate lighting, exposure to chemicals	ЗН	 Ensure proper lighting: Before starting the inspection, make sure that the work area is well-lit and fully illuminated to allow for a thorough examination of the equipment. Provide suitable personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear appropriate PPE, such as safety glasses, gloves, and coveralls, to protect themselves from exposure to chemicals and any other potential hazards during the inspection process. Conduct regular equipment maintenance checks: Regularly inspect and maintain the automatic transmission flusher to ensure it is in good working condition and free from any defects or leaks that may pose a risk. 	2M



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			- Use appropriate tools and equipment: Only use approved tools and equipment, such as inspection mirrors and torches, specifically designed for inspecting an automatic transmission flusher. This minimises the chances of accidental damage or mishandling.	
			- Implement spill management procedures: Harry a spill kit readily available to contain and clean up chemical spills efficiently and safely if they are during the inspection process.	
			- Clearly label and store chemicals: Make sur all chemicals used in the automatic transmission flusher are properly labelled, stored, and handled account to the relevant material safety data sheets (MSDS) and local regulations.	
			 Implement hazard communication: Inform all work associated with inadvance light and chemical explaine, as well as their respective preventative measures. Conduct training program Provide against alining and education to workers on handling chemicals safely and many ling potential hazards and uding those related to inspections and basic first-aid 	
			prock is in called posure. - Esta, six in emercing plan: Develop and communicate a clear emergency response plan for incidents involving characteristical explanation. Sure, including the location of eyewash stations, emergency showers, and contact information for hedical insistance.	
			effection is in mitigating risks associated with inadequate lighting and chemical exposure during implement any necessary changes or improvements to maintain a safe work environment.	
			- Regular inspection and maintenance: Ensuring that the automatic transmission flusher is checked egularly for any signs of wear or malfunction, and scheduling routine maintenance to prevent the occurrence of electrical faults or equipment failure.	
			- Proper training: Ensuring all staff operating the transmission flusher have undergone adequate training on the correct setup and usage procedures, important safety guidelines, as well as an understanding of potential risks involved in electrical hazards and faulty equipment.	
			- Power source inspection: Thoroughly inspecting and testing power cables, plugs, and outlets before connecting the transmission flusher to ensure they are in good working condition and free from damage.	
3. Setup	Electrical hazards, faulty equipment	3H	- Circuit protection: Providing either a residual current device (RCD) or an appropriately rated circuit breaker to protect the team against electric shocks and electrical fires caused by short circuits and current overloads.	1L
			- Adequate workspace lighting: Ensuring proper illumination in the work area to help operators avoid accidental contact with electrical components, identify potential hazards more easily, and perform setup tasks more accurately.	
			- Clean work environment: Keeping the work area clean and clutter-free to minimise the risk of debris or contaminants interfering with the electrical components, potentially leading to shorts or other malfunctions within the equipment.	
			- Safe storage and handling: Storing automatic transmission flushers and their accessories in a secure and organised manner, away from moisture or extreme temperatures, to protect them from damage that could lead to equipment failures and create electrical hazards.	



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		7.05.1	- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Mandating the use of appropriate PPE, such as safety goggles, gloves, and insulating footwear while setting up the automatic transmission flusher, to protect against hazards like electric shocks and injury from damage quipment.	
			- Signage and barriers: Displaying clear safety unage indicating potential electrical hazards and erecting physical barriers around the work area during setup to prevent unauthorised personnel from accidentally coming into contact with powered equipment	
			- Emergency preparedness: Having an emergency otocol in place, including the proper placement of fire extinguishers and first aid kits near the work are plongside more taining a list of emergency contacts for prompt assistance in case of a ctrical hazards or prompt assistance in case of a ctrical hazards or prompt available.	
4. Operation	Noise exposure, durheating equipment	2M		1L



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				1
5. Maintenance	Inadequate PPE, petitive str in higher	s 2M		



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6. Fluid replacement	Skin contact with chemicals, inhalation	ЗН		2M
7. Testing	Inaccurate test results, equipment failure	2M		1L



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8. Clean-up	Exposure to cleaning agents, slips and falls	2M		1L



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9. Reporting	Incorrect documentation, communication errors	1L		1L



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10. Storage	Crushing hazards, poor organisation	2M		1L



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11. Waste disposal	Inadequate waste manage, spills	зн		2M



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				I
12. Emergency response	Insufficient training inadequate theming	ЗН		1L



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							





SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
		•
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selective.		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the important of measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed a noted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETE	ED ED