Asbestos Containing Material	s Removal   SAFE WORK M	IETHOD STATEMENT (SWM	S)
TASK OR ACT	TIVITY: Asbestos Containing Mat	erials Removal	
Business Name:		ABN:	SWMS#
Business Address:			
Contact Person:	Phone:	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY		
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.		required to en the that a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	opliance the VMS a well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS AND A PARTICIPATING IN A P	NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF	EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS	DMMUNICATED TO IN THE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched red in account with gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such a computer those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contineach hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must store parately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DETAILS
Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	
ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC	
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters	I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping
□ is carried out on a telecommunication tower	carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines
☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing	□ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services
□ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture	$\square$ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere
□ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb	☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete
involves structural alteration or repair that quires terrar by supart to prevent collapse	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor
□ is carried out in or near a confined space	$\Box$ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant
is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	☐ involves diving work.
ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY



RISK MATRIX										
LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE			HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS	
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	SCORE	ACTION		Elimination Remove the hazard.	
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCE		Substitution	
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review befor work starts.		Replace the hazard.	
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.		Isolate People from the hazard	
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	nitor and k⊾ records		Engineering Isolate the hazard.	
Index       LOW       LOW       MODERATE       HIGH       HIGH       LOW       Revecods       Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Administrative       Isolate the nazad.       Administrative         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Administrative       Change the work.         Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.         Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate the nazad.       Isolate										

						TIVE EQUIPM					
		Select the ap	propriate PPL	abo, ruitab	i or the equi	oment used or	the job task	being perform	ned (if applica	able).	
FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION		P ECTION	R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
Other PPE Required:											
	Permit or Licenses Requirements						Ма	andatory Qual	ifications and	Training	



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
1. Preparation	Asbestos dust inhalation, Electric shock	3Н	<ul> <li>Develop a comprehensive Asbestos Remous Control Plan (ARCP) outlining the procedures, methods, and resources required for safely removing ubestos-containing materials from the worksite.</li> <li>Conduct thorough risk assessments to identitian thates are in plate.</li> <li>Only engage personnel whome undergone specifies thaning in asbestos removal, and are certified to handle and dispose of asbest containing materials.</li> <li>Utilise approarse person protective equipment (PPE), including respiratory masks with HEPA filters, disposable 6 arralls, glove and shi cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor containing in cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor containing in cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor containing in cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor containing in cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor containing in cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor containing in cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor containing in cover which must be worn by all authorised personnel working near or handline asbestor work zone through signage, barrier tapes, and warning notices, restricting access to only the prised of trained personnel involved in the asbestos removal process.</li> <li>Establin on ontamic ion points at designated entry and exit points of the work zone, equipped with facilities in we are stable to subgly decontaminated after use, to reduce the risk of electric shock and any additional osure.</li> <li>Ensure that all tools and equipment used in asbestos removal process.</li> <li>Use specialised vacuum cleaners fitted with HEPA filters to collect any asbestos-contaminated dust and debris, ensuring proper disposal according to local regulations.</li> <li>Contincously</li></ul>	2М
2. Site Inspection	Slips, trips & falls, Exposure to asbestos fibres	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough site inspection before commencing work, ensuring to identify and assess all potential hazards, such as uneven surfaces or obstacles that could lead to slips, trips, and falls.</li> <li>Provide appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for workers, including non-slip footwear, to minimise the risk of slips, trips, and falls while navigating the site, and to prevent exposure to asbestos fibres.</li> </ul>	1L



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			<ul> <li>Implement a strict prohibition on workers eating, drinking, or smoking in the designated asbestos removal area, reducing their chance of ingesting or inhaling harmful asbestos fibres.</li> </ul>	
			- Clearly mark the designated work zone with warre signs and barriers, informing workers and visitors of the ongoing asbestos removal, and restricting seess to authorised personnel only.	
			- Ensure adequate ventilation during the react val process control the concentration of asbestos fibres in the air and to minimise worker exposure.	
			- Employ wet cleanup methods or a suitable dus appression acount to keep asbestos materials damp, thus reducing the release of a borne asbestos fiber during the removal process.	
			- Utilise designated vacuum clearers with High-Efficiency articulate Air (HEPA) filters to safely clean up any spills, debrise clear in a subset of fibres; prohibit the use of regular vacuums and brooms for cleaning purpose.	
			- Provide propertraining to corkers on the ordentify and manage asbestos-containing materials, as well as be practice for being these manuals to prevent accidental exposure.	
			- Developend importent a detailed procedure for responding to any incidents where workers may have been e post to asit by fibres, including immediate decontamination processes and follow-up medical checks.	
			Sonduc regul, mudits and reviews of the site's control measures, procedures, and worker adherence to the site unit times, we ensure continuous improvement of health and safety practices during the asbestos removed cess.	
			- restrict access: Implement a secured perimeter around the work area, allowing only authorised personnel with appropriate PPE to enter the asbestos removal zone. This can be done using barrier tapes, cones, or temporary fencing.	
			- Signage: Clearly display signs around the isolation area indicating the presence of asbestos and warning unauthorised persons not to enter. Also, include contact details for the responsible person should anyone have any concerns.	
	Unauthorised access, Contamination of	ЗН	- Negative air pressure units: Utilise negative air pressure units to help prevent the spread of airborne asbestos fibers beyond the isolated work area. This will ensure that any air movement is directed into containment filtration systems.	2M
	surrounding areas		- Covers and encapsulation: Ensure all surfaces outside the isolation area are covered with protective sheeting or plastic where possible, to further reduce the risk of contamination. Surfaces inside the work area should also be encapsulated to minimise the release of asbestos fibers.	
			- Decontamination facilities: Establish a decontamination area adjacent to the work zone for workers to properly clean themselves and their equipment before leaving the site. This includes the provision of shower facilities and changing areas where necessary.	
			- Air monitoring: Conduct regular air quality testing within the surrounding environment to detect any potential asbestos contamination. This will help ensure that control measures continue to be effective in containing the spread of asbestos fibers.	

