



Asymmetrical Spinnaker H	andling SAFE WORK MET	THOD STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASK OR A	ACTIVITY: Asymmetrical Spinnak	er Handling	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROTO BY	THE PCL OF THE ROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or under the (PC 1) is	required to en that a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	opliance the VMS a vell as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MIS MIS MIS MIS MIS MIS MIS MIS MIS M	NA, 2 OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNI EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO	OMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accomply with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or continuate hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must sto, an atalety. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

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CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH BIOK CONSTRUCTOR	NAME OF THE POLIT
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTOR	N WC & BEIN C ARIED OUT
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	\square is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
☐ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integral of a functure	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
☐ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
☐ involves structural alteration or repair that —quires term — v sup —rt to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
☐ is carried out in or near a confined space	☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
☐ is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that. tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
\square is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	Y OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY

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RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEI	RARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	Isolate	e People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
is the second m	rchy of Controls: ost effective metho nging the work is th	d of controlling a	hazard. Enginee	ering by isolati	on is the in ost e	en 'ive, while	rd. Substitution Administrative effective		Administrative Change the work. PPE	

				PERS		TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the app	ropriate PPŁ	abo v uitab	cor the equi	pment used or	the job task	being perforr	ned (if applica	ıble).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING ETION	P ECTION	PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE R	equired:										
	Pe	ermit or Licen	ses Requirem	ents		Mandatory Qualifications and Training					



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Risk of tripping, inadequate knowledge of safety procedures, improper PPE attire	ЗН	 Conduct comprehensive training for all creatmembers on asymmetrical spinnaker handling procedures. Ensure all crew members are familiar with a location and operation of safety equipment before commencing the task. Implement a checklist to confirm all necessary in E, such as an asilip shoes and gloves, are worn by crew members. Keep the working and are of spees lines and uninvessary equipment to minimise the risk of tripping. Establish as an accommunication propocol arm of the crew to ensure everyone is aware of their role during spinnal in handling. Destructed an apparatused team member to oversee the preparation process and provide guidance where is a saary. Use to ghis colours cape or markers on deck to identify hazard zones or areas that require caution. Regulary inspects after equipment to ensure it is in good condition and readily accessible. Douglast terson for on the potential hazards associated with asymmetrical spinnaker handling prior to execut. Let up non-skid surfaces or mats in the working area to prevent slips or falls. Establish a clear procedure for safely stowing equipment when not in use to prevent clutter on the deck. Review and rehearse emergency protocols regularly to ensure quick and effective response in case of an incident. Limit the number of crew members on deck during preparation to reduce distraction and congestion. 	2M
2. Check Equipment	Faulty equipment, risk of electrocution, falling gear	ЗН	 Conduct a thorough visual inspection of all spinnaker handling equipment before use to identify any signs of wear or damage. Implement a regular maintenance schedule for all equipment, following the manufacturer's guidelines to ensure proper functioning. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves and non-slip footwear to enhance grip and safety. Use only tested and approved equipment to minimise the risks associated with faulty gear. Ensure all electrical components are properly insulated and grounded to reduce the risk of electrocution. Keep the work area free of unnecessary tools and equipment that could pose trip hazards or become dangerous projectiles. Establish a communication protocol among team members to signal the presence of any potential hazards promptly. 	2M



