| Airborne Dust Inhalati | ion SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT (SWMS) | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| TASK | OR ACTIVITY: Airborne Dust Inh | alation | |
| Business Name: | | ABN: | SWMS# |
| Business Address: | | | |
| Contact Person: | Phone: | E Jil: | |
| THIS SAFE WORK METHOD | STATEMENT IS APPRO | | |
| Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts. | cting a business or under the (PC - U is | required to entry e that a safe work method s | tatement (SWMS) is prepared before |
| Full Name: | | | |
| Signature: | NK | Title: | Date: |
| Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a | poliance the VMS a well as review | s and modifications of the SWMS. | |
| Full Name: | | Title: | Phone: |
| ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS MAN PHAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED | NALE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNE EVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF | EL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND CO THIS SWMS | DMMUNICATED TO IN THE |
| Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in according with a gislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, such to compare those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or contact each hazard. | | | |
| If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop an added. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity. | | | |
| Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel. | | | |
| The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident. | | | |



| CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL | CONTRACTOR DETAILS |
|---|---|
| Client: | SCOPE OF WORKS |
| Project Name: | |
| Project Address: | |
| Project Manager: | |
| Contact Phone: | |
| Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager: | |
| ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUC | |
| ☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters | I is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping |
| □ is carried out on a telecommunication tower | carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines |
| ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing | □ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services |
| □ involves demolition of an element related to the physical integ. Y of a sucture | \square is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere |
| □ involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asb | ☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete |
| involves structural alteration or repair that quires terminary supart to prevent collapse | ☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor |
| □ is carried out in or near a confined space | \Box is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant |
| is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper that tunnel involving use of explosives | ☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. |
| ☐ is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning. | ☐ involves diving work. |
| ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINER | RY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY |
| | |
| | |
| | |



| | RISK MATRIX | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
| LIKELIHOOD | INSIGNIFICANT | MINOR | MODERATE | MAJOR | CATASTROPHIC | SCORE | | | HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS | | |
| ALMOST CERTAIN | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | SCORE | ACTION | | Elimination Remove the hazard. | | |
| LIKELY | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 4A ACUTE | DO NOT PROCE | | Substitution | | |
| POSSIBLE | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 4 ACUTE | 3H HIGH | Review befor work starts. | | Replace the hazard. | | |
| UNLIKELY | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 4 ACUTE | 2M MODERATE | Ensure control measures in place. | | Isolate People from the hazard | | |
| RARE | 1 LOW | 1 LOW | 2 MODERATE | 3 HIGH | 3 HIGH | 1L LOW | nitor and k⊾ records | | Engineering Isolate the hazard. | | |
| is the second me | RARE 1 1 2 3 3 1L Inition and k initial and k initinitial and k initial and k initial and k initinitial | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | TIVE EQUIPM | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Select the ap | propriate PPL | abo, ruitab | i or the equi | oment used or | the job task | being perform | ned (if applica | able). | |
| FOOT PROTECTION | HAND PROTECTION | HEAD PROTECTION | | P ECTION | R⊾ ⇒PIRATORY PROTECTION | FACE PROTECTION | HIGH-VIS CLOTHING | PROTECTIVE CLOTHING | FALL PROTECTION | SUN PROTECTION | HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other PPE R | Other PPE Required: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Pe | ermit or Lice | nses Requirem | ients | | | Mandatory Qualifications and Training | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