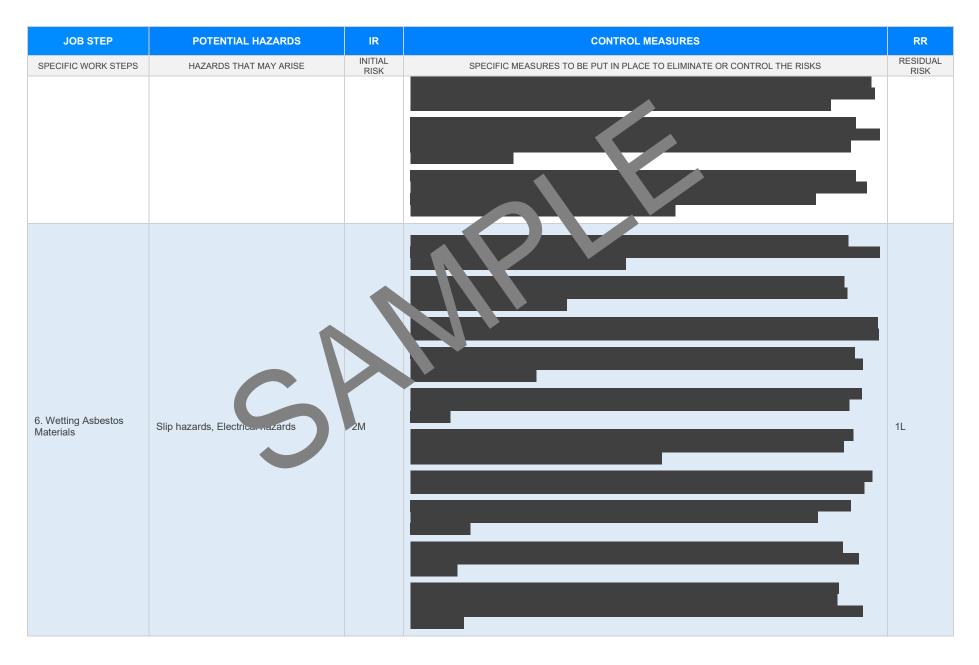


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
			- Dust suppression: Use water misting or dampening methods to keep dust levels low during the removal process. Additionally, avoid using high-pressure cleaning methods or mechanical cutting tools that might generate excessive amounts of dust.	
			- Secure storage: Ensure any asbestos waste overated is stored in sealed containers which are clearly labelled and locked away from unauthorised ersonnel. These containers should then be transported to an approved waste disposal facility.	
			- Toolbox talks: Provide regular toolbox talks to so one involved in the removal project, emphasising the importance of maintaining the integrity of the iso, or d work are prevent uncontrolled exposure and contamination.	
			- Regular inspection many a documated site supervision safety officer conduct regular inspections of the work area, end cling of plian, with established control measures and taking actions to address any potential risk wat may arise during the asbeet removal process.	
4. PPE Selection & Use	Incorrect wear or discussions sufficie protection for workers	ЗН		1L