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			- Check weather conditions and avoid operation in adverse weather to prevent equipment failure due to external factors.	
			- Train all personnel involved in equipment check recedures to recognise faults and understand emergency protocols.	
			- Implement a lockout/tagout procedure where performing an intenance or checks on electrical components to prevent accidental activation.	
			- Securely fasten all gear and ensure load limits — not exceeded to prevent falling equipment incidents.	
			- Clearly label all equipment a hazard areas to in passe pareness and facilitate quick identification by crew members.	
			- Routinely test agging thois a component for strength and integrity ahead of operations to ensure they a safely hold ad strates.	
			- Cor a com, the sive pre-start briefing to ensure all team members understand their roles and responds. Sies due the spinnaker setup.	
			- Wear pprovide purposed protective equipment, including gloves and non-slip footwear, to minimise the risk of exangle, tent an abodily strain.	
	•	in poor 4A	- lise e perient at crew members familiar with spinnaker handling techniques to direct less experienced	
			insure clear communication signals or devices are in place to maintain effective coordination among characteristics are in place to maintain effective coordination among characteristics.	
			Regularly inspect ropes, sheets, and halyards for wear and damage prior to usage to prevent failures that could lead to entanglement.	
3. Set Up Spinnaker	Risk of entanglem t, bodily strain poor visibility		- Maintain a tidy deck area by securing loose lines and equipment to avoid trip hazards and reduce clutter that may cause poor visibility.	3H
			- Position crew members strategically around the deck to monitor and respond to developing situations, ensuring quick reaction times in case of emergencies.	
			- Implement break rotations for crew engaged in heavy manual tasks to prevent overexertion and reduce bodily strain.	
			- Practice setting up the spinnaker in controlled environments, such as training sessions on calm days, to build proficiency and confidence within the crew.	
			- Use modern rigging equipment designed to streamline spinnaker handling and reduce manual effort, thus lowering the chance of bodily strain.	
			- Schedule regular safety audits and drills specific to spinnaker operations to reinforce safety protocols and enhance the crew's preparedness.	
. Launch Procedure	Wind gusts, risk of falling overboard, rope binds	3H		2M



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5. Sailing with Spinnaker	Improper maneuvering, high wind conditions, sea sickness	ЗН		2M



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6. Jibbing	Collision risk, improper contraction, loss of balance	4A		2M



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7. Dousing Procedure	Risk of entanglement, wind gusts, falling equipment	ЗН		2M
8. Post-Operations Check	Overlooking damage, inadequate space, faulty equipment	2M		1L



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9. Cleaning & Maintenance	Use of harsh chern tals, slight hazards, inadequal g of personnel	зн		2M
10. Storage	Inadequate storage space, stack fall risk, sharp objects	3H		2M



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11. Conducting Inspection	Missed damages, overlooking safety hazards, improper documentation	2M		1L



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12. Repairs	Inadequate tools, lack of skill/experience, electro-snock risk	ВН		2M



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13. Training Skippers & Crew	Miscommunication, improper demonstration, inadequate knowledge base	ЗН		2M
14. Implementing Safety Protocols	Inconsistent reinforcement, ignorance to protocol, lack of preparedness for emergencies	4A		2M



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15. Emergency	Lack of control, inadequate first aid, por			3H
15. Emergency Management	Lack of control, inadequate first aid, or emergency evacuation protocol	4A		ЗН
16. Log Keeping and Communication	Miscommunication, loss of important documentation, technological failure	2M		1L



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17. Crew Wellbeing Check	Mental stress, physical exhaustion, ignoring health problems	2M		1L



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		l i		•
		V		
18. Incident Follow-up & Debrief	Ignoring follow-up tions crew members, lack or support syste	Вн		2M
& Debrief	crew members, lack of support syste	-		
			_	•
		l i		•



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19. Policy Reviewing & Updating	Overlooking safety issues, ignorance to feedback, lack of periodic review	2M		11
20. Safety Drill	Lack of seriousness, ineffective execution, ignorance to procedure	ЗН		2M



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-oi racti

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/wor aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act

Occupational Health and affety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.wksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

gulat

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work





SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date

SAFE WORK IN THE STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains a fective of must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The view process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU mast ensure that advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a rest of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties and the involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	7	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.		
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS		
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column pleted.		
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections		
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the part the important control measures.		
Permit or licenses requirements specified, sur as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.		
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be us		
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed an inoted on the SWMS.		
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and or skills required to perform the work.		
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.		
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.		
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.		
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWE	D
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLET	ED