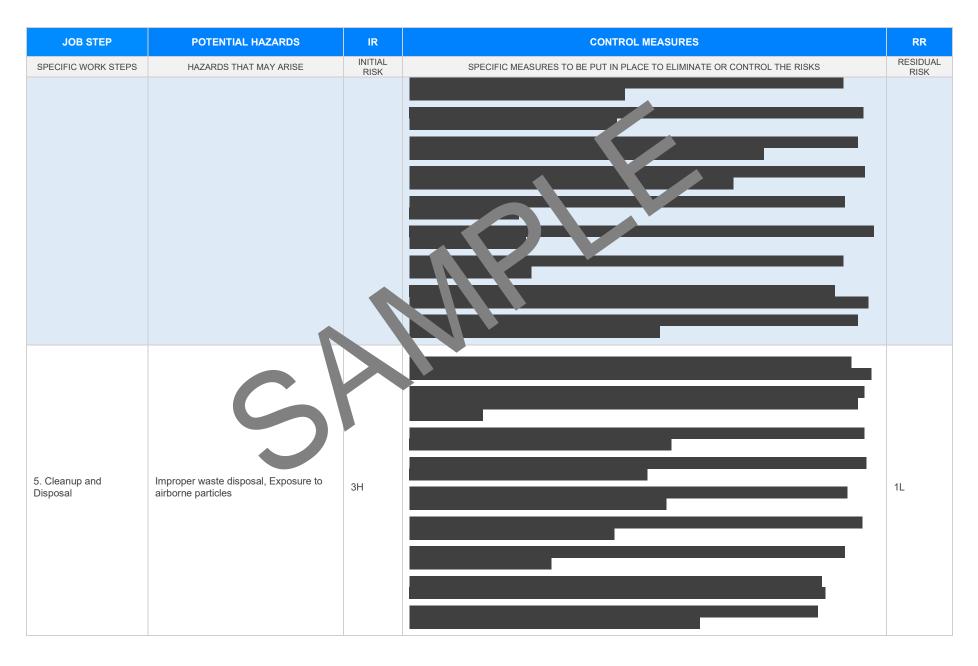
| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 1. Preparation | Airborne dust, Improper personal protective equipment (PPE) | ЗН | Conduct a risk assessment prior to communing work to identify potential sources of airborne dust and evaluate risks. Provide comprehensive training for all worker are using the hazards associated with airborne dust and the proper use of PPE. Use water suppression methans or dust extraction resters where feasible to minimise dust generation during work activities. Ensure the avanuality an use on propriate replicatory protective equipment (RPE) such as P2 masks or respiratories the intensity standards. Implement administratic controls such as limiting the number of workers exposed to high dust areas and number of exposure. Estate share clusion on of exposure. Estate share clusion on of exposure. Schedut work activities that produce dust at times when fewer people are present on-site to reduce over all exposure limits and the adjustments as necessary. Monitor equality regularly to ensure that dust levels remain below occupational exposure limits and the adjustments as necessary. Regularly maintain and service equipment and tools to prevent excess dust emission due to malfunction or wear. Develop emergency procedures for dealing with incidents involving excessive dust release, ensuring all workers are familiar with the protocols. | 2М |
| 2. Site Setup | Poor ventilation, Lack of dust control measures | ЗН | Conduct a thorough site assessment to identify dust sources and ventilation needs prior to starting work. Implement local exhaust ventilation systems to capture dust at the source. Ensure all mechanical ventilation systems are adequately maintained and in good working order. Use water suppression techniques to minimise the generation of airborne dust. Install temporary barriers or walls to contain dust within specific areas. Provide air monitoring to track dust levels and ensure they remain below the permissible exposure limits. Establish a regular cleaning schedule for surfaces to prevent dust accumulation. Restrict access to high dust areas by using signage and barriers to designate no-entry zones. Regularly inspect and clean HVAC filters to maintain airflow and prevent dust circulation. Require workers to wear appropriate personal protective equipment, such as P2 respirators, when necessary. Train employees on best practices for dust control and the importance of maintaining good ventilation. | 2M |

Date of Issue:

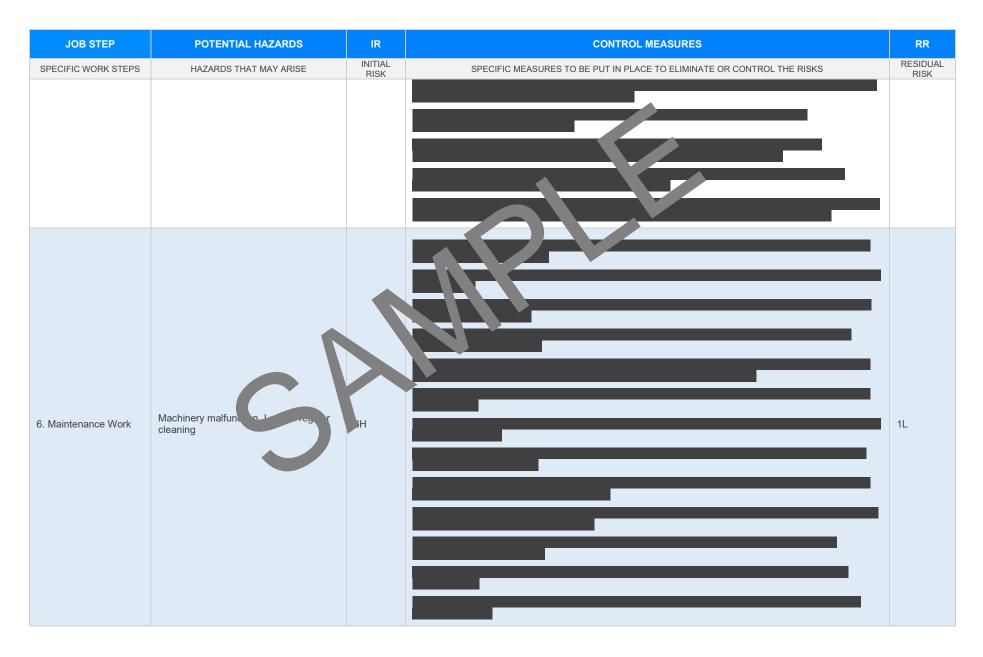


| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | - Position equipment and workstations strategically to take advantage of natural airflows. | |
| | | | - Develop an emergency response plan for situations where dust levels become hazardous. | |
| 3. Dust Generation | Inadequate respiratory protection, Long duration of exposure | 4A | Select and provide appropriate respiratory ontective equipment (RPE) that meets Australian safety standards. Conduct regular training sessions for all work as none correct use, fit, and maintenance of RPE. Implement a fit-testing program to ensure each orker's RPE or properly and provides adequate protection. Limit the duration of a system to ensure each orker's RPE or properly and provides adequate environments. Use local exclusive ventilation system to ensure and contain airborne dust at the source. Applicater stores or techniques to reduce dust generation during activities such as cutting or grinding. Enclose doe-generating processes with barriers or covers to minimise airborne dispersion. Regulary inspect and valintain machinery and equipment to ensure they are operating effectively and faily to induce use temissions. Instantialitration systems in indoor work areas to remove dust particles from the environment. Stablish clear work procedures and protocols for high-risk tasks to ensure consistent application of cursol measures. Display warning signage in areas where dust exposure is significant to alert workers and visitors. Provide health surveillance and regular medical check-ups for workers regularly exposed to dust. Develop an emergency response plan for incidents involving accidental high exposure to dust. Monitor the workplace atmosphere using dust monitoring equipment to ensure concentrations remain within safe limits. | 2М |
| 4. Dust Inhalation | Insufficient rest periods, High levels of physical exertiveness | 4A | | 2M |









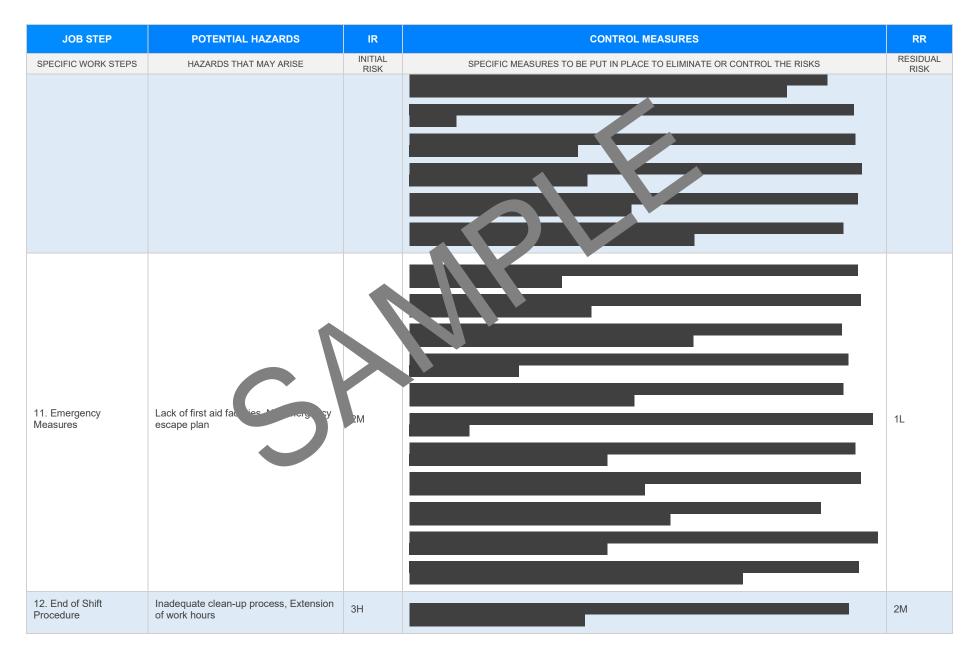


| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|----------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 7. Machine Operation | Working without adequate training, No regular machinery maintenance | ЗН | | 2M |
| 8. Breaks | High temperatures, Prolonged exposure to dusty environment | 3Н | | 1L |



| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|--|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| . Personal Hygiene | Failure to remove contaminated clothin, Lack of hand washing facilities | | | 2M |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 0. Equipment Storage contaminated items | Improper storage causing dust accumulation, Not separating contaminated items | 2M | | 1L |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |







| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| 13. Regular Inspections | Ignoring regular checks, Inaccessibility of inspection sites | ЗН | | 1L |

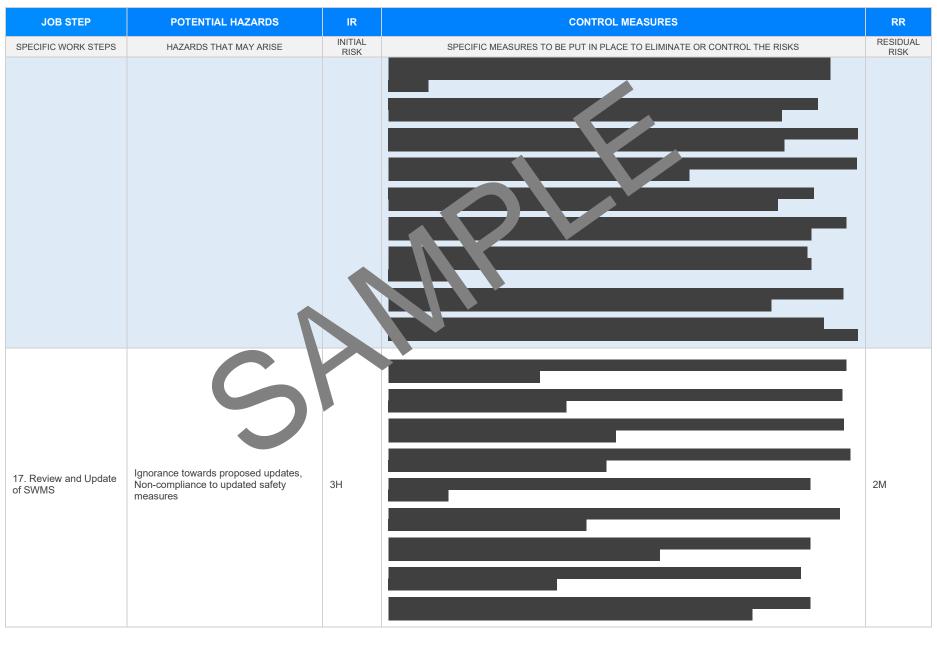






| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 15. Field Supervision | Lax supervision, Absence during key operations | ЗН | | 2M |
| 16. Debrief and Evaluation | Inadequate sharing of best practices, Lack of feedback mechanism | 2M | | 1L |







| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| 18. Documentation and Record Keeping | Loss of documents, Failure to update records timely | 2M | | 1L |
| 19. Dissemination of Information | Poor communication channels, Misinterpretation of messages | 2M | | 1L |









| JOB STEP | POTENTIAL HAZARDS | IR | CONTROL MEASURES | RR |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|
| SPECIFIC WORK STEPS | HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE | INITIAL RISK | SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS | RESIDUAL RISK |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | S | | | |



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

| LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE | | | | | |
| Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice | Victoria Occupational Health an Safety Act 2004 Occupational Health and Infetty orgulations 2017 Legis from VIC: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations Codes on Practice VICountps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice | | | | |
| New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati | Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u> | | | | |
| Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2015 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-servelaws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/formations/second-se</u> | Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> | | | | |
| South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u> Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 | Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes - First aid in the workplace - Managing the risk of falls at workplaces - Hazardous manual tasks - Managing the risk of falls in housing construction | | | | |
| Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</u> Codes of Practice for TAS: <u>https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): | Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks | | | | |
| Permits from local council Authorisation to commence work Any required documents. | - Managing risks of plant in the workplace - Construction work | | | | |



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and gualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

| Worker Name | Signature | Date |
|-------------|-----------|------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

SAFE WORK N THE ST ATEM ANT MONITORING AND REVIEW

d must reviewed (and

hav be sted by the operation

should be carried out in

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains fective revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The viewn consultation with workers (including contractors htractors Vb of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can acces he revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a region of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties antly with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies. followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

| REVIEW NUMBER | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NAME | | | | | | | |
| INITIALS | | | | | | | |
| DATE | | | | | | | |



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

| ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS | COMPLETED | COMMENTS | |
|---|----------------|----------|--|
| | | | |
| The company details have been entered, including the project name and address. | | | |
| All relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS. | | | |
| Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS. | | | |
| Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS. | | | |
| Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task. | | | |
| Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed. | \boxtimes | | |
| Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step. | \boxtimes | | |
| Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMs | \boxtimes | | |
| SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) column mpleted. | \boxtimes | | |
| Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective selection | \boxtimes | | |
| Responsible person is assigned and listed on the property of the importation control measures. | \boxtimes | | |
| Permit or licenses requirements specified, su as Hot Work, Electric Work, Work at Heights etc. | \boxtimes | | |
| SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be use | \boxtimes | | |
| Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed protection on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | | |
| Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, and g or skills required to perform the work. | \boxtimes | | |
| Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS. | \boxtimes | | |
| Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards. | \boxtimes | | |
| Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS. | \boxtimes | | |
| | | | |
| REVIEWED BY | DATE REVIEWED | | |
| SIGNATURE | DATE COMPLETED | | |