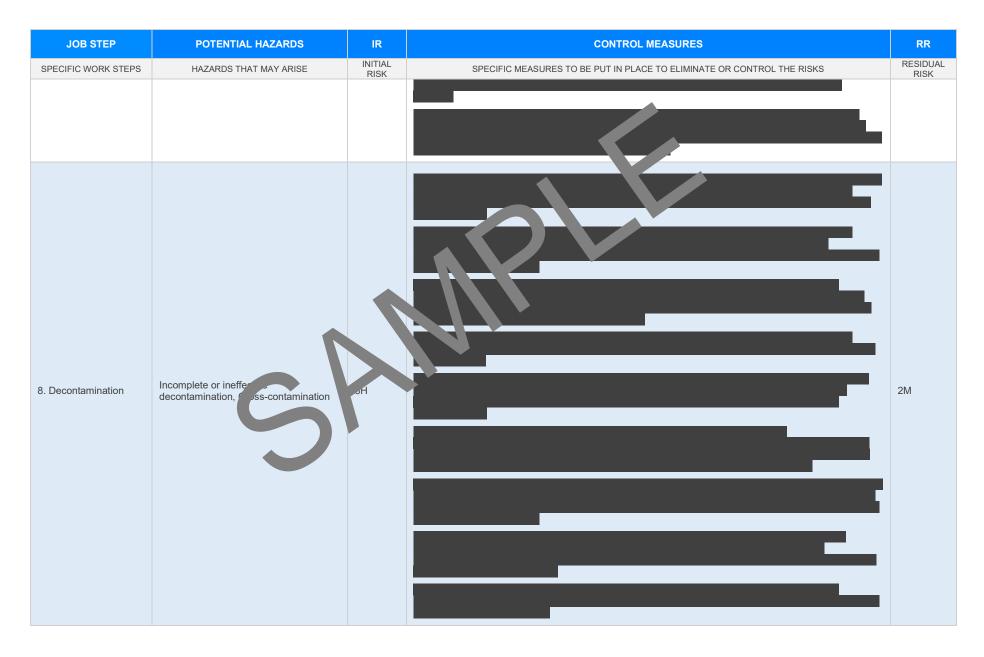




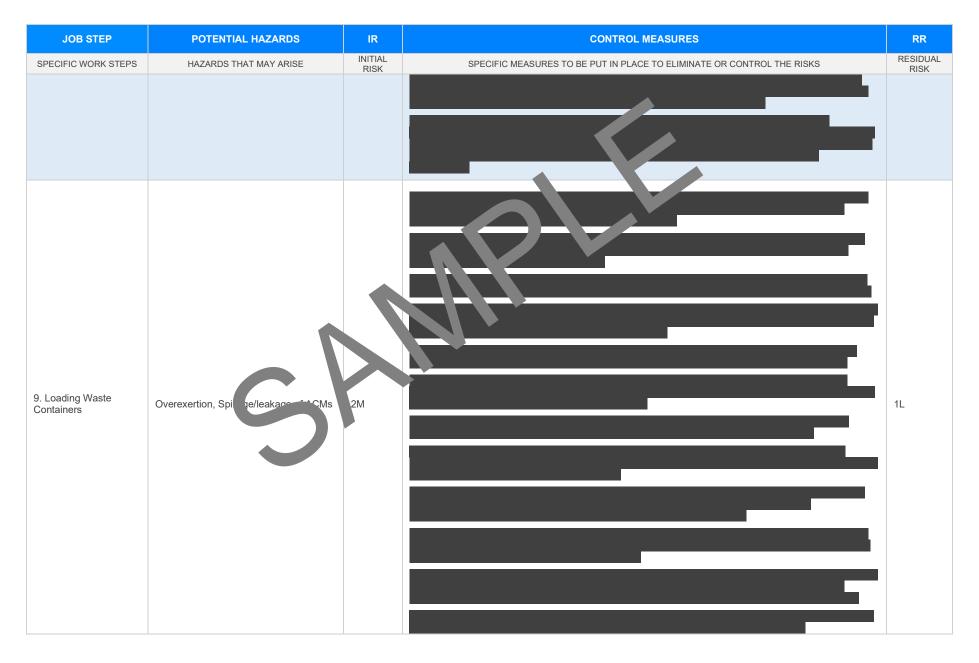


JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
7. Removal Process	Asbestos fiber disturbance, Musculoskeletal injuries	J.		1L











JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
10. Transportation of Waste	Vehicle incident, Spreading of debris during transit	21/1		







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
12. Asbestos Clearance Verification	Remaining traces of asbestos, Misreporting			

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK
	C			



#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REF	ERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISL	ATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act 204 Occupational Health and pafety or gulations 2017 Legis non VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulat</u> is unles of mactice VIC <u>autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic</a> Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic</a>	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplace-supt-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/f</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-</u> <u>codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	<ul> <li>Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work</li> <li>Confined spaces</li> <li>Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals</li> <li>Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace</li> <li>Welding processes</li> </ul>
Tasmania         Work Health and Safety Act 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012         Legislation for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a> Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	<ul> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> </ul>
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	<ul> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Signature	Date		

#### SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The consultation with workers (including contractors htractors of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

d must reviewed (and view n should be carried out in hav be sted by the operation

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.		
All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.		
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.		
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.		
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	$\boxtimes$	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted.	$\boxtimes$	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selections	$\boxtimes$	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures.	$\boxtimes$	
Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc.	$\boxtimes$	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use	$\boxtimes$	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed reproduction on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work.	$\boxtimes$	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	$\boxtimes$	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	$\boxtimes$	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	$\boxtimes$	
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